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City of Edmonton Engineering Services Integrated Infrastructure Services 11004 190 Street NW Edmonton, AB T5S 0G9 ISSUED FOR USE FILE: ENG.EGE003422-01.012 Via Email: paul.lach@edmonton.ca

Attention: Dr. Paul R. Lach, Ph.D., P.Eng.

Subject: Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

North Shore Promenade

River Bank between Walterdale Bridge and Groat Road Bridge, Edmonton, Alberta

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Tetra Tech Canada Inc. (Tetra Tech) was retained by the City of Edmonton (COE) to provide geotechnical engineering services for the Touch The Water Promenade (TTWP) and North Shore Promenade (NSP) projects. The Request for Proposal (RFP) for the geotechnical services of TTWP and NSP was received from the COE on August 30, 2018. The detailed scope of services was described in a proposal issued on September 19, 2018 (Reference No. PENG.EGE003422-01) in response to the RFP from COE. Authorization to proceed with this work was provided on October 31, 2018 by Dr. Paul Lach, P.Eng. of COE under Reference Code C#4000003242 Line # 1 and 2.

As part of the work scope of the initial stage, Tetra Tech conducted a preliminary geotechnical assessment for the project areas. The work included a review of existing available borehole data, published geological information, historical aerial photographs, and records of existing structures relevant to the geotechnical aspects of the site, site reconnaissance and the preparation of this preliminary geotechnical assessment report. The objective of the preliminary geotechnical report is to summarize the collected relevant information, interpret the geological setting, and identify the geotechnical constraints and hazards.

This report presents the findings of Tetra Tech's preliminary geotechnical assessment for the NSP area and is subject to the limitations on the use of this report attached in Appendix A. The preliminary geotechnical assessment report for the TTWP is provided separately.

Figure 1 shows the study area and the proposed locations of the TTWP and NSP Projects at the time of the proposal. Based on direction from the COE, two retaining walls located north of River Valley Road between the High Level Bridge and the Legislature Power Plant should be added to the NSP Project. The additional area where these two retaining walls are located is shown on Figure 1.

2.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

The NSP Project aims to create an iconic public space along the north shore of the river bank of the North Saskatchewan River, between the Walterdale Bridge and about 250 m west of Groat Road Bridge in Edmonton, Alberta. Based on information provided by the COE, the NSP project limits consist of a narrow strip of land between the top of the river bank where an existing paved walking trail is located and the toe of the river bank at the river level. The total length of the NSP area is approximately 2.9 km.

The west end of the area is at the west side of the existing Groat Road Bridge which is undergoing rehabilitation works. The east end of the project area is connected to the newly constructed trail at the north abutment of the Walterdale Bridge. The area north of the existing trail is bounded by the existing River Valley Road. The project area is bounded by the North Saskatchewan River along the south side. The exposed shoreline area will change at different times of the year based on the variable water level and flow in the river.

Preliminary information available from the COE shows that the promenade may include terraces, walkways and viewing decks within the proposed site area.

A meeting was held with the COE, the design team and Tetra Tech on July 29, 2019 to discuss the preliminary geotechnical issues and concerns of the TTWP and NSP projects. Based on these discussions, it is understood the design team and the COE are still at the early stage of the design development. The locations of the proposed walkways and viewing decks are yet to be determined and will go through public consultations in early 2020. Tetra Tech was requested to proceed with the preliminary geotechnical assessment report without specific details of the proposed developments.

3.0 DESKTOP STUDY

Tetra Tech has conducted a detailed desktop review of the existing available borehole data, current and historical aerial photographs, LIDAR survey and published geological maps. The following sections summarize the findings from the desktop study for the NSP area.

3.1 Geological Review

Tetra Tech conducted a search of published geological maps for the site area. A publication titled Urban Geology of Edmonton prepared by C.P. Kathol and R.A McPherson, under Bulletin 32 of the Alberta Research Council, dated 1975, provided a variety of surficial and bedrock information.

Based on Surficial Geological Map of Edmonton (Figure 23 of Bulletin 32), the surficial geology near the west end of the project area, around the Groat Road Bridge, and near the east end of the project area, west of Walterdale Bridge, is described as gully, creek valley and scarp materials, which consist of thin colluvium, thin alluvium, and mixed glacial and bedrock materials. The central portion of the project area is mainly river terrace deposits comprising alluvial gravel, sand and silt from the North Saskatchewan River. The Geological Section No.15 on Figure 26 of Bulletin 32 crosses the project area and the stratigraphy indicates approximately 6 m of alluvium originating from river terrace and flood plain deposits consisting of clay, silt and gravel, underlain by bedrock.

According to the Bedrock Topography Map on Figure 20 of Bulletin 32, the top of the bedrock near the project area is at an approximate elevation of 616 m. The bedrock is part of the Edmonton Formation which consists of interbedded bentonitic shales and sandstones with numerous coal seams.

3.2 Aerial Photo Review

Aerial photographs of varying scales were obtained from the COE library spanning a period from 1978 to 2009 at an approximate interval of 10 years. The last aerial photograph is at a scale of 1:20,000 and was taken in 2014.

The aerial photographs are presented on Figures 3 to 7, appended to this report.

The primary purpose of reviewing the aerial photographs was to determine locations of any discernible river bank instabilities, caused by either construction or erosion of the shoreline.

The following key points have been identified from the review:



- For the portion of the North Saskatchewan River where the proposed NSP project is located, the flow in the river is generally from west to east. The shoreline near the Groat Road bridge is located on the outside bend of the river and more susceptible to river erosion impacts. The shoreline from Victoria Golf course to Royal Glenora Club is a moderate inside bend and deposition of river deposits has occurred along the toe of the bank slope leading to shallow deposits and formation of a sand bar that are apparent on aerial photographs. From Royal Glenora Club to the Walterdale Bridge, the river bank is on a gradual outside bend and deposition along the shoreline for this portion is apparently less;
- The aerial photographs showed changes between 1978 and 1982 for the Government House Park area west of the Groat Road Bridge and the Groat Road Bridge North Abutment, and through to 1997. This area was also the east end of the MacKinnon Ravine Freeway development project which began in late 1960's with tree clearing within the MacKinnon Ravine. Fill was end dumped off the river bank as part of the earthworks for the freeway. However, the MacKinnon Freeway development project was terminated in early 1970's. The freeway was never built, and the area has become a multi-use trail and park area;
- The multi-use trail along River Valley Road east of Groat Road Bridge extended to the entrance of Victoria Park Golf Course by 1978, and was linked to the MacKinnon Ravine trail commencing from Government House Park as mentioned above between 1982 and 1997;
- The outfall locations as presented on Figure 2 are not readily visible from the aerial photographs except for what appears to be evidence of significant discharge near Outfall #175 and #176 in 1978;
- Erosion mitigation using rip rap protection is evident in the 2014 aerial photograph near Outfall #33;
- Localized bank erosion downstream from outfall locations can be expected during significant discharge events;
- Works for the construction of the new Walterdale Bridge began in 2013 and are evident in the 2014 photograph, and:
- There are currently ongoing construction changes as part of the Groat Road Bridge Rehabilitation Project.
 Observations made during site reconnaissance are presented in Section 5.0 of this report.

3.3 Existing Report Review

Tetra Tech reviewed 35 reports obtained from the COE Engineering Services Library, adjacent to the NSP subject site. Many of these reports either did not contain boreholes, had illegible site plans and/or no coordinate or borehole location information, and many were significantly north of the Top of Bank (TOB). Seven reports provided both site plans and relevant geotechnical boreholes close to the TOB and for the additional area east of the High Level Bridge.

The above noted seven reports are listed on Table 1, appended to this report, and excerpts from these reports have also been presented in Appendix B. The project locations and associated boreholes are shown on Figure 8. Several other reports utilize this information, and a full list of the 35 reports is shown in Table 2, appended to this report.

In general, the subsurface conditions from TOB consist of fills underlain by fluvial deposits, overlying bedrock of the Edmonton Formation. The thickness of the fills and fluvial deposits typically range between 1 m and 7 m, and the bedrock is expected to be encountered below these surficial deposits at an approximate elevation of 616 m (with variance of a couple metres based on the boreholes closest to the TOB). Top of bedrock generally increases in elevation based on boreholes north of River Valley Road and east of the High Level Bridge. The subsurface conditions described in the previous applicable seven reports are summarized below. All depths are in metres below existing ground surface on the terrace lands unless stated otherwise.



3.3.1 Project Number 931-36-16-01 322 (Borehole T85-N4, N5, N7 and R1)

This geotechnical report was completed in 1985 for the South Light Rail Transit (SLRT) Extension Phase II project. The following borehole information near the river bank was extracted and would be relevant at corresponding locations near the existing SLRT Bridge.

Borehole T85-N4 was drilled at the TOB and indicated a clay fill layer extending to 1.8 m overlied sand and silt to approximately 11.6 m (elevation 613.1 m), underlain by very weak bedrock to the termination depth of 24 m. The bedrock comprised claystone interbedded with sandstone, siltstone and bentonitic layers. A 200 mm thick bentonite layer was encountered at approximately 605.9 m.

Groundwater was recorded at 12.6 m within the bedrock and is approximated to be at an elevation of 612.1 m.

Borehole T85-R1 was drilled near river level and indicated bedrock at an elevation of 612 m underlying a 2 m thick gravel layer.

Based on the request to include the retaining walls north of the River Valley Road east of the High Level Bridge, T85-N5 and T85-N7 had also been included in Appendix B and Figure 8.

Borehole T85-N5 was located close mid-height of the slope between River Valley Road and Fortway Drive. The borehole log indicated fill to approximately 3 m below grade (elevation of 620.2 m), underlain by clay, silt, and clay till to an approximate elevation of 617.5 m where it encountered claystone bedrock. The borehole was terminated at 10.4 m below grade.

Borehole T85-N7 was located close to Fortway Drive and indicated clay fill from ground surface to 7 m below grade. The clay fill was underlain by claystone. The borehole was terminated at 21 m. Ground elevation was not provided for this borehole.

3.3.2 Project Number 931-36-16-18 1816 (Borehole 87-1 to 87-5)

This geotechnical investigation report was completed in 1987 for a portion of the River Valley Road between High Level Bridge and 105 Street. These boreholes were drilled east of the High Level Bridge, north of the River Valley Road, south of Fortway Drive, and on the east side and west side of the Legislature Power Plant. Surficial deposits comprising fill, clay, sand and gravel are encountered from surface to depths between 1.5 m and 5 m. Bedrock was encountered from an approximate elevation between 631 and 635 m. Groundwater level readings taken a month after drilling completion varied between elevations of 629 m and 623 m. Original ground varied between elevations 638 m and 634 m along the roadway alignment. No recovery zones were encountered in all boreholes at elevation between 626 m to 633 m. Slope inclinometers were installed in Boreholes 87-2, 87-4 and 87-5. The report also provided information for existing inclinometers and past instability at an area approximately 50 m east of the High Level Bridge and south of Fortway Drive (Inclinometer TILT115). Some of the existing monitoring readings indicated movements occurred at approximately 8.8 m below grade.

3.3.3 Project Number 931-36-16-24 6141 (Borehole 10-01)

This report was completed in 2011 for a slope Inclinometer installation on Fortway Drive east of the High Level Bridge. This borehole was drilled on Fortway Drive, situated immediately east of the High Level Bridge to replace an existing inclinometer (SI110) that was destroyed. Previous inclinometer readings indicated movement at approximately 5 m below existing grade. The ground elevation of Borehole 10-01 was 642.6 m, which was about 15 m above River Valley Road. Clay fill underlying asphalt extended to approximately 3.5 m (or elevation of 639 m). Bedrock from the Edmonton Formation underlies the fill, and extended to the termination depth of the borehole of 21.4 m (elevation 621.2 m).

3.3.4 Project Number 934-32-02-23 5585 (Borehole 09-11 to 09-13)

The geotechnical report was completed for the Government House Park in 2010 located west of Groat Road and Groat Road Bridge North Abutment. The boreholes located near the river bank encountered topsoil or asphalt at the surface, underlain by surficial fill (clay and/or gravel) that extended up to a depth of 2.1 m. The fill was underlain by native clay, silt and sand, overlying hard clay shale bedrock. The bedrock was encountered at depths of 6.7 m to 7.0 m (at an approximate elevation of 618.2 m to 619.7 m). Groundwater was noted at 617 m to 619.8 m near the top of the bedrock.

3.3.5 Project Number 934-32-02-57 8838 (Borehole 16-2)

This is a 2017 report for the Groat Road Bridge Rehabilitation Project. Although it was an Environmental Impact Assessment, it was appended with a geotechnical investigation report completed in 2016. Borehole 16-2 is located immediately east of the Groat Road Bridge North Abutment. Topsoil was encountered at surface, underlain by clay extended to an approximate elevation of 620.2 m, which overlied gravel to 615 m. Bedrock which underlied the gravel was described as very hard, and the groundwater level was measured at an elevation of 618 m, approximately one month after completion of drilling.

3.3.6 Project Number 931-36-16-02 367 (Borehole T88-N25 and T88-N26)

This is a monitoring report for the SLRT Phase II completed in 1992. Two additional inclinometers were found in this report east of the existing SLRT Bridge, north of River Valley Road and south of Fortway Drive which is close to the additional area requested by COE. In Borehole T88-N25, gravel fill was encountered at surface underlain by sand that extended to an approximate elevation of 614.9 m, where claystone bedrock was encountered. The borehole was terminated at 32 m below grade. An inclinometer was installed in this borehole. In Borehole T88-N26, clay fill was encountered at the ground surface and was underlain by sand to about 615.0 m. Sand was underlain by clay till to 614.4 m where siltstone bedrock was encountered. Borehole was terminated at 24.6 m below grade. Thin bentonite seam was encountered approximately at elevation of 612.6 m. A vibrating wire piezometer was installed in this borehole.

3.3.7 Project Number 19-598-370 (Borehole TH12-14)

This geotechnical investigation was completed in 2013 for the Walterdale Bridge Replacement Project. One borehole located west of the north abutment of the new Walterdale Bridge Project was found relevant to the NSP Project. Topsoil and clay fill was encountered from the surface to an approximate elevation of 625.4 m, overlying silt fill to elevation of 624.6 m, overlying silt to 618.1 m, and gravel and sand with some clay to 616.3 m. Clay shale was encountered at 616.3 m, with occasional sandstone layers, to the termination depth of the borehole at 603.2 m. Groundwater was recorded at elevation 616 m, measured approximately one month after drilling completion.

3.4 Existing Timber Retaining Wall West of Legislature Power Plant

In addition to the reports described in Section 3.3, photo records of a timber retaining wall (or timber parapet wall) located west of the Legislature Power Plant provided by COE are also presented in Appendix B. Based on the photo records, the timber retaining wall height was highest in the middle and lower at the east and west ends. The wall height varied from 0.5 m to 1.4 m above the trail elevation. Since the top of the wall was higher than the soil retained behind, the maximum retained soil height was in the order of 0.3 m to 0.8 m. The depth of embedment and foundation type were unknown.

Based on observations made by COE in 2017, the wall appeared to be a timber retaining wall structure. The portion of the wall exposed above grade appeared to be in relatively good condition, other than a pronounced lean of the



wall to the south. No advanced rot or broken timbers were observed at the time of the site inspection. The eastern and western ends showed very little lean. The major lean was situated in the middle portion of the wall. There were signs of accumulated run off and snow retention behind the wall that might have contributed to the leaning. According to COE, existing geotechnical instrumentations located approximately 50 m west and 150 m east of the wall had showed signs of a deep-seated instability in the past, but had not exhibited further movement since approximately 1996 to 2000. Based on field review, the portion of the slope behind the wall might have exhibited a slow and shallow creep movement. In general, the wall condition appeared to be in a usable state but should be reviewed and confirmed by a structural engineer. Long-term maintenance and/or visual inspection were recommended.

4.0 SUBSURFACE DATA GAP

Figure 8 shows the locations of existing boreholes from the seven applicable previous reports discussed in Section 3.3.

Tetra Tech conducted a geotechnical investigation at the Royal Glenora Club in 2008. The locations of the three boreholes are also shown on Figure 8. Based on these boreholes, in general the bedrock was encountered at an elevation from 615 m, underlying clay and silt from surface. Groundwater level measurements were recorded at elevations ranging from 612 m to 617 m.

Tetra Tech double checked the reports available from COE Engineering Services Library and confirmed that there was no additional monitoring stations found between Groat Road Bridge and LRT Bridge along the TOB in the existing reports or observed on site.

The most significant investigative data gap identified was the lack of geotechnical information along the TOB between Groat Road Bridge and the LRT Bridge, and along the shoreline for the entire NSP project extent. There is no current access route to allow drilling equipment to reach or work on the shoreline. However, the locations of the geotechnical investigations and the required access will depend on the types and locations of the promenade structures proposed by the project team. If drilling close to the shoreline is required, cut lines or benches may be formed to allow cleared paths or work areas to locations closer to the river. The locations of these cut lines and benches may coincide with the future accesses to the proposed promenade structures to minimize disturbance to the existing river bank slope and existing trees.

If drilling along the river's edge is considered critical, another option would involve drilling in the winter and include constructing an ice bridge at Emily Murphy Park near the south abutment of the Groat Road bridge. This would allow the drill to traverse the river and then travel along the river's edge supported by grounded shore ice.

Access to and drilling at the edge of the river would be difficult and very costly. The most cost effective approach at this stage would be to drill boreholes near the TOB. This will involve some cutting of trees, however, it is likely that the stratigraphy at the TOB and river edge will not vary greatly.

5.0 SITE RECONNAISSANCE

Tetra Tech conducted a site reconnaissance of the TTWP project area on November 14, 2018. During the site visit, the weather conditions were partly cloudy and -1 °C in the morning and 1 °C in the afternoon. Most of the ground surface was clear, although some of the ground surface was lightly covered by snow. The following summarized the key observations made during the site reconnaissance:

There are outfalls at various locations along the project area. According to a drawing provided by COE, there
should be 15 outfalls along the riverbank between Groat Road Bridge and Walterdale Bridge. During the site
visit, some of the outlet pipes of the outfalls were visible but some were not. The position outlet points of the



outfalls varied and some of them were at mid-height of the river bank slope as shown on Photo 1. Gullies and eroded channels were formed below the outlet pipes on the river bank slope surface (Photo 2). The exception is Outfall No. 33 which is located about 280 m west of the High Level Bridge. The area downstream of the pipe at Outfall No. 33 was protected by riprap (Photo 3);

- The first northern pier of Groat Road Bridge was located at the slope toe of the river bank slope (Photo 4). The
 bridge structure spanned over the multiuse trail and River Valley Road, and was supported on the north
 abutment of the Groat Road Bridge. At the time of the site visit, construction work for a rehabilitation project of
 Groat Road Bridge and River Valley Road was in progress;
- On the east side of the Groat Road Bridge, the existing multi-use trail was supported on a gabion wall. The
 gabion wall was located near the top of the river bank slope and was covered in heavy vegetation (Photo 5).
 The length and dimensions of the gabion wall were uncertain, and the wall was estimated to be approximately
 1.5 m high and 100 m in length;
- There were four existing viewing areas along the multi-use trail at the top of the river bank slope at approximately 190 m, 240 m, 280 m and 320 m east of the Groat Road Bridge. These viewing areas were generally level graded surfaces at the approximate elevation of the multi-use trail (Photos 6 and 7). The river bank slope supporting or immediately next to the viewing areas was relatively steep locally and was estimated to be around 1 Horizontal to 1 Vertical (i.e. 1H:1V) as shown on Photo 8.
- In general, the river bank slope angle between Groat Road Bridge to Walterdale Bridge varied between approximately 2H:1V and 3H:1V;
- At various locations along the river bank slope from about 100 m east of Groat Road Bridge North Abutment to approximately the access road of Victoria Golf Course, large blocks of broken concrete were observed at mid-slope (Photos 9 and 10). Large blocks of concrete were observed close to river level from east of High Level Bridge to about 105 Street and were likely used as erosion protection (Photos 11, 12 and 13). Other portions of the river bank slope that were heavily vegetated and not accessible at the time during site reconnaissance may also have large blocks of broken concrete on the slope surface;
- Towards the east side of the project limits and about 720 m west of the Walterdale Bridge, there is a Light Rail
 Transit (LRT) bridge across the North Saskatchewan River. The LRT bridge pier was located on the river bank
 slope. Adjacent to this LRT bridge pier was a spiral ramp leading to the footbridge underneath the LRT bridge.
 The spiral ramp structure was supported on multiple piers (Photos 14 and 15);
- About 70 m east of the LRT Bridge is the High Level Bridge. The bridge pier of the High Level Bridge was located near the top of the river bank slope (Photo 16). A concrete retaining wall is located at the toe of the slope between River Valley Road and Fortway Drive as shown on Photo 16 immediately east of High Level Bridge. The maximum wall height of this retaining wall is about 4 m. The west end of the retaining wall is below the High Level Bridge and the east end of the retaining wall is about 100 m east of the High Level Bridge. The existing report mentioned in Section 3.3.2 (Project no. 931-36-16-18 1816) recommended a pile wall with tie-back anchors near this location;
- At the east end of the project area, the existing paved trail connects to the newly constructed retaining wall and trail of the Walterdale Bridge (Photo 17). The retaining wall was approximately 2 m in height. The headslope of the Walterdale Bridge North Abutment was protected with rip rap armouring (Photo 18), and;
- Evidence of a major slope failure was not observed during the site visit. Minor cracks were observed on the
 paved trails occasionally that may be associated with creep slope movement. Active erosion was observed
 along the river bank slopes at several locations with exposed tree roots as shown in Photo 19.

6.0 GEOHAZARDS AND CONCERNS

Based on the information collected in this preliminary geotechnical assessment report, the following potential geohazards and concerns have been identified at the NSP project area. These geohazards and concerns may not



become a significantly adverse issue for the project depending on the final locations and extents of the proposed developments.

- At the west end of the project area, any new development must take into account or be integrated with the
 existing pier of the Groat Road Bridge. The proposed foundations of the promenade should not affect or be
 affected by the existing foundation, based on a geotechnical evaluation
- At the Groat Road Bridge, the updated records of the ongoing road and bridge rehabilitation works should be reviewed and evaluated as existing structures may have been altered due to the rehabilitation works.
- If the existing gabion wall east of Groat Road Bridge is to remain after the rehabilitation works, and it is part of
 the promenade development, then a geotechnical evaluation should be conducted to investigate the area and
 to check for stability. Potentially, upgrading work or stabilization work might be required as part of the NSP
 development.
- The steep slopes below the existing viewing areas should be investigated and checked for stability and stabilization requirements.
- If fill construction is proposed along the toe of the riverbank, some form of stabilization such as geogrid
 reinforcement supplemented by erosion protection measures, such as rip rap armouring, will be required to
 provide stability and erosion protection.
- The proposed foundation of the promenade must not affect or be affected by the existing piers and associated headslope area of the LRT Bridge, ramp structure of the existing pedestrian footbridge, and the High Level Bridge, based on a geotechnical evaluation.
- If the proposed development requires new structures to be constructed along the river bank slope crest or slope toe, additional geotechnical investigation should be conducted to obtain geotechnical design parameters. Currently, there is no access to the river bank slope toe for drilling rigs and there is no work area along the river bank slope toe. Depending on the type and location of the proposed promenade structures, drilling from the top of the bank to obtain geotechnical information for deep foundation design may potentially be an alternative to forming cut lines on the existing river bank slope.
- Significant quantities of concrete blocks or fragments placed as part of historical bank erosion protection
 measures may obstruct future geotechnical investigations and any proposed development. The presence of
 these existing large pieces of concrete, including buried pieces, should be addressed in the construction
 contract. It will be important to recognize that this concrete debris is likely providing significant erosion protection
 for the existing riverbank and therefore would be of benefit to leave in place.
- If the bottom of the river bank along the project area is to be investigated, multiple access locations using cut lines or benches may be necessary to provide drill rig access to the slope toe or mid-slope areas. If these access locations can be planned such that they are at the same locations of the future public access routes to the new development at river level, it would reduce the amount of tree clearing and disturbance to the river bank. All of these investigative requirements are an important consideration for future geotechnical work and must be evaluated based on information to be provided concerning the proposed development.
- Eroded slope surfaces and unstable slopes along the river bank should be reviewed to determine whether slope stabilization works are required to improve public safety if the new development is to provide public access to the slope toe area at the river level.
- Many portions of the lower slopes are eroded with very steep or almost vertical slopes. Construction of a trail
 near the river level will result in excavation of the river bank that will likely require some type of stabilization
 measures (such as soil nails or anchors) above the proposed trail.
- Unstable trees, impacted by river erosion, may require removal as part of the permanent design if they are close to the proposed promenade due to public safety.



- Where existing outfall structures discharge on the middle or upper portion of the river bank, these outlets may
 need to be extended down to river level. For outfalls that exit close to river level, it would be advisable to raise
 the elevation of the promenade to be founded above the outfalls. Additional erosion protection and stabilization
 measures may be required where development is planned near the outfall locations.
- The new NSP development design must not adversely affect the stability of the newly constructed headslope, retaining wall and abutment foundations of the Walterdale Bridge, based on a geotechnical evaluation.
- The slope area east of the High Level Bridge, west of the Legislature Power Plant, north of the River Valley Road currently and south of Fortway Drive has two existing retaining walls where slope movement has occured in the past. The cause of the movement may be due to deep-seated failure along existing weak bentonite seams. If the NSP Project includes proposed structures on this slope surface, the design must incorporate and mitigate the short-term and long-term stability of the slope. Methods to integrate, modify or reconstruct the existing retaining walls may be needed.
- Existing fill was encountered in many of the existing boreholes. The extent and depths of the existing fill should be investigated based on the proposed promenade locations.

7.0 SUMMARY

Based on the review data and findings presented in this preliminary geotechnical assessment report, the proposed promenade development is considered geotechnically feasible provided that the geotechnical constraints and concerns presented in this report are appropriately addressed. These geotechnical constraints and concerns include bank slope stability, existing and proposed foundations and structures, long-term erosion, and presence of existing fill. Other factors that require further geotechnical investigation include deep seated instability and other unexpected obstructions. The detailed geotechnical investigations and evaluations should be based on the locations of the proposed promenade structures. At the time of this report, the proposed designs are still under development. Once the proposed design has been determined, a review of the locations and the types of geotechnical foundations required to support the proposed designs should be conducted and a geotechnical evaluation should be planned and implemented accordingly.

It is understood hydrogeology, archeology and environmental engineering support will be provided by the design team. It is expected that other hazards such as flood mitigation, presence of historic artifacts, former coal mines, past land use impacts and other environmental issues such as contaminations will be addressed by the design team.

8.0 LIMITATIONS OF REPORT

This report and its contents are intended for the sole use of The City of Edmonton and their agents. Tetra Tech Canada Inc. (Tetra Tech) does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy of any of the data, the analysis, or the recommendations contained or referenced in the report when the report is used or relied upon by any Party other than The City of Edmonton, or for any Project other than the proposed development at the subject site. Any such unauthorized use of this report is at the sole risk of the user. Use of this document is subject to the Limitations on the Use of this Document attached in the Appendix or Contractual Terms and Conditions executed by both parties.



9.0 CLOSURE

We trust this document meets your present requirements. If you have any questions or comments, please contact the undersigned.

Tetra Tech Canada Inc.

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TABLES

Table 1 Existing Reports as Presented on Figure 8

Table 2 List of Reviewed Reports





Table 1 - Existing Reports as presented on Figure 8

City of Edmonton Accession Number or Report Number	ssion Number Author Title		Date
931-36-16-01 322	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	td. South Light Rail Transit Extension Phase II, North River Bank to University Station, Subsurface Conditions from Station 301+070 to 302+560, Geotechnical Report No. 1, Volume 1 & Volume 2	
931-36-16-02 367	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit Extension - Phase II, North Valley Slope and Portal Area, Slope Stability and Monitoring Summary	
931-36-16-18 1816	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	River Valley Road Upgrading, Geotechnical Investigation	
934-32-02-23 5585	City of Edmonton, Engineering Services	Proposed Groat Surface Wetland Geotechnical Investigation Government House Park Southwest of Groat Road at Victoria Park Road	
931-36-16-24 6141	City of Edmonton, Engineering Services	Slope Inclinometer Installation - Fortway Drive near 109 Street, East of the High Level Bridge	
934-32-02-57 8838	Spencer Environmental Management Services Ltd	Groat Road Bridges Rehabilitation Project, Roadworks at Groat Road Interchange, Environmental Impact Assessment- Draft Report	March 2017
Thurber Report #: 19-598-370	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	Walterdale Bridge Replacement Edmonton, Alberta, Geotechnical Investigation	January 2013



Table 2 - List of Reviewed Reports

City of Edmonton Accession Number or Report Number	Author	r Title	
931-32-21-11 8503	EPCOR	EPCOR Distribution & Transmission Inc., River Valley Splice Repair	December 2014
931-36-16-01 322 Volume 1 & 2 *	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit Extension Phase II, North River Bank to University Station, Subsurface Conditions from Station 301+070 to 302+560, Geotechnical Report No. 1, Volume 1 & Volume 2	August 1985
931-36-16-02 367 *	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit Extension - Phase II, North Valley Slope and Portal Area, Slope Stability and Monitoring Summary	April 1992
931-36-16-03 2385	Kipen Gibbs Landscape Architects Ltd.	High Level Bridge Rehabilitation, Environmental Screening Report	September 1994
931-36-16-05 636	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit - Phase II Geotechnical Evaluation - North Portal, Geotechnical Report No. 8	April 1997
931-36-16-06 617	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	SLRT Extension - Phase II, North River Bank to University Station, North Valley Slope Stability Analysis Geotechnical Report No. 4	January 1996
931-36-16-07 616	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit Extension - Phase II North Valley Slope and Portal Area - Supplementary Geotechnical Evaluation	
931-36-16-08 1338	City of Edmonton, Materials & Testing	Slope Indicator / Standpipe Installation Fortway Drive December 1978, July 1979, September 1980, April 1983, November 1985	
931-36-16-09 1406	City of Edmonton, Materials & Testing	Subsoil Investigation of the River Road East of the High Level Bridge	
931-36-16-11 1583	R.M. Hardy & Associates Ltd.	Soils Report RE: Proposed Hill-Side Road, 97 Avenue and 110 Street to Riverside Road	May 1959



City of Edmonton Accession Number or Report Number Title		Date	
931-36-16-16 1802	City of Edmonton, Materials & Testing	Government Centre Generating Plant Seepage in Slope South	December 1974
931-36-16-17 1804	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	River Valley Road	July 1987
931-36-16-18 1816 *	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	River Valley Road Upgrading, Geotechnical Investigation	May 1987
931-36-16-19 1884	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	Fortway Drive Relocation, Stability Evaluation and Recommendations	August 1986
931-36-16-22 321	Hardy BBT Ltd.	Repairs to existing instability, 109 Street North of Walterdale Hill Road - Volume 1	
931-36-16-24 6141 *	City of Edmonton, Engineering Services	Slope Inclinometer Installation - Fortway Drive near 109 Street, East of the High Level Bridge	
931-36-16-33 6435	Stantec Consulting Ltd.	Outfall 33 Revitalization and Repair, Environmental Screening Report, Edmonton, Alberta	
931-36-16-34 6458	Stantec Consulting Ltd.	Outfall 33 Revitalization and Repair, Environmental Screening Report, Edmonton, Alberta	August 2011
931-36-16-37 6505	Stantec Consulting Ltd.	Outfall 33 Revitalization and Repair, Environmental Screening Report, Edmonton, Alberta (Revised)	
931-36-25-03 118	Hardy Associates (1978) Ltd.	Stage II Interim Geotechnical Report South LRT Extension Corona Station to the North Bank of the North Saskatchewan River	
931-36-25-09 5084	EBA Engineering Consultants Ltd.	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, 11160 River Valley Road, Blocks B and C, Plan 445MC, Edmonton, Alberta	September 2008



City of Edmonton Accession Number or Report Number	Author	Title	Date	
931-36-25-10 1613	Hardy Associates (1978) Ltd.	Interim Engineering Report for Large Diameter Hole (LDH-I) Investigation, 110 Street, South of 97 Avenue	March 1986	
931-36-25-11 5085	EBA Engineering Consultants Ltd.	Royal Glenora Club - Redevelopment Plan 2008, Environmental Screening Report	October 2008	
931-36-25-14 1764	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	SLRT Phase II, North Portal Instrumentation	January 1991	
931-36-25-15 1761	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit Extension Phase II North Tunnel Instrumentation and Monitoring, Grandin Station to Crossover Cavity, Instrumentation Report No. 2	July 1988	
931-36-25-20 1785	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	South Light Rail Transit (SLRT) - Phase II, North Portal Substation, Temporary/Permanent Retaining Wall (14-31-54)	August 1988	
931-36-25-23 1837	R.M. Hardy & Associates Ltd.	Soils Report, Proposed Hillside Road, 97 Avenue and 110 Street to Riverside Road		
934-32-02-14 1704	EBA Engineering Consultants Ltd.	Proposed Space Sciences Centre Government Hill Site, Edmonton, Alberta (Includes Addendum No. 1 of August 1981)		
934-32-02-23 5585 *	City of Edmonton, Engineering Services	Proposed Groat Surface Wetland Geotechnical Investigation Government House Park Southwest of Groat Road at Victoria Park Road		
934-32-02-42 7151	CT & Associates Engineering Inc.	Geotechnical Evaluation, Victoria Promenade, Shallow Slope Failure Rehabilitation, Viewpoint at 100 Avenue and 121 Street, Edmonton, Alberta	November 2012	
934-32-02-56 8837	Spencer Environmental Management Services Ltd.	Site Location Study for Groat Road Bridges Rehabilitation Project: Roadworks at Groat Road Interchange Draft Report	March 2017	



City of Edmonton Accession Number or Report Number	on Number Author Title		Date
934-32-02-57 8838 *	Spencer Environmental Management Services Ltd	Groat Road Bridges Rehabilitation Project, Roadworks at Groat Road Interchange, Environmental Impact Assessment- Draft Report	March 2017
934-32-02-59 8983	Spencer Environmental Management Services Ltd.	Groat Road Bridges Rehabilitation Project: Groat Road Bridge over North Saskatchewan River (B059), Groat Road Bridge over Victoria Park Road (B060) and Emily Murphy Park Road Bridge over Groat Road (B099) Environmental Impact Assessment- Draft Report	April 2017
934-32-02-61 9294	CT & Associates Engineering Inc.	DIGITAL COPY ONLY: Geotechnical Investigation, Victoria Golf Course Renewal, 12030 River Valley Road NW, Edmonton, Alberta	April 2018
Thurber File #: 19-598-370 *	Thurber Consultants Ltd.	Walterdale Bridge Replacement Edmonton, Alberta, Geotechnical Investigation	January 2013

Note: * One of the seven reports summarized in Section 3.3, Table 1, and Figure 8

FIGURES

Figure 1	Site Location Plan
Figure 2	NSP Outfall location
Figure 3	Aerial Photograph 1978
Figure 4	Aerial Photograph 1982
Figure 5	Aerial Photograph 1997
Figure 6	Aerial Photograph 2009
Figure 7	Aerial Photograph 2014
Figure 8	Existing Borehole Locations for NSP





NOTE:

1. THE ABOVE LAYOUT PLAN WAS EXTRACTED FROM CITY OF EDMONTON WEB SITE.

2. ADDITIONAL AREA TO BE INCLUDED FOR NORTH SHORE PROMENADE BASED ON EMAIL ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2019

CLIENT:

CITY OF EDMONTON

TOUCH THE WATER AND NORTH SHORE PROMENADE PROJECT, EDMONTON, AB

SITE LOCATION PLAN



PROJECT: ENG.EGE003422-01	DGN:	RVW: TR	PMT:	REV:
OFFICE:	DATE:	050751	4DED 004	
EDMONTON	EDMONTON SEPTEMBER 2019			

FIGURE 1

Edmonton

TETRA TECH

OUTFALL LOCATIONS

Figure 2

DBD

August 2019

PROJECT NO.

OFFICE



O-OUTFALL LOCATION

Scale: 1: 7 500

(Approximate)

BASE IMAGE IS TAKEN FROM GOOGLE EARTH IMAGERY YEAR: AUGUST 2017



From City of Edmonton Library

NOTES

Edmonton

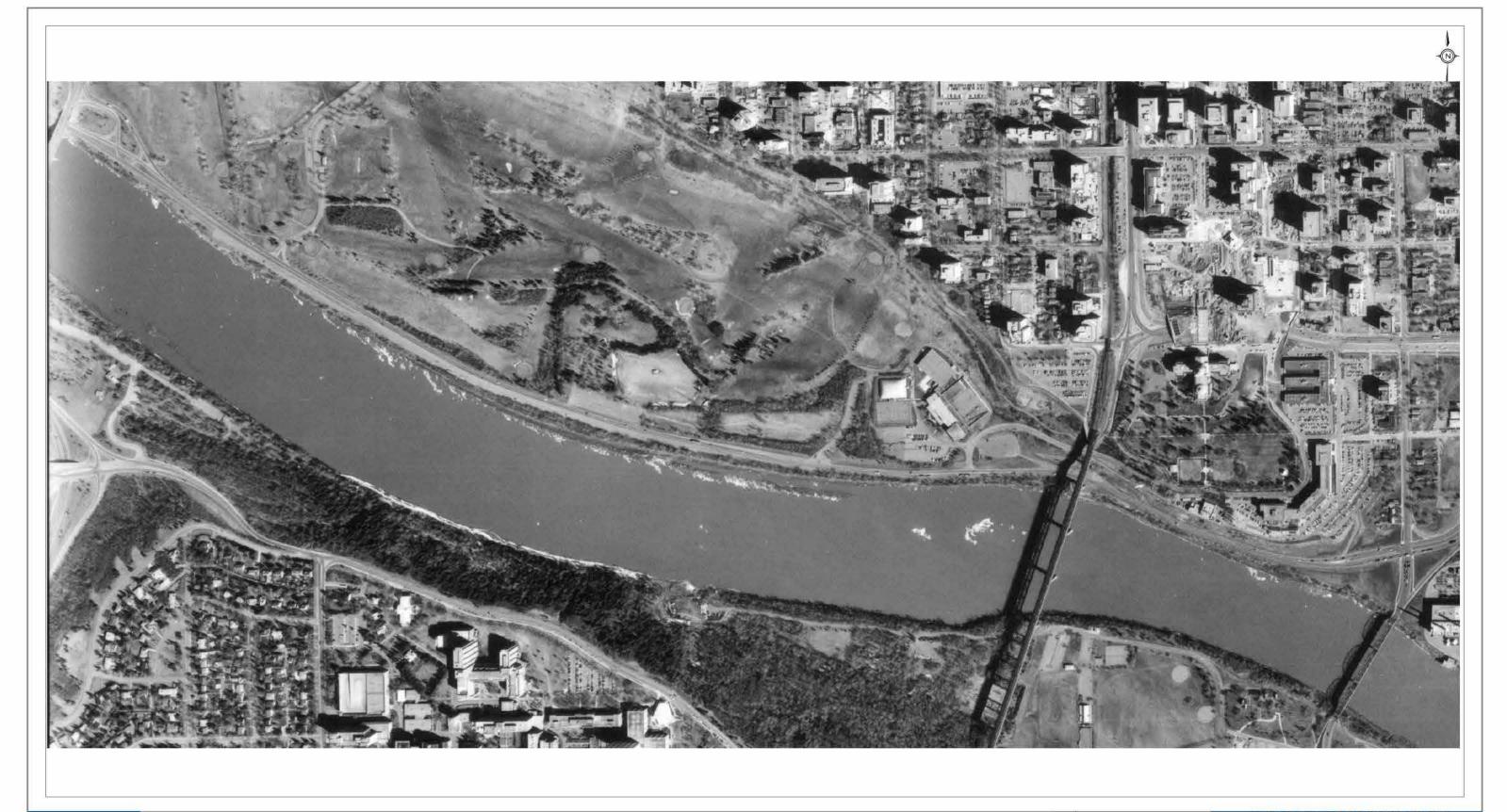
NORTH SHORE PROMENADE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH 1978



PROJECT NO.	DWN	CKD	APVD	REV
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OFFICE	DATE			

DATE
August 15, 2019



From City of Edmonton Library

NOTES

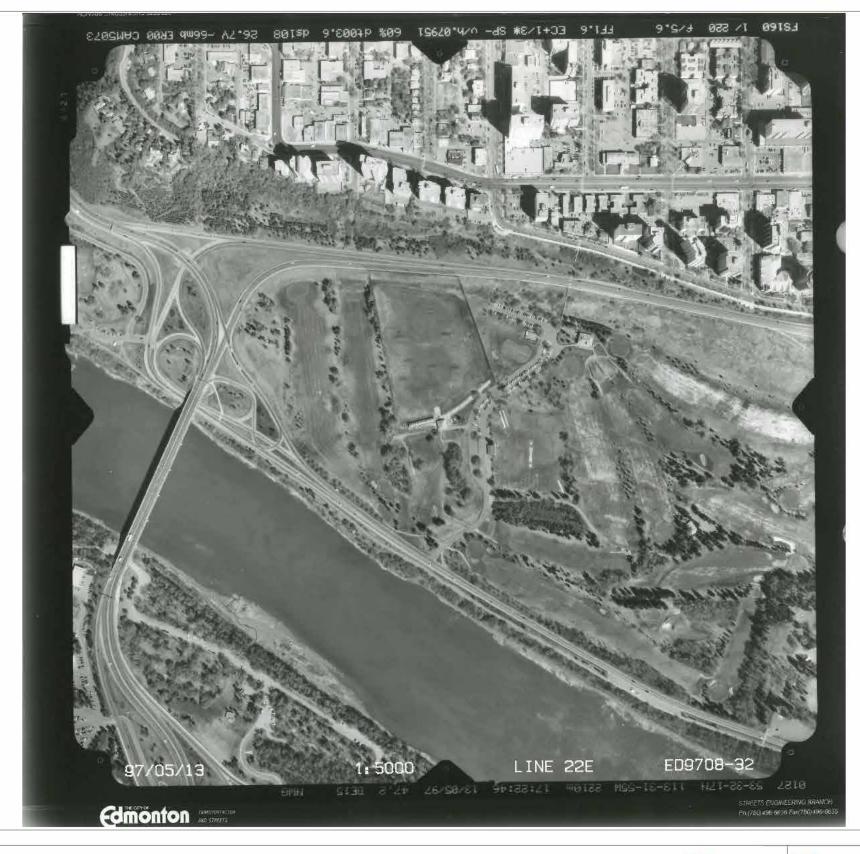
Edmonton

NORTH SHORE PROMENADE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH 1982



OFFICE	DATE				l
ENG EGE003422-01		KJ			
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From City of Edmonton Library

NOTES SCALE 1 5,000



NORTH SHORE PROMENADE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH 1997

Figure 5



PROJECT NO. ENG EGEO03422-01	DWN	CKD	APVD	REV
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From City of Edmonton Library

NOTES SCALE 1 5,000

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NORTH SHORE PROMENADE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH 2009



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From City of Edmonton Library

NOTES SCALE 1 20,000

Edmonton

NORTH SHORE PROMENADE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH 2014



PROJECT NO. ENG EGEO03422-01	DWN	CKD	APVD	REV
OFFICE EBA-EDM	DATE	st 15, 2	019	

STATUS FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY Figure 7





BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 322)

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 367)

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 1816)

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 5585)

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 6141)

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 8838) - BOREHOLE LOCATION (PROJECT 598-370)

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (EBA PROJECT - ROYAL GLENORA CLUB)

NOTE:

BASE IMAGE IS TAKEN FROM GOOGLE EARTH IMAGERY YEAR: AUGUST 2017





NORTH SHORE PROMENADE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Figure 8

EXISTING BOREHOLE LOCATIONS FOR NSP



PROJECT NO.	DWN	CKD	REV
ENG.EGEO03422.01.012		KJ	1
OFFICE	DATE		
EDM	September 2019		



Photo 1: Outfall 178 at Mid-height of River Bank Slope



Photo 2: Outfall 33 with Rip Rap Protection



Photo 3: Eroded Channel on River Bank Slope



Photo 4: Groat Road Bridge Pier at Slope Toe



Photo 5: Existing Buried Gabion Wall at Top of River Bank Slope



Photo 6: Existing Viewing Areas



Photo 7: Existing Viewing Areas

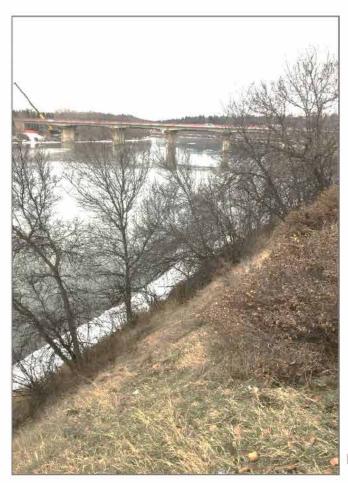


Photo 8: Steep Slope in Front of Viewing Areas

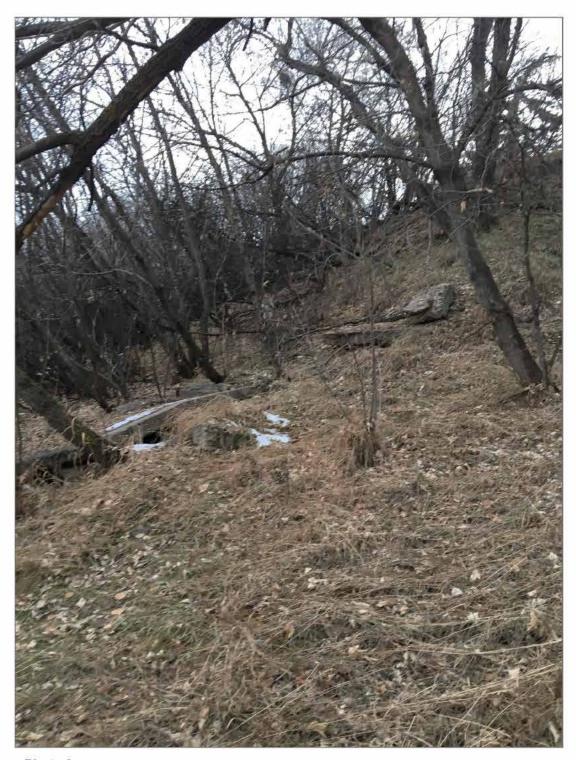


Photo 9: Large Concrete Blocks on River Bank Slope

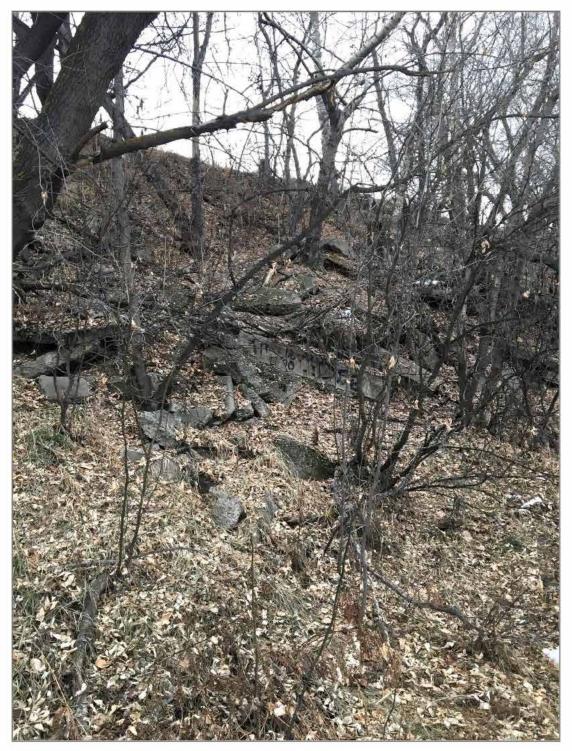


Photo 10: Large Concrete Blocks on River Bank Slope

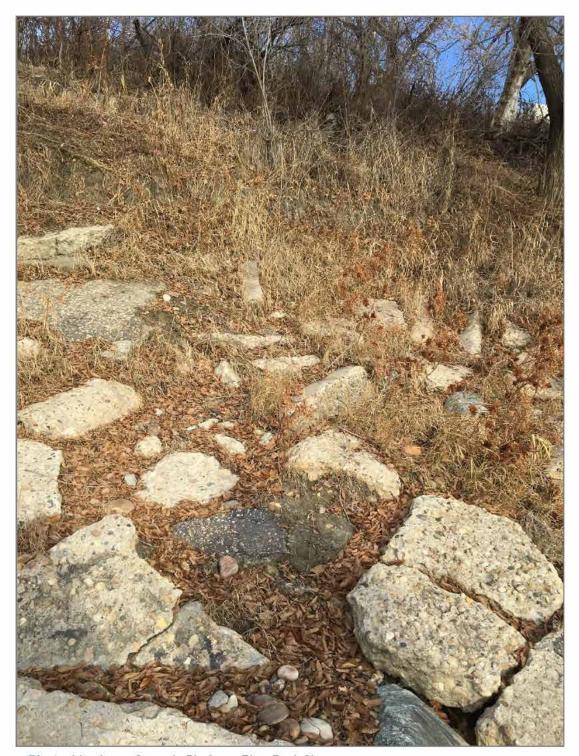


Photo 11: Large Concrete Blocks on River Bank Slope



Photo 12: Large Concrete Blocks close to River Level



Photo 13: Large Concrete Blocks close to River Level



Photo 14: Piers of Existing Footbridge and LRT Bridge

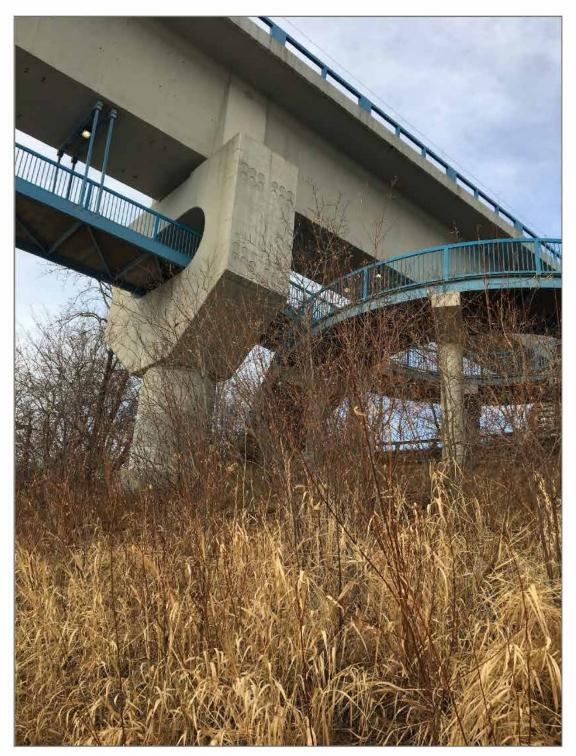


Photo 15: Piers of Existing Footbridge and LRT Bridge



Photo 16: High Level Bridge Pier, Existing Concrete Retaining Wall and River Bank Slope



Photo 17: Existing Retaining Wall and Trail near Walterdale Bridge (Looking West)



Photo 18: Rip Rap at Walterdale Bridge Abutment



Photo 19: Eroded River Bank Slope and Exposed Tree Roots

APPENDIX A

TETRA TECH'S LIMITATIONS ON THE USE OF THIS DOCUMENT



LIMITATIONS ON USE OF THIS DOCUMENT

GEOTECHNICAL

1.1 USE OF DOCUMENT AND OWNERSHIP

This document pertains to a specific site, a specific development, and a specific scope of work. The document may include plans, drawings, profiles and other supporting documents that collectively constitute the document (the "Professional Document").

The Professional Document is intended for the sole use of TETRA TECH's Client (the "Client") as specifically identified in the TETRA TECH Services Agreement or other Contractual Agreement entered into with the Client (either of which is termed the "Contract" herein). TETRA TECH does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy of any of the data, analyses, recommendations or other contents of the Professional Document when it is used or relied upon by any party other than the Client, unless authorized in writing by TETRA TECH.

Any unauthorized use of the Professional Document is at the sole risk of the user. TETRA TECH accepts no respons bility whatsoever for any loss or damage where such loss or damage is alleged to be or, is in fact, caused by the unauthorized use of the Professional Document.

Where TETRA TECH has expressly authorized the use of the Professional Document by a third party (an "Authorized Party"), consideration for such authorization is the Authorized Party's acceptance of these Limitations on Use of this Document as well as any limitations on liability contained in the Contract with the Client (all of which is collectively termed the "Limitations on Liability"). The Authorized Party should carefully review both these Limitations on Use of this Document and the Contract prior to making any use of the Professional Document. Any use made of the Professional Document by an Authorized Party constitutes the Authorized Party's express acceptance of, and agreement to, the Limitations on Liability.

The Professional Document and any other form or type of data or documents generated by TETRA TECH during the performance of the work are TETRA TECH's professional work product and shall remain the copyright property of TETRA TECH.

The Professional Document is subject to copyright and shall not be reproduced either wholly or in part without the prior, written permission of TETRA TECH. Additional copies of the Document, if required, may be obtained upon request.

1.2 ALTERNATIVE DOCUMENT FORMAT

Where TETRA TECH submits electronic file and/or hard copy versions of the Professional Document or any drawings or other project-related documents and deliverables (collectively termed TETRA TECH's "Instruments of Professional Service"), only the signed and/or sealed versions shall be considered final. The original signed and/or sealed electronic file and/or hard copy version archived by TETRA TECH shall be deemed to be the original. TETRA TECH will archive a protected digital copy of the original signed and/or sealed version for a period of 10 years.

Both electronic file and/or hard copy versions of TETRA TECH's Instruments of Professional Service shall not, under any circumstances, be altered by any party except TETRA TECH. TETRA TECH's Instruments of Professional Service will be used only and exactly as submitted by TETRA TECH.

Electronic files submitted by TETRA TECH have been prepared and submitted using specific software and hardware systems. TETRA TECH makes no representation about the compatibility of these files with the Client's current or future software and hardware systems.

1.3 STANDARD OF CARE

Services performed by TETRA TECH for the Professional Document have been conducted in accordance with the Contract, in a manner consistent with the level of skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the jurisdiction in which the services are provided. Professional judgment has been applied in developing the conclusions and/or recommendations provided in this Professional Document. No warranty or guarantee, express or implied, is made concerning the test results, comments, recommendations, or any other portion of the Professional Document.

If any error or omission is detected by the Client or an Authorized Party, the error or omission must be immediately brought to the attention of TETRA TECH.

1.4 DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION BY CLIENT

The Client acknowledges that it has fully cooperated with TETRA TECH with respect to the provision of all available information on the past, present, and proposed conditions on the site, including historical information respecting the use of the site. The Client further acknowledges that in order for TETRA TECH to properly provide the services contracted for in the Contract, TETRA TECH has relied upon the Client with respect to both the full disclosure and accuracy of any such information.

1.5 INFORMATION PROVIDED TO TETRA TECH BY OTHERS

During the performance of the work and the preparation of this Professional Document, TETRA TECH may have relied on information provided by third parties other than the Client.

While TETRA TECH endeavours to verify the accuracy of such information, TETRA TECH accepts no responsibility for the accuracy or the reliability of such information even where inaccurate or unreliable information impacts any recommendations, design or other deliverables and causes the Client or an Authorized Party loss or damage.

1.6 GENERAL LIMITATIONS OF DOCUMENT

This Professional Document is based solely on the conditions presented and the data available to TETRA TECH at the time the data were collected in the field or gathered from available databases.

The Client, and any Authorized Party, acknowledges that the Professional Document is based on limited data and that the conclusions, opinions, and recommendations contained in the Professional Document are the result of the application of professional judgment to such limited data.

The Professional Document is not applicable to any other sites, nor should it be relied upon for types of development other than those to which it refers. Any variation from the site conditions present, or variation in assumed conditions which might form the basis of design or recommendations as outlined in this document, at or on the development proposed as of the date of the Professional Document requires a supplementary exploration, investigation, and assessment.

TETRA TECH is neither qualified to, nor is it making, any recommendations with respect to the purchase, sale, investment or development of the property, the decisions on which are the sole responsibility of the Client.



1.7 ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY ISSUES

Unless stipulated in the report, TETRA TECH has not been retained to explore, address or consider and has not explored, addressed or considered any environmental or regulatory issues associated with development on the subject site.

1.8 NATURE AND EXACTNESS OF SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTIONS

Classification and identification of soils and rocks are based upon commonly accepted systems, methods and standards employed in professional geotechnical practice. This report contains descriptions of the systems and methods used. Where deviations from the system or method prevail, they are specifically mentioned.

Classification and identification of geological units are judgmental in nature as to both type and condition. TETRA TECH does not warrant conditions represented herein as exact, but infers accuracy only to the extent that is common in practice.

Where subsurface conditions encountered during development are different from those described in this report, qualified geotechnical personnel should revisit the site and review recommendations in light of the actual conditions encountered.

1.9 LOGS OF TESTHOLES

The testhole logs are a compilation of conditions and classification of soils and rocks as obtained from field observations and laboratory testing of selected samples. Soil and rock zones have been interpreted. Change from one geological zone to the other, indicated on the logs as a distinct line, can be, in fact, transitional. The extent of transition is interpretive. Any circumstance which requires precise definition of soil or rock zone transition elevations may require further investigation and review

1.10 STRATIGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The stratigraphic and geological information indicated on drawings contained in this report are inferred from logs of test holes and/or soil/rock exposures. Stratigraphy is known only at the locations of the test hole or exposure. Actual geology and stratigraphy between test holes and/or exposures may vary from that shown on these drawings. Natural variations in geological conditions are inherent and are a function of the historical environment. TETRA TECH does not represent the conditions illustrated as exact but recognizes that variations will exist. Where knowledge of more precise locations of geological units is necessary, additional exploration and review may be necessary.

1.11 PROTECTION OF EXPOSED GROUND

Excavation and construction operations expose geological materials to climatic elements (freeze/thaw, wet/dry) and/or mechanical disturbance which can cause severe deterioration. Unless otherwise specifically indicated in this report, the walls and floors of excavations must be protected from the elements, particularly moisture, desiccation, frost action and construction traffic.

1.12 SUPPORT OF ADJACENT GROUND AND STRUCTURES

Unless otherwise specifically advised, support of ground and structures adjacent to the anticipated construction and preservation of adjacent ground and structures from the adverse impact of construction activity is required.

1.13 INFLUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

Construction activity can impact structural performance of adjacent buildings and other installations. The influence of all anticipated construction activities should be considered by the contractor, owner, architect and prime engineer in consultation with a geotechnical engineer when the final design and construction techniques, and construction sequence are known.

1.14 OBSERVATIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION

Because of the nature of geological deposits, the judgmental nature of geotechnical engineering, and the potential of adverse circumstances arising from construction activity, observations during site preparation, excavation and construction should be carried out by a geotechnical engineer. These observations may then serve as the basis for confirmation and/or alteration of geotechnical recommendations or design guidelines presented herein.

1.15 DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

Unless otherwise specified, it is a condition of this report that effective temporary and permanent drainage systems are required and that they must be considered in relation to project purpose and function. Where temporary or permanent drainage systems are installed within or around a structure, these systems must protect the structure from loss of ground due to mechanisms such as internal erosion and must be designed so as to assure continued satisfactory performance of the drains. Specific design details regarding the geotechnical aspects of such systems (e.g. bedding material, surrounding soil, soil cover, geotextile type) should be reviewed by the geotechnical engineer to confirm the performance of the system is consistent with the conditions used in the geotechnical design.

1.16 DESIGN PARAMETERS

Bearing capacities for Limit States or Allowable Stress Design, strength/stiffness properties and similar geotechnical design parameters quoted in this report relate to a specific soil or rock type and condition. Construction activity and environmental circumstances can materially change the condition of soil or rock. The elevation at which a soil or rock type occurs is variable. It is a requirement of this report that structural elements be founded in and/or upon geological materials of the type and in the condition used in this report. Sufficient observations should be made by qualified geotechnical personnel during construction to assure that the soil and/or rock conditions considered in this report in fact exist at the site.

1.17 SAMPLES

TETRA TECH will retain all soil and rock samples for 30 days after this report is issued. Further storage or transfer of samples can be made at the Client's expense upon written request, otherwise samples will be discarded.

1.18 APPLICABLE CODES, STANDARDS, GUIDELINES & BEST PRACTICE

This document has been prepared based on the applicable codes, standards, guidelines or best practice as identified in the report. Some mandated codes, standards and guidelines (such as ASTM, AASHTO Bridge Design/Construction Codes, Canadian Highway Bridge Design Code, National/Provincial Building Codes) are routinely updated and corrections made. TETRA TECH cannot predict nor be held liable for any such future changes, amendments, errors or omissions in these documents that may have a bearing on the assessment, design or analyses included in this report.

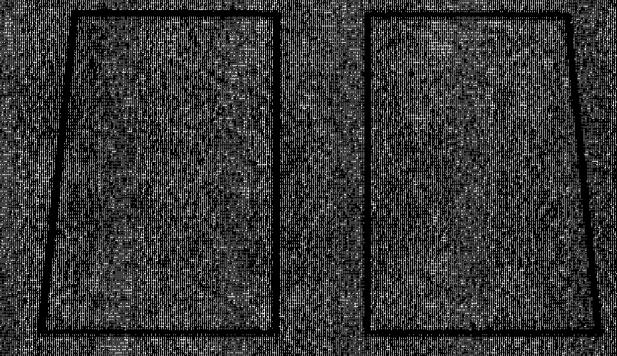


APPENDIX B

EXTRACTED RELEVANT BOREHOLE INFORMATION

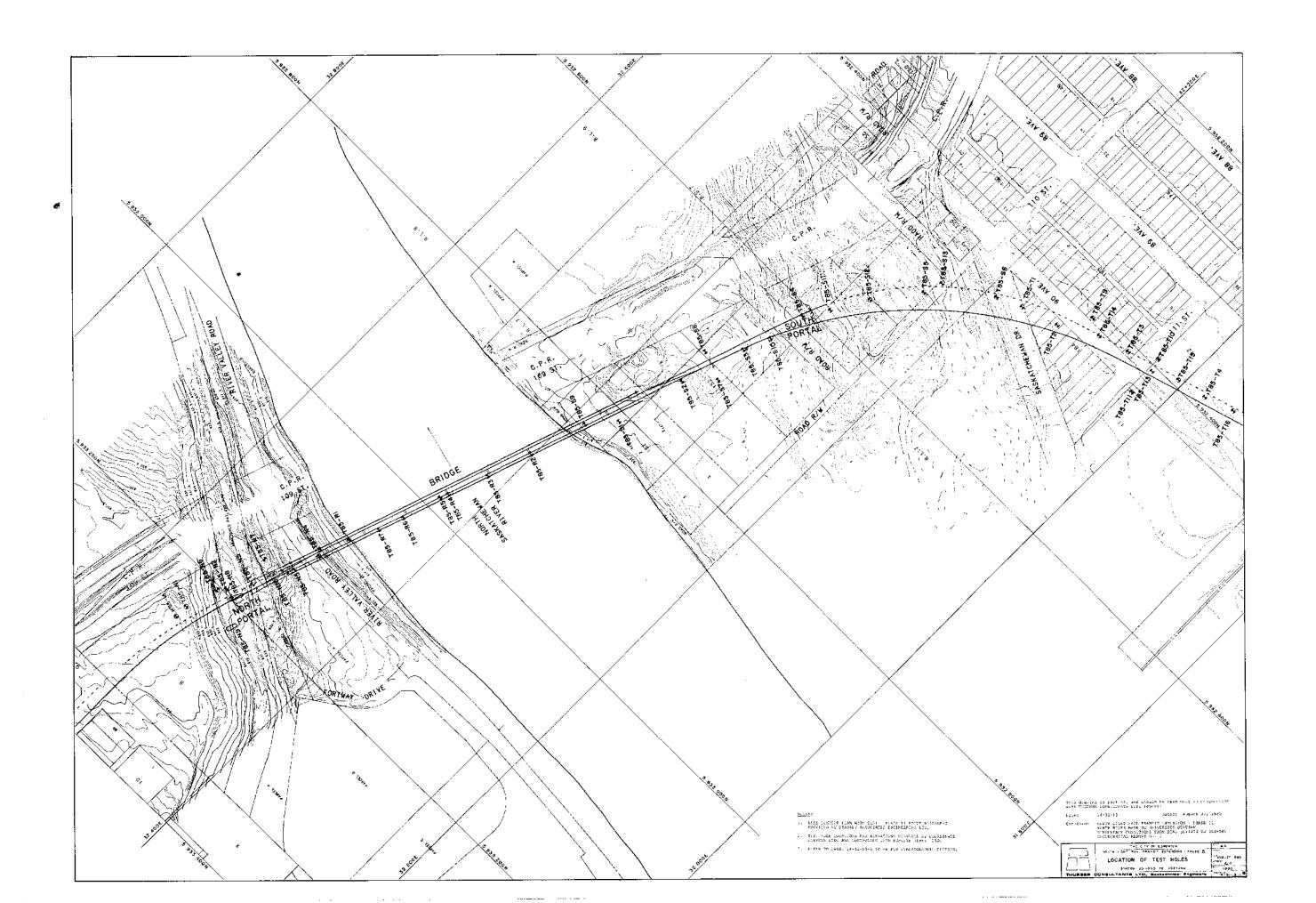


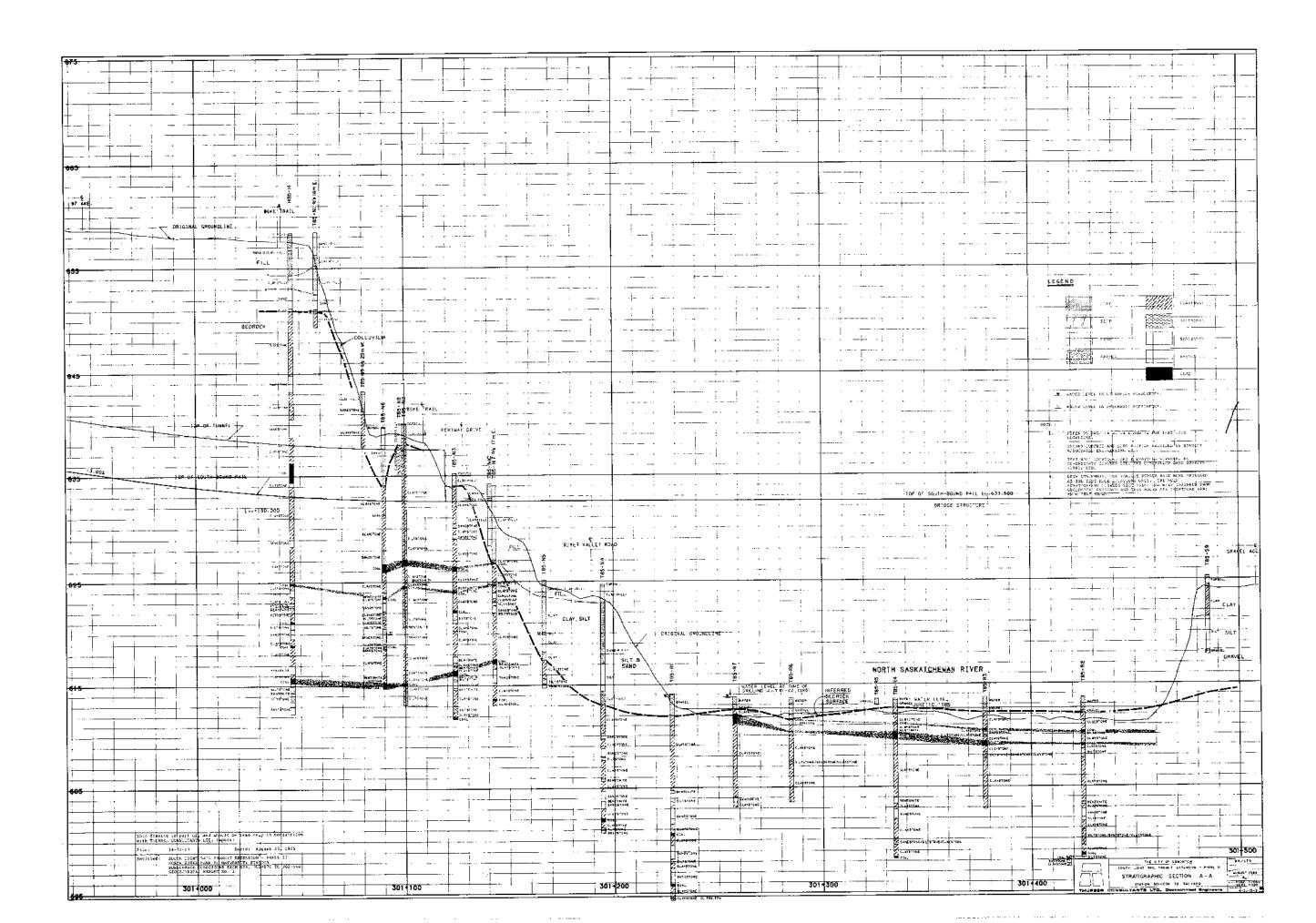
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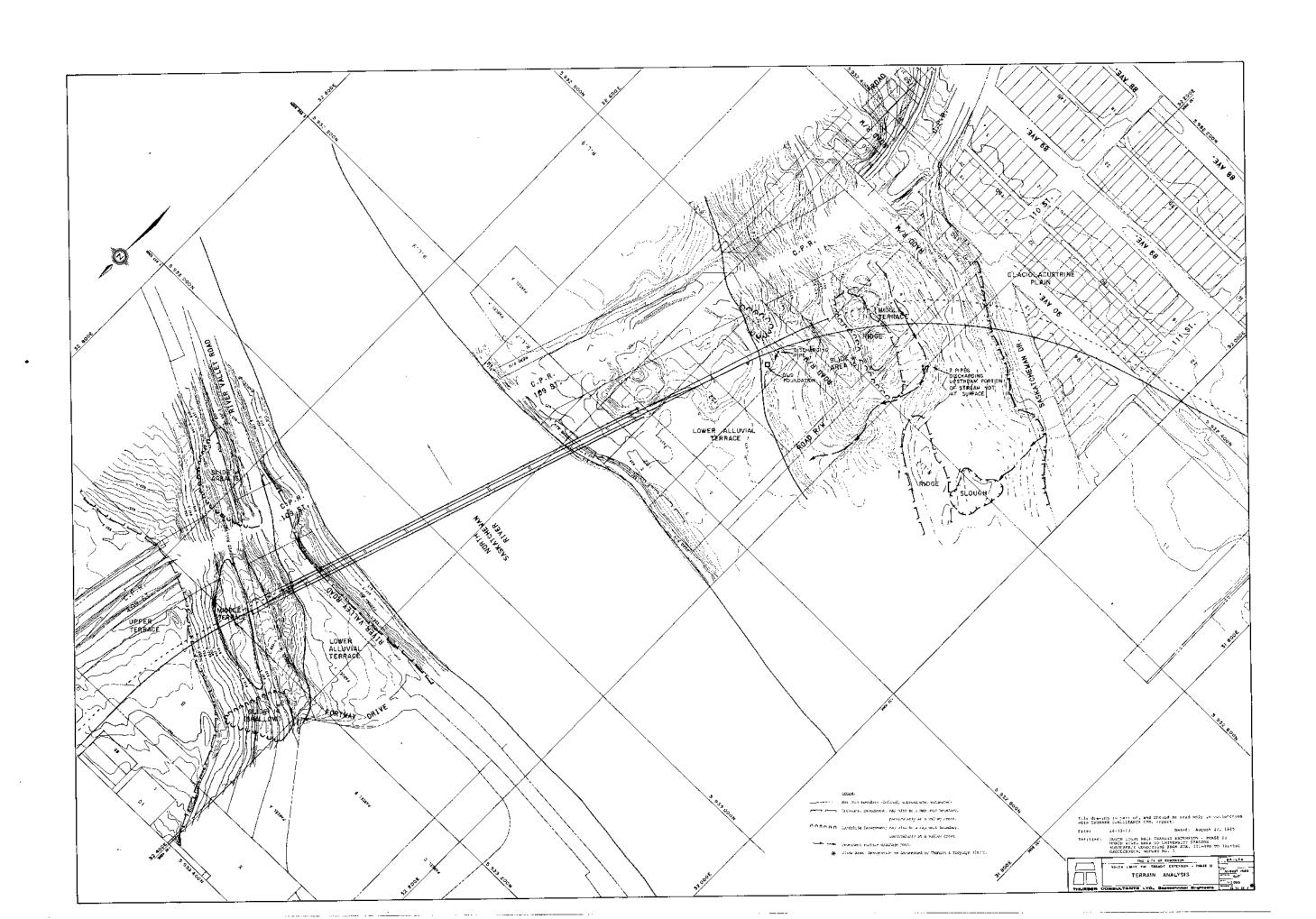


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Tellume 1







TEST HOLE ME Sheet 1 of 4 T85-N4 Geotechnics: Engineers LOG OF TEST HOLE CLIENT THE CITY OF EDMONTON N5933109.4, E32479.6 PROJECT SLRT PROJECT NORTH VALLEY & PORTAL LEGEMO: May 3/85 DATE SAMPLES: B-61 Solid Stem WATER LEVEL Oisturbed WL LIBUID LIMIT Undistorbed DAULUMO CO Mobile Augers PLASTIC LIMIT Ma recovery IMSPECTOR D. Proudfoot PENETRATION (blows per 300mm) ELEYATION I METMER! REMARKS LOG & WATER CONTENT (%) 30 TOP OF HOLE ELEX. 624.69m TOPSOIL Cpen= 80kPa CI CLAY (FILL) stiff, black to brown, silty, Cpen=100kPa sandy, gravel particles, brick inclusion CI CI SM-ML SAND and SILT loose to compact, very fine sand, brown, poorly graded -clayey 3 SM-ML L SM-ML SM- EML some clay SO₄=0.00% CI - MI SAND - SILT ⊒crw5 5 SM-6 SM-ML 7 SM-ML ML SILT 8 loose to compact, fine, sandy, brown, ML occasional clay stringer 9 ML BEALE: 1:50 FILE # 14-31-15

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Sheet 3 of 4

TEST HOLE NO. T85-N4

			LO	G OF TEST HOLE CO	RING	Yue er	TO SE ENHAUTAN					
R	OCATION				CLIENT PROJECT	SLRT P	TY OF EDMONTON PROJECT VALLEY & PORTAL					
С	CASIN CORE BARREL Christiansen CORE GROUND ELEV 624.69m WATER	DIA.		.75nm)	DRILL	DATE May 8/85 DRILLING CO. Garrity & Baker INSPECTOR D. Proudfoot						
OEPTH (METRES)	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK	NSTR DETAILS	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH				
<u>-</u>				<u> </u>								
- 11 								11-				
- -												
—12 -								12-				
- - 13-	T85-N4 START OF CORING AT 13.0m				13.0			— 13—				
- -	CLAYSTONE very weak, silty, moderately weathered, occasional coal			-bedding plane fracture, horizontal	66 (66) 13.5	29.1	•	<u> </u>				
- - 14 -	stringer, dark grey			-thickly bedded -bedding plane fracture		20.2		14-				
<u>-</u>	-sandstone stringer, 30mm SANDSTONE, weak, very fine, moderately weathered, grey				97 (61)	24.0		-				
15 - -	CLAYSTONE weak, silty, slightly			<pre>-vertical fracture: closed</pre>	15.0	21.9	· ·	15-				
- - - 16	weathered, some sandstone stringers and ironstone, dark grey			-medium bedded		18.1						
. • •	5ANDSTONE weak, silty, bentonitic, slightly weathered, light grey				104	14.9	,	16— - -				
	SILTSTONE, weak, some sand, bentonitic, slightly weathered, CLAYSTONE			-bedding about 10° to horizontal	(100)	18.9		17				
	weak, silty, slightly weathered, some siltstone laminations and ironstone			-fracture: 60°, planar		18.1 18.8		- -				
—18	nodules, dark grey		İ	-subvertical fracture, 90mm long -rubbly core	18.0	15.4		18-				
	-carbonaceous					18.3		-				
	BENTONITE, light grey, weak CLAYSTONE weak, silty, trace of sand,			-thickly bedded	102	60.3 18.9	Cpen=142kPa Cpen= 73kPa Wp=41% WL=547%	19				
-20 - -	moderately weathered, some coal stringers			-coal parting, 10° to horizontal	(100)	10.9	Ip=506%	-				

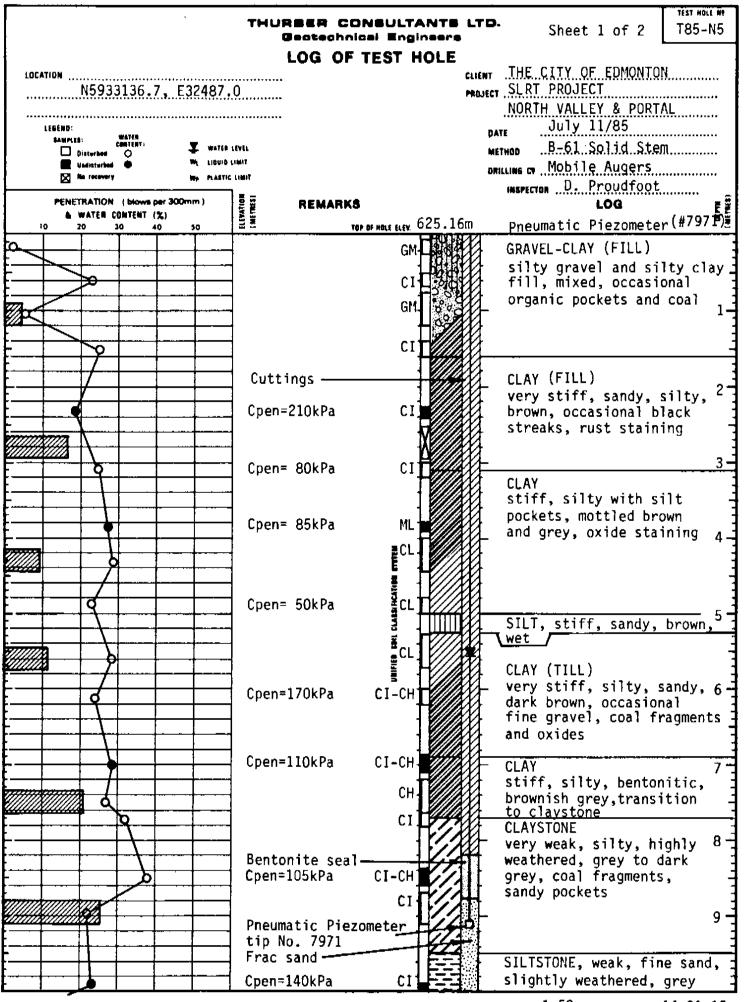
Sheet 4 of 4

TEST HOLE NO.

T85-N4

	LOG OF TEST HOLE	CORING
LOCATION	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	CLIENT THE CITY OF EDMONTON PROJECT SLRT PROJECT NORTH VALLEY & PORTAL
BIT	CASING DIA. CORE DIA. WATER LEVEL	OATE May 8/85 ORILLING CO. Garrity & Baker MSPECTOR D. Proudfoot
± W ROCK DESCRIPTION	ROCK E S DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTIO	N Recovery Wn TEST RESULTS

G/	ROUND ELEY WATER	4 LEVEL		***************************************	INSPE	CTOR	Proudtoot	
OEPTH (METRES)	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK TYPE	INSTR. Details	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, ettitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	OEPTH (METRES)
- - - - 21 -	SANDSTONE very weak, silty, bentonitic, moderately to slightly weathered, light grey -very weak, occasional iron- stone nodules and coal parting -calcareous			-coal parting, 10° to horizontal -subvertical fracture, 80mm long -thin bentonite seam, 20mm thick -bedding: 20° to horizontal	21.0	14.7 6.1 17.4 16.2		21
22	CLAYSTONE very weak, silty, bentonitic, slightly weathered, dark grey			-thickly bedded		16.1		22 -
	COAL, black, slightly weathered CLAYSTONE weak, very silty, slightly			-vertical fracture, entire thickness of seam -23.3-23.4: joints,	97 (97)	16.2 21.6 16.9		23
	weathered, grey SILTSTONE, very weak, trace of fine sand, bentonitic, grey SANDSTONE, very weak, silty,			slickensided 30°-35°	24.0	15.5 14.4		
	End of hole at 24.0m							- 24- - - -
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							LOG O	F TEST	HOLE		THE CITY OF EDMONTO	, !
LOCA	TION									CLIENT	SLRT PROJECT	······
										PROJECT	SERT PROJECT	
											NORTH VALLEY & PORTA	<i>វ</i>
	LEGEMO:									DA'	July 11/85	
	SAMPLE:	ţ:	WATER CONTENT:	•	WATER 1	TOE				_	R_61 Solid Ster	n ·
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	_	jndistyc hed Bu tec ova ry	_		PLASTIC					DAI	Mobile Augers	
			 			* -					INSPECTOR D. Proudfoot	
				per 300mn	n)		REMAR	K8			LOG	OEPTA METAES
,			ONTENT ((74) 10 5	0	ELEVATIME (METRES)		TOP OF HOLE E	LEV.			- <u>*</u>
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						July	19/85	5 51m	11	1	-End of hole at 10.40	Om 📑
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TEST HOLE ME THURBER CONSULTANTS LTD. T85-N7 Sheet 1 of 4 Geatechnical Engineers LOG OF TEST HOLE CLIEBUT THE CITY OF EDMONTON PROJECT SLRT PROJECT NORTH VALLEY & PORTAL Aug. 13/85 LEGEND: -Mayhew 100, Wet Rotary WATER LEVEL ☐ Disturbed LIGHIO LIWIT omittime co Garrity & Baker PLACTIC LIGHT IMAPECTOR ...S. Bean.... REMARKS WATER CONTENT (%) Slope Indic. & Pneumatic Piezª.≛ TOP OF HOLE ELEK CLAY (FILL) O stiff, brown, sandy, silty (till-like), occasional coal, brick, coarse gravel, organic Cpen=190kPa debris and rust stains, mixed 2 Grout sandy zone Cpen=105kPa CLAYSTONE, very weak, CI-CH highly weathered, carbonacous COAL, black CLAYSTONE (as above) End of hole at 7.6m

THURBER CONSULTANTS LTD., Sheet 2 of 4 Geotechnical Engineers

TEST HOLE NO. T85-N7

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING

Alt	CATION				THE CITY OF EDMONTON SLRT PROJECT NORTH VALLEY & PORTAL Aug. 13/85				
cc	T CA DRE BARREL Christiansen CA BOUND ELEV W	ORE DIA.		,7	5 mm		LING CO Ga.	g. 13/85 rrity & Baker Bean	
DEPTH (METRES)	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	AOC TYP	ESTE.	OETAILS	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
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 	705 417				Pneumatic Piezometer Installation (#7961)				7 —
	T85-N7 START CORING AT 7.6m		Ш			7.6			
	CLAYSTONE, very weak, moderately weathered, very silty, brown, carbonaceous		1	我們養養	-thinly bedded		22.1		8
<u> </u>	SANDSTONE, weak, moderately weathered, fine grained,				-medium bedded, rubbly zone	63 (53)	23.7		-
۲ ۱	grey, very calcareous CLAYSTONE, as above,		1	1. 2. 3.	-coal seam: 30mm horizontal		18.4		<u>-</u>
9	some siltstone laminations			200		9.2			9 —
	BENTONITE, very weak, white COAL, weak, slightly weathered, black, shiny			1	-thinly bedded, highly fractured		59.4		-
F .	CLAYSTONE, weak, si. weath., br carbonaceous, occas. coal fra				-shear: 40°, planar, medium bedded -shear: 50°, planar	96 (89)	17.8		-
└─10 -	-bentonitic and silty zones		·	_الت			SCALE 1:	50 FILE No. 14-3	1-15

Sheet 3 of 4

TEST HOLE NO.

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING THE CITY OF EDMONTON CLIENT LOCATION PROJECT SLRT PROJECT .. NORTH .VALLEY .&. PORTAL RIG TYPE ... Mayhew .1000 Aug. 13/85 DATE BIT CASING DIA. ,,....75mm CORE BARREL .. Christiansen ... CORE OIA. INSPECTOR S. Bean WATER LEVEL GROUND ELEV. Recovery DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION ROCK DESCRIPTION Wn joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness TEST RESULTS (RQD) INST type, strength, grain, (%)TYPE (%) size, weatharing, colour CLAYSIONE SANDSTONE, weak, sl. weathered, benton.,med. gr.,light grey,sl. -medium bedded 96 (89) 14.3 calcar.,occas. coal laminations CLAYSTONE, weak, slightly weathered, silty, carbonaceous -coal parting 19.8 11.0 -coal seam: 60mm, 11horizontal SILTSTONE, moderately weak, 9.9 slightly weathered, light brown -thickly bedded 100 SANDSTONE (89)17.3 moderately weak, slightly weathered, medium grained, 12 light grey, very calcareous 12.2 4.7 -medium bedded, SILTSTONE, moderately strong, 3.0 rubbly core slightly weathered, grey--thickly bedded, brown, calcareous rubbly zones CLAYSTONE 18.0 13 weak, slightly weathered, silty, brown, carbonaceous, some sandy lenses, Slope Indicator & Adjac. locally bentonitic zones Pneumatic Piezometer 92 20.5 Installation (82) CLAYSTONE/SANDSTONE -very thinly bedded, 14 - 14 interbedded beds 1-25mm thick 15.7 random spacing CLAYSTONE -thickly bedded, weak, slightly weathered, rubbly zone silty, grey, occasional siltstone lamination 33.1 15 15 15,2 *extremely bentonitic 39.2 (15.2-16.2)-occasional bentonite stringer 16 16 40.4 93 23.3 COAL, very weak, slightly weathered, black, very pyritic -medium bedded. (83) highly fractured 17 -17 CLAYSTONE, weak, sl. weathered, -Pneumatic Piezometer dark brown, very carbonaceous, Tip #7961 Installed in thin bentonitic laminat.(16.95) 14.3 Adjacent Hole to Slope Indicator SANDSTONE weak, slightly weathered, -thickly bedded 18 slightly clayey, medium grained, light grey, 18 16.1 18.3 calcareous, occasional 13.0 coal fragments and stringers -thickly bedded, CLAYSTONE rubbly zone 98 19 weak, slightly weathered, 14.8 (91) very silty, greyish brown, occasional siltstone layers -siltstone layer (30mm) 13.7

THURSER CONSULTANTS LTD., Geotechnical Engineers Sheet 4 of 4

TEST HOLE NO. T85-N7

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING

Ri Bi	CATION G TYPE Mayhew 1000 T DRE BARREL Christiansen ROUND ELEV	CASING DIA			PROJECT DATE DRILL	SLRT PI NORTH A Au ING CO	TY OF EDMONTON ROJECT /ALLEY & PORTAL ug. 13/85 arrity & Baker Bean	
DEPTH (METRES)	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROI TYI	NSTR.	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
. 1	CLAYSTONE (continued)			Grout Slope Indicator	98 (91)	16.2		
21	COAL. v.weak.sl. weathere CLAYSTONE, as above	0.01.		-thinly bedded highly fr -medium bedded	21.0	15.4		21
.	End of hole at 21.0m	-/						-
_ _ _ 22	Water level table Aug. 19/85 9.4m							22 –
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T85-R1 Sheet 1 of 4 Geotechnical Engineers LOG OF TEST HOLE CLIENT THE CITY OF EDMONTON LOCATION PROJECT SLRT PROJECT - NORTH SASKATCHEWAN RIVER CROSSING May 16/85 DATE SAMPLES: Mayhew 1000-Mud Rotary WATER LEVEL 0:33gr 644 Undisturbed DAILLING CO Garrity and Baker INSPECTOR D. Proudfoot PENETRATION (blows par 300mm) REMARKS & WATER CONTENT (%) 614.09 1.3m Stickup Standpipe Piezo. TOP OF HOLE ELEV. Bulk Sample 0-0.2m GC **GRAVEL** Bulk Sample 0.2-0.45m. compact, brown, sandy, silty, 50mm maximum size, well graded, rounded GC-SC red brown CLAYSTONE, very weak, Bentonite sealmoderately weathered, dark, grey, silty, carbonaceous SC -seam of SANDSTONE(weak,silty CH fine grained, bentonitic) -End of hole at 3.15m Cuttings -

Sheet 2 of 4

TEST HOLE NO.

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING

CLIENT THE CITY OF EDMONTON

N5933077.8, E32469.1

RIG TYPE Mayhew 1000

BIT 143mm Tricone Casing Dia 171mm to 4.0m Date May 16/85

CORE BARREL Christiansen CORE DIA 75mm DRILLING CO. Garrity & Baker

GROUND ELEV. 614.09m WATER LEVEL INSPECTOR D. Proudfoot

(METRES)	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK TYPE	NETR. Details	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH
-1								1 .
-2				Bentonite seal				2 -
-3				Cuttings			·	3
- 4	T85-R1 START OF CORING AT 4.34m				4.34			4 -
5	CLAYSTONE very weak, silty, moderately weathered, occasional coal parting and siltstone/ironston stringers, dark grey			-horizontal bedding, occasional vertical fractures -fracture: 55°, planar, closed -shear: 35°, slickensided -thickly bedded	58 (58)	16.2 16.8 18.3	Wp=23%, WL=121% Ip=98% %SAND= 3.0 %SILT=52.0 %CLAY=45.0 E=375-559MPa CU=708kPa y =21.16kN/m ³ SO ₄ =0.00%	5 .
7	-slightly weathered			-joint: 70°. planar, rough	6.81 73 (73)	20.3		7 ·
8				-2 joints: 70°-80°, rough, 1 shear, 50°, slickensided	8.15		,	8 -
9	-carbonaceous, black				104 (100)	17.0 20.4		9 -
	BENTONITE, light grey-green			-thinly bedded	9.52	58.2 58.0	Cpen=70-140kPa W _D =41%, W _L =588%	

Sheet 3 of 4

TEST HOLE NO.

3 of 4 T85-R1

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING

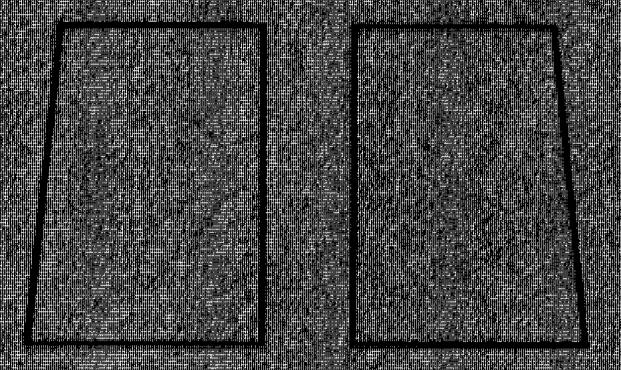
L	OCATION			CLIENT		Y OF EDMONTON	
Al	G TYPE			PROJECT		OJECT. ASKATCHEWAN RIVER CRO	
	T ,			DATE		y 16/85	
-	DRE BARREL CORE :					rrity & Baker Proudfoot	
5	ROUND ELEV WATER	* LEVEL	************	Mare	UION	, Fr. qualido E	* * * * * * * * *
DEPTH (METRES)	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	BOCK FR	OISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wп (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
- - -	SILTSTONE (continued) very weak, silty to sandy, trace of clay, carbonaceous, slightly weathered, some coal partings, brownish grey		-medium bedded -joint: 70°, planar, rough	95	24.2		
<u>11</u>	SANDSTONE		-joint: 45°, planar, rough -joint: 65°, planar,	(95)	28.5		11
- - 12	very weak, fine to very fine grained, silty, bentonitic, slightly weathered, light grey		rough		22.7		12-
-	-moderately strong		ha-i-a-t-1 h-11i-	12.57	5.7		
_ 13	CLAYSTONE very weak, silty, slightly weathered, some bentonitic partings, dark grey		-horizontal bedding, (some bedding plane fractures)		14.5		13-
	COAL, black, claystone seams CLAYSTONE				14.8 28.3		
—14 -	very weak, silty, slightly weathered, coal partings, dark brown		Cuttings				14-
				92 (92)	15.9		-
- 15	SANDSTONE very weak, fine to very fine		-medium bedded -laminations at 5° to		14.3		15 —
- -	grained, bentonitic, slightly weathered, occasional claystone lamination, light grey		horizontal	15.62	18.5		-
<u> </u>	SILTSTONE, very weak, clayey, trace of sand, slightly weathered						16
	CLAYSTONE, very weak, silty, slightly weathered, sandstone layers, 100mm			96 (96)	14.2		-
- 1/	SANDSTONE very weak, silty, bentonitic, locally calcareous, slightly weathered, light grey			!	14.8		17 — - -
- -18		1 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	Frac sand		23,3		18
	COAL, black, slightly weathered CLAYSTONE		 fractured and jointed core thickly bedded 	18.66	29.2 27.0 20.6	e.	- -
- 19	very weak, silty, carbonaceous, slightly weathered, coal stringers, dark brown		-sub-horizontal joint, planar, rough				19 —
- - 20-			-joints: 100mm intervals, 30°-70°, planar, rough to smooth (to bottom		17.1		
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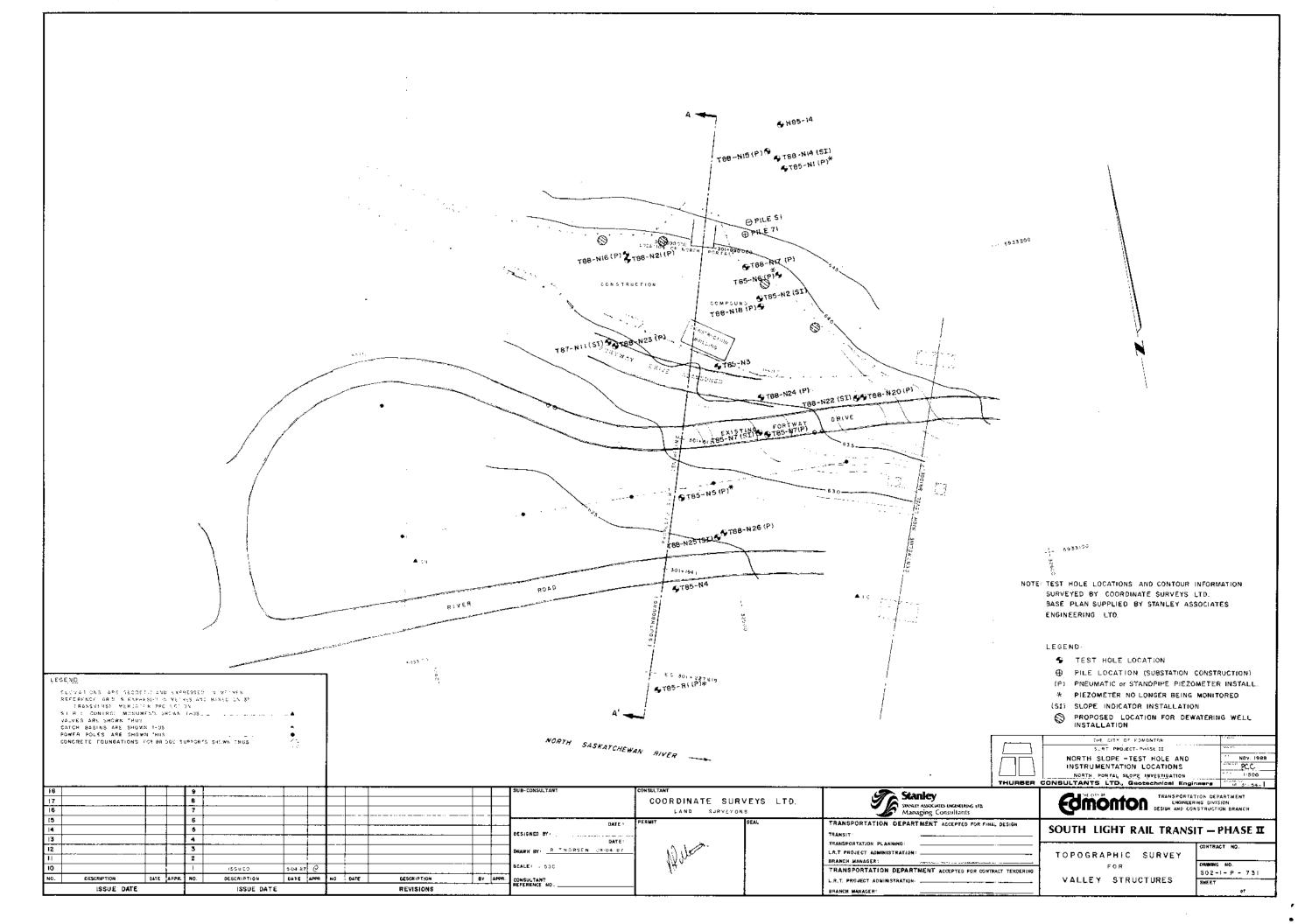
Sheet 4 of 4

TEST HOLE NO. T85-R1

į		ı	LO	G OF TEST HOLE CO			
A B C	OCATION RIG TYPE BIT CASIN CORE BARREL CORE BROUND ELEV WATE	NG DIA.	CLIENT THE CITY OF EDMONTON PROJECT SLRT PROJECT .NORTH SASKATCHEWAN RIVER CROSSING DATE May 16/85 ORILLING CO. Garrity & Baker INSPECTOR D. Proudfoot				
DEPTH (METRES)	AOCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK TYPE	INSTR. Details	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS
-21	SANDSTONE, very weak, silty, bentonitic CLAYSTONE very weak, silty, slightly weathered, greyish brown			of hole), occasional slickenside Frac sand -thinly bedded Piezometer tip Slough	97 (97)	16.0 16.0 17.3	21-
22							Water level table June 7/85 0.0m June 28/85 0.75m above ground surface July 4/85 0.75m above ground surface 23- July 19/85 0.75m above ground surface 24-

SCRITH LIGHT FRAIL TRANSIT EXTEMBION - PHASIS
HICPITH VALLEY SLOPE AND POPITAL APEA
SLOPE STABILITY AND MONITORING SLABBANTY
CERCITECTMICAL PEPCIT NO. 16





LEGEND: DESCRIPTION SYMBOL CLAY CLAY (TILL) CT SILT SAND GRAVEL CLAY FILL SAND FILL CLAYSTONE SILTSTONE SANDSTONE BENTON1TE INTERBEDDED OR LAYERED STRATA MOVEMENT NOTED SLOPE INDICATOR (51) NATER LEVEL OBSERVATION PIEZOMETER TIP ELEVATION PIEZONCTERS NO LONGER BEING MONITORED NOTE: REFER TO DRAWING NO. 14-31-54-1 FOR T88-N14 o/s 21.4m T85-N1 o/s-23m E, CROSS-SECTION LOCATION. GROUND SURFACE SUBSTATION EXCAVATION (East of Portal) 660 T88-N26 48 17.0m E. T88-N25 0/s 15.0m E. 620 ___ NORTH Saskatchewan River EINFERRED BEDROCK CONTACT 600 () WATER LEVEL VARIES BETWEEN EL.615-620m DUE TO FLOAT CONTROLLED PUMP. 301+200 301+260 301+000 301+020 301+040 301+060 301+080 301+100 30i+120 301+140 301+160 301+180 301+220 301 + 240STATION (Southbound Lane - Proposed S.L.R.T. Centreline) LEGEND FOR PIEZOMETRIC LEVELS EFORE WELL INSTALLATION (MARCH-APRIL 1989) AFTER WELL INSTALLATION (BEFORE PUMPING - JUNE 1989)

AFTER PUMPING (JAN. 1990)

NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	APPR.
Ŗı	25-01-90	DEEP WELL 'AS-BUILT' LOCATIONS	FWKJ	ån₿.
92		UPDATED PIEZOMETRIC LEVELS	BP	\$m8
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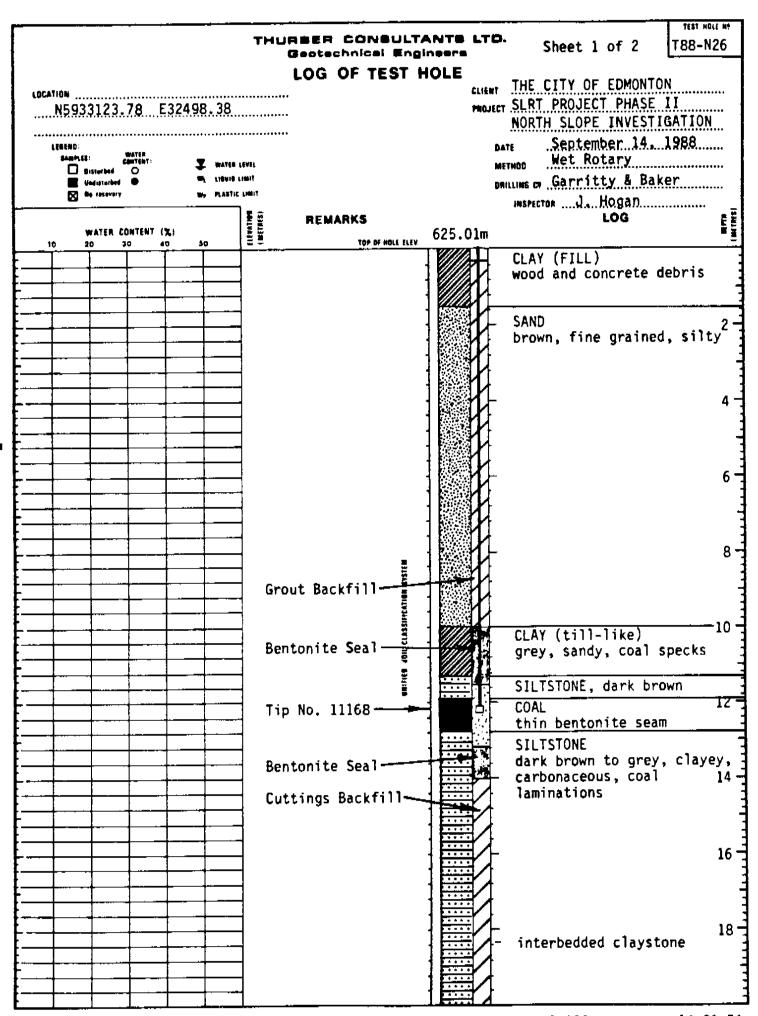
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ļ	لااليا	NORTH PORTAL SLOPE INVESTIGATION	"" 1:400
	THURBER	CONSULTANTS LTD., Geotechnical Engineers	74-31-54-2

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-	BEND: BANFA		MATER EDITEST:		We Liquid	Frint Feast				DA'	September 9, 1988 THOD Wet Rotary LLINE OF Garritty & Baker WEFETTON T, Craplewe	
		WATER	CONTENT	(%)		ELEVATION	REMARKS		ſſ	625	LOG 5.08m	M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M
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$-\pm$	_			<u> </u>		1 0.50				1	brown, very silty, trac of clay, occasional gra	e 2 -
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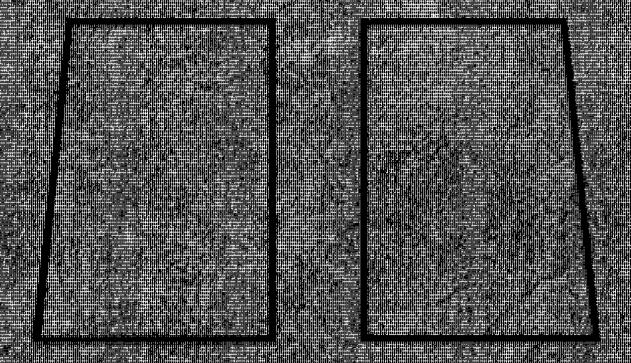
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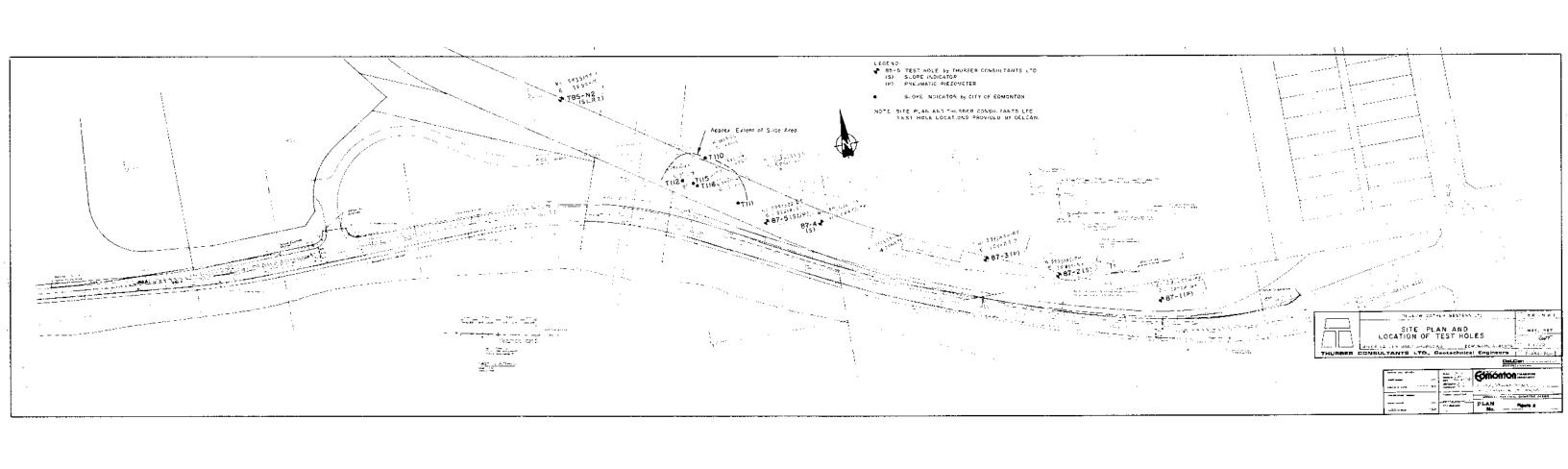
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							Geatechnic				Sheet 2 of 2 T88-N2	<u> </u>
							LOG OF 1	rest F	IOLE		TUE CITY OF EDMONTON	
LO	CATION	• • • • • • • • • • •	* ,	•••••••	•••••	•••••	•••			CLIENT	THE CITY OF EDMONTON SLRT PROJECT PHASE II	••
							••			PROJEC		•
	••••••	*******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				••				NORTH SLOPE INVESTIGATION	
	LESEUD:		#4110							0	DATE September 9. 1988	
1	Disturbed O WATER LEVEL								N	METHOD Wet Rotary		
}		Undisturbed No recovery			W(L18910					D	omicine o Garritty & Baker	
											INSPECTION T. Craplewe	
1	WATER CONTENT (%)						REMARK\$				LOG	A LES
	10				50	\$ x	707	OF HOLE ELEV				* *
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<u> </u>	+	1				1				14		4
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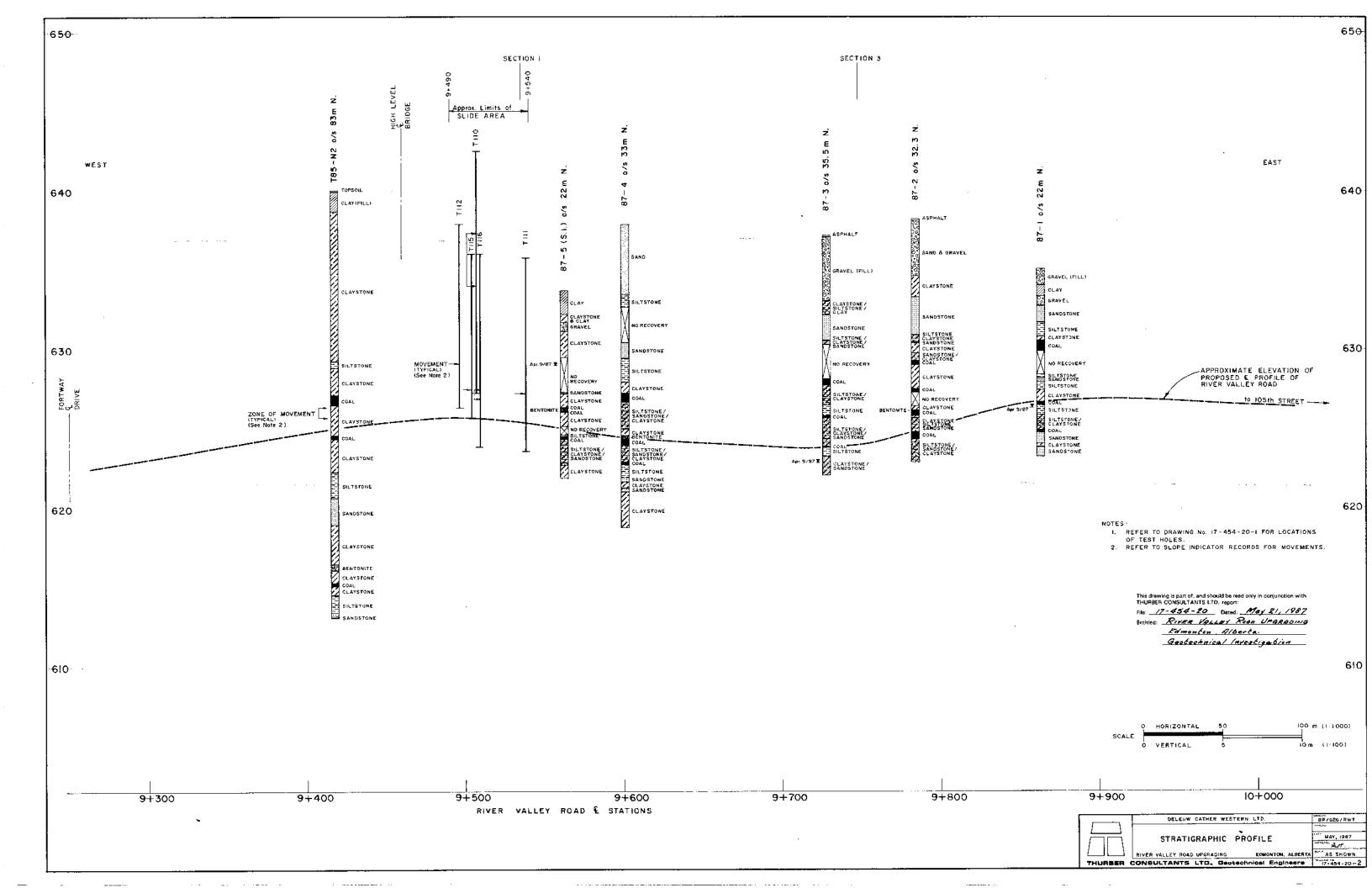


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						THL		rical Engi	neere		Sheet 2 of 2	T88-N26
l							LOG OF	TEST H	IOLE		THE STAN OF COMMUNICAL	
inc	ATION									CLIENT	THE CITY OF EDMONTON	
***		***************************************					••			PROJE	CT SLRT PROJECT PHASE II	
		*****			• • • • • • • • • •	********	••				NORTH SLOPE INVESTIGA	TION
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1	LEGEND:		MATCH CONTLET:									
ł		Besterbed	CARTEST:	7	WATER	EVEL				ı	METHOD Wet Rotary	•••••
	Ē	Vadatories	ě	*	rienie r						DANILING CO Garritty & Baker	
		Ma reservery		75	MASTIC	LIMET					INSPECTOR J. Hogan	
_						# 6	REMARK	(S			LOG	
l	WATER CONTENT (%)					MEMANNO				- 		
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£]								SILTSTONE (continued))
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E	+		+	 					11	1 1	Installed, Tip at 12	- 1m _
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Sheet 1 of 2

SCALE 1:50 FILE No. 17-454-20

87-1

TEST HOLE NO.

	LC	OG OF TEST HOLE C	ORING				
LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-2 N 5932974.95, E 32928.6	7		CLIENT PROJECT	DELEUW, C	ATHER WESTERN LTD.		
AIG TYPE Mayhew 1500 BIT CASIM CORE BARREL Christensen CORE GROUNG ELEV 635.03m WATE	IG DIA Dia	DRILL	DATE March 4, 1987 DRILLING CO. Garritty & Baker INSPECTOR J. Hogan				
GROUND ELEV	M LEVEL		1107			•••••	
프로 ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK E	이SCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)	
GRAVEL (FILL) sandy, brown, brick rubble, extensive coal inclusions		Pneumatic Piezometer installation				- - -	
-1 CLAY brown, gravelly						1— - -	
GRAVEL, clayey, pebbles to 40mm	2000 2000			13.4	Sample 1 (Tube)	2—	
SANDSTONE bentonitic, silty, grey, fine grained				26.3	_	- -	
START OF CORING AT 3.35m			3.35			.	
- SILTSTONE - Weak, bentonitic, grey, fresh, - claystone laminations, coal and sandstone laminations		-randomly jointed -thickly bedded	100 (64) 4.25	18.9 15.4		4	
- CLAYSTONE, weak, grey, fresh	77	-medium bedded	,,,	16.8		-	
- COAL - weak, black, fresh, occasional _5 carbonaceaous claystone lamin.		-thickly bedded		23.3		- 5	
- - NO RECOVERY - -6						- - - - 6	
* -	I/ \					_	
- SILTSTONE, weak, clayey. \ - brown to grey	[]	-very thinly to thinly	6.65	14.5	4	-	
-7 SANDSTONE, weak, silty, f. grain		bedded		14.5		7	
 SILTSTONE, weak, clayey, grey, fresh, claystone laminations 				15.4		<u>-</u>	
CLAYSTONE, weak, grey, fresh, a carbonaceous -mod. strong ironstone layer			92 (8)	17.1	LL=101.4% PL= 30.7% PI= 71%	8-	
COAL, weak, black, fresh		W.L. Apr. 9/87		24,2	, = -, ± #	-	
_ SILTSTONE weak, clayey, grey, fresh, g carbonaceous		-medium bedded to thinl bedded	y 9.1			9	
SANDSTONE, siltstone laminations				13.4		-	
CLAYSTONE, very silty, grey SILTSTONE, weak to moderately		-medium bedded		16.5			
strong, clayey, trace f. sand					<u> </u>	10	

Sheet 2 of 2

SCALE 1:50 FILE No. 17-454-20

TEST HOLE NO. 87-1

LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-2 RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500 BIT CASIN CORE BARREL Christensen CORE GROUND ELEV WATE	0-1 G DIA. DIA.	CLIENT DELEUW CATHER WESTERN LTD. PROJECT RIVER VALLEY ROAD UPGRADING DATE March 4, 1987 DRILLING CO. Garritty & Baker INSPECTOR J. Hogan					
ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK TYPE	NSTR. Oetals	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
SILTSTONE (continued) COAL, moderately strong, fresh SANDSTONE moderately strong, bentonitic, fine grained, grey, fresh CLAYSTONE 5ANDSTONE fine grained, siltstone interbeds	777		-thinly bedded -vertical fracture -thickly bedded -thinly bedded -thickly bedded	99 (41)	18.1 14.2 12.8		11 –
- 12 End of coring at 11.8m	7	1	Pneumatic Piezometer Tip No. 7182	11.8	14.9		12 —
13 							13-
- - 14 - -							14
- - 15 -							15
- 16 							16—
17 						•	17—
18 1							- 18
							- 19—
							- - - 20

TEST HOLE NO.

тн		otechnical Engine		ш.,	Sheet 1 of 2	87-2
LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-20) - 1	G OF TEST HOLE COF	CLIENT	DELEUW.CA RIVER VAL	ATHER WESTERN LIE LEY ROAD UPGRAD) ING
N. 5933005.74, E. 32857.5 RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500 BIT CORE BARREL Christensen CORE GROUND ELEV 638, 20m WATER	5 DIA	5 mm Nom.	Daté Drillii	Mai NG CO Gai	rch 7, 1987 ritty & Baker Hogan	
用OCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	BOCK ESTR.	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	₩ი (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
SAND and GRAVEL silt layers -1		Slope Indicator Installation				- - - 1
-2						2—
3			:			3
4 CLAYSTONE, grey, weathered START OF CORING AT 4.9m			4.9			4
SANDSTONE weak to moderately strong, bentonitic, silty, fine grained,		-medium to thickly bedded	83 (83)	16.2 17.3		5— - -
grey, fresh, coal laminations, occasional claystone lamination		-vertical fracture	6.1	17.6		6— -
-7 -7				18.1		- - 7— -
SILTSTONE/CLAYSTONE & SANDSTONE very weak, fresh		-medium bedded	87 (56)	19.1		-
CLAYSTONE 8 weak to moderately strong, grey, fresh, siltstone laminations		-thickly bedded -joint, rough, planar, 20° TCA		26. 5		8
SANDSTONE and CLAYSTONE weak, fresh			8.8			-
-9 COAL, black	7.0	-rubbly core		26.0		9 -
CLAYSTONE weak, silty, grey, fresh, occasional siltstone and sandstone laminations		-thinly to thickly bedded		23.3	LL=102% PL= 24% PI= 78%	- -

Sheet 2 of 2

SCALE 1:50 FILE No. 17-454-20

TEST HOLE NO. 87-2

LOG OF TEST HOLF CORING

RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500. BIT CASHGONA. CORE GNAME. Christensen CORE GNA. MATERIEVEL EXAMPLE CONTINUES. CORE GNAME. CORE GNAMER C	LOCATION: See Drawing No., 17-454-20)-1			DELEUW.CA	THER WESTERN LTD.	
CLAYSTONE (continued)sandstone interbed COAL 11 NO RECOVERY 11.85 22.8 40.0 CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, fresh EENTONITE COAL CLAYSTONE & SANOSTONE interbedded, general service interbed	RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500 BIT CASING CORE BARREL Christensen CORE C	DIA.	75 mm Nom.	DATE DRILLI	Mar ING CO. Gar	ch 7, 1987 ritty & Baker	
-sandstone interbed COAL 11 NO RECOVERY 11.85 12. CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, fresh COAL CLAYSTONE, sueak, silty, fresh interbedded, 13 weak, silty, grey, fresh, carbonaceous COAL, moderately weak, fresh -siltstone interbed 13.65 -medium bedded 92 17.5 (56) 17.4 13.6 -medium bedded 13.65 -medium bedded 13.65 19.7 -joint, closed, planar, 80° ICA -medium to thickly bedded, horizontal 15.3 End of coring at 15.3m 16.8	ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK E	OISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	(RQD)	4411	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
NO RECOVERY 11.85 12 CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, fresh BENTONITE COAL CLAYSTONE/SILTSTONE & SANOSTONE interbedded, rinterbedded, weak, silty, grey, fresh, carbonaceous COAL, moderately weak, fresh rinterbedded, weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer 16.8 End of coring at 15.3m (23) 25.0 11.85 22.8 40.0 -thinly to medium bedded 92 17.5 (56) 17.4 13.65 19.7 -joint, closed, planar, 80° TCA -joint, closed, planar, 75° TCA -medium to thickly bedded, horizontal 16.5 End of coring at 15.3m 16.7 End of coring at 15.3m	-sandstone interbed		-medium bedded	60	15.4		- - -
I1.85 I2 CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, fresh BENTONITE COAL CLAYSTONE/SILTSTONE & SANDSTONE interbedded, carbonaceous COAL, moderately weak, fresh siltstone interbedded, interbedded, weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer IS COAL, moderately weak, fresh sinterbedded, weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer IS End of coring at 15.3m II.85 II.86 II.85 II.85 II.85 II.85 II.85 II.85 II.85 II.85 II.86	11	\bigvee			25.0		11-
COAL CLAYSTONE/SILTSTONE & SANOSTONE interbedded, 13 weak, silty, grey, fresh, carbonaceous COAL, moderately weak, fresh -siltstone interbed 4 SILTSTONE/SANDSTONE & CLAYSTONE interbedded, weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer 15 End of coring at 15.3m - thinly to medium bedded 92 (56) 17.4 13.65 19.7 -joint, closed, planar, 80° TCA -joint, closed, planar, 75° TCA -medium to thickly bedded, horizontal 15.3	12 CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, fresh			11.85		 -	12 —
- COAL, moderately weak, fresh -siltstone interbed - 14 - SILTSTONE/SANDSTONE & CLAYSTONE interbedded, weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer - 15 - End of coring at 15.3m - 16	COAL CLAY5TONE/SILTSTONE & SANOSTONE interbedded, 13 weak, silty, grey, fresh,		-thinly to medium bedded		17.5		13—
SILTSTONE/SANDSTONE & CLAYSTONE interbedded. Weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer 15 End of coring at 15.3m Interbedded, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer End of coring at 15.3m Interbedded, bright closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer Joint, closed, planar, and grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer	siltstone interbed		-medium bedded	13,65	<u> </u>		-
- coal stringer - 15 Toal stringer - medium to thickly bedded, horizontal 15.3 End of coring at 15.3m In the stringer of t	interbedded, weak, bentonitic, sandy, brown and grey, fresh, occasional		80° TCA -joint, closed, planar,				14— - -
	- coal stringer		75° TCA -medium to thickly				15
							16—
	17						17 <u>—</u>
18	18						18
	- 10					·	19
	17						20

THURBER CONSULTANTS LTD., Sheet 1 of 2

TEST HOLE NO. 87-3

	LO	G OF TEST HOLE CO	RING			
LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-20 N 5933026.85, E 32807.37	, 		CLIENT PROJECT	DELEUW CA RIVER VAL	THER MESTERN LTD. LEY ROAD UPGRADING	
RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500 BIT CASING CORE BARREL Christensen CORE C GROUND ELEV 637.17m WATER	DIA	5 mm Nom.	DATE DRILLI INSPEC	NG CO. Gan	rch 6, 1987 ritty & Baker Hogan	
ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	HOCK EST	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
ASPHALT /						-
- GRAVEL (FILL) _ rubble	_	Pneumatic Piezometer Installation				-
1 						1
- -	866 200		:			-
-2						2—
-						-
-						
3 						3
						-
<u>-4</u>						4
CLAYSTONE/SILTSTONE and CLAY grey						-
START OF CORING AT 5.0m			5.0	19.3		5
SANDSTONE weak, bentonitic, silty, fine to		-thickly bedded	74 (63)	19.5		-
medium grained, grey, fresh, occasional coal stringer		-joint 20° TCA	5.95	17.9		
		-joint 70° TCA				6— -
interlaminated SILTSTONE/CLAY- STONE and SANDSTONE, weak to	222	-thinly bedded		12.0 20.3		-
-7 very weak	\					7—
<u>-</u>	\/		30 (16)			-
- NO RECOVERY8	X					- 8
						-
- - - - 9			9.0			-
COAL moderately weak, fresh		-medium bedded		28.2		y
interbedded SILTSTONE & CLAYSTONE weak, silty, clayey, grey, fresh				17.6		<u>-</u>
10	7.F.			<u>17.7</u> CALE 1:	50 FILE No. 17-4	

Sheet 2 of 2

TEST HOLE NO. 87-3

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING

LOCATION See Onawing No. 17-454-20				CLIENT . PROJECT .	RIVER VAL	LEY ROAD UPGRADING	
RIG TYPE Maynew 1500	,	 . .					
BIT CASING	DIA			DATE	_	rch 6, 1987 ritty & Baker	
CORE BARREL Christensen CORE D	NA		5 man Nom.			Hogan	
GROUND ELEV WATER	LEVEL .			INSPEC	ы он		
± 2 ROCK DESCRIPTION	ROCK	말	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION	Recovery	Wn	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK TYPE	말	joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	(RQD) (%)	(%)	, cor negocia	<u> </u>
SILTSTONE and CLAYSTONE (cont.)		\prod	-medium bedded to thinly				_
			bedded	ļ ,			_
CILTCYONE			-thickly bedded	89	20.5		-
SILTSTONE 11 clayey, carbonaceous, grey-brn.			anteria negatia	(33)			11 —
completely weathered to fresh			-thinly bedded	!	18.9		-
COAL SILTSTONE and CLAYSTONE	Z.		-thinly bedded	!	-		-
NO RECOVERY	X			12.05			12 —
SILTSTONE			-medium bedded		16.6		-
weak, clayey, grey, fresh SANDSTONE, claystone laminations				(15.3		-
interbedded SILTSTONE & CLAYSTONE	///		المناه المستشارة والمستمارة والمس				_
13 weak, clayey, silty, grey, fresh, carbonaceous			-thinly to medium bedded	1	15.2		13
COAL	44			90	[-
SILTSTONE weak, clayey, grey, fresh	圍		 	(66)	1	1	-
14 SANDSTONE			W.L. Apr. 9/87 ✓-medium bedded		15.5		14—
moderately weak, bentonitic			-medium bedded -thinly bedded	-	13.3	ļ	-,-
CLAYSTONE, very weak SANDSTONE, weak, bentonitic		Ţ	-thinly bedded	•	10 =		-
- CLAYSTONE	77	Ų,			12.5		-
— 15 very weak, silty	7 /4	1	-thinly bedded	15.1			15
		/	Pneumatic Piezometer				-
End of coring at 15.1m			Tip No. 9780				-
- 16							16—
}						1	
t							-
[-							
<u> </u>				1			17—
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20		_			SCALE 1	:50 FILE No. 17-	

Sheet 1 of 2

TEST HOLE NO. 87-4

		OG OF TEST HOLE CO				
LOCATION: See Drawing No. 17-454-20 N. 5933074.22, E. 32693.73	9-1 a	**	CLIENT PROJECT	DELEUW.C RIVER VA	ATHER WESTERN LTD LLEY ROAD UPGRADING	
RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500			CHUECI			
PIT CASING	G DIA		DATE	Ma	rch 2, 1987	
CORE BARREL CORE (DIA	Y J. Hell HORIS	DRILLI	ING CO Ga.	rritty & Baker	
GROUND ELEV 637 .84m WATER	ALEVEL		INSPE	CTOR	. Hogan	
± 2 ROCK DESCRIPTION		2 DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION	Recovery	184		± €
田田 ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK E	☐ joints, bedding, seams, faults, ☐ spacing, attitude, smoothness	(RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
aize, weathering, colour	7000000	Dispersing, amount, sindomness	1 (70)	<u> </u>		
 						-
SAND brown, gravelly		Slope Indicator Installation				-
brown, graverry						-
-1						1—
		[]		[-
_			 		Sample 1 (Tube)	-
}		[]		[1	-
<u></u>				[2—
Ę.			<u></u>	ļ	1	-
SAND brown gravelly layers						_
brown, gravelly layers				ļ	ļ _s ,, , , , , ,	_
<u></u> 3				[Sample 2 (Tube)	3
-			.	ļ	1	_
 						-
				ļ]	_
- 4				Į	1	4
				ļ	1	_
SILTSTONE	日封			ļ		-
grey, clayey	日日		_			_
START OF CORING AT 5.2m	 [5.2	<u> </u>		
†	1					-
NO RECOVERY						-
⊢ 6	\/		20	1		6—
<u> </u>	1111		(20)	•	1	_
<u> </u>	M					7
<u>F</u>	$\parallel \parallel \parallel \parallel$!		-
 - 7	$\parallel \parallel \parallel$					7—-
	V 11					-
IRONSTONE	‡	-thinly bedded to		3.3		-
- SANDSTONE		medium bedded	7.9	19.0		
weak, fine grained, bentonitic, fresh, grey,					1	8
Siltstone laminations, calcareous		-numerous multidirection-	1	7.5		٦
SILTSTONE		al closed planar joints		/.5]	_
weak, bentonitic, fresh, grey,		-medium bedded	88		1	_
-9 claystone laminations		-horizontal bedding	(60)	19.5		9
L]	1	18.3		٦
-						
10 CLAYSTONE, weak	鮙		9.9		į	4
L 10 CENTSTONE, WEAK		 	<u> </u>			10

Sheet 2 of 2

TEST HOLE NO.

LOG OF TEST HOLE CORING

LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-20				CLIENT .	DELEUW.CA RIVER VAL	THER WESTERN LTD LEY ROAD UPGRADING	
RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500 BIT CASING CORE BARREL Christensen CORE (GROUND ELEY WATER	AIQ i AK		5 mm Nom.	DATE ORILLI INSPEC	NG CO Gar	ch 2, 1987 ritty & Baker Hogan	
HOCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	ROCK TYPE	- DETAILS	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (METRES)
CLAYSTONE (continued) weak, silty, grey to brown, fresh bentonitic, ironstone interbeds			-very thinly bedded to medium bedded		15.9 33.3 18.1	LL=99% PL=32% PI=67%	-
COAL weak, black, fresh, bentonitic laminations CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, brown,	186		-vertical fracture 0° TCA -very thinly bedded to medium bedded		47.1 37.3 28.3		11
fresh SILTSTONE, weak, clayey, gr. fresh SANDSTONE, weak, fine grained, 12 bentonitic, grey, fresh			-medium bedded -thinly bedded	-82 (40)	14.6 10.5		12—
- interlaminated SILTSTONE/CLAY- STONE and SANDSTONE moderately weak, grey, fresh	7		-thinly to medium bedded		10.3		-
- 13 CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, grey, fresh, carbonaceous			into 050 - Janes manch	12.9	16.7		13
 BENTONITE COAL moderately weak, black, fresh 			-joint 85° planar, rough -joint 80° planar, rough -vertical fracture		29.2		- -
- 14 SILTSTONE - weak, brown, fresh, carbonaceous, - occasional coal lens - interlaminated SILTSTONE/SAND-			-medium bedded -medium bedded -joint 45°	103 (71)	14.4 14.0		14—
STONE and CLAYSTONE, weak, grey 15 COAL SILTSTONE, moderately weak, grey	#		-thinly bedded -very thinly bedded		21.0		15—
fresh, sandstone and claystone interbeds, trace of fine grained sand	E	A DATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART		15,9	13.4		- -
16 SANDSTONE, weak, fine grained, grey, fresh CLAYSTONE, weak, grey, fresh			-rough, planar joints		15.4 14.4		16 -
SANDSTONE, moderately weak 17 CLAYSTONE			⊸medłum bedded		17.0		17
weak, silty, grey, fresh, occasional coal laminations			 -numerous multidirection- al joints, closed, planar -thinly to thickly bedded 	102	27.10		-
18			Slope Indicator Installation		17.4		18
- - 19				18.9	17.0		- 1 9
End of coring at 19.1m		1			,		
20	<u> </u>				CALE	. 50 EU E No. 17	20

Sheet 1 of 2

SCALE 1:50

FILE No. 17-454-20

TEST HOLE NO. 87+5

		G OF TEST HOLE CO				
LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-20- (SI)N 5933082.29, E 32654.21 RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500	(PP.). N	5933083.86, E 32651.	CLIENT , 59PROJECT .	RIVER VAL		
BIT CASING D CORE BARREL Christensen CORE DIA GROUND ELEV FOR S.I. =633.70m WATER LI for P.P. =633.81m	1A	5 mm Nom.		ic co. Gar	ch 3, 1987 rritty & Baker Hogan	
ROCK DESCRIPTION type, strength, grain, size, weathering, colour	OCK TANGE	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION joints, bedding, seams, feuits, spacing, attitude, smoothness	Recovery (RQD) (%)	Wn (%)	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH (NETRES)
CLAY		Slope Indicator				-
grey-brown, very silty, trace of fine sand, coal fines		Installation Pneumatic Piezometer				 1
thin peat layer		Installation	63	30.7	Sample 1	-
CLAYSTONE and CLAY grey-brown, some coal				17.3		- 2
GRAVEL grey-brown, clayey, pebbles to 40mm, asphalt rubble				26.8	Sample 2	-
- CLAYSTDNE - weak, silty, grey to grey-			57	22.1	Samp to 2	3—
brown, moderately weathered		:				-
START OF CORING AT 4.0m CLAYSTONE, weak, silty, brown,			4.0	05.1		
fresh, coal lenses	27	-thinly bedded		25.1 18.2		-
-5 \frac{1}{2}	$\setminus / $. y .W.L. Apr. 9/87				- 5—
NO RECOVERY	XIII		8 (6)			-
- -6						5—
SANDSTONE, weak, silty, bentonitic, grey, fresh		-thinly bedded	6.4			-
CLAYSTONE weak, silty, fresh, carbonaceous		-medium bedded -numerous multidirection		18.1		- 7—
BENTONITE COAL		al joints		19.4 40.6	LL=361	- -
CLAYSTONE 8 weak to moderately weak, silty,		-thinly bedded	81 (37)	14.7	PL= 39 PI=322	8
fresh, carbonaceous, occasional coal stringer		-thickly bedded		- 7.5 r		- -
9 NO RECOVERY SILTSTONE	$\leq \parallel$	-numerous multidirection	9.1	12.4		9 <u> </u>
interbedded SILTSTONE/CLAYSTONE and SANDSTONE		al joints -very thinly bedded to		18.8		-
weak, grey fresh		medium bedded	50	16.8 CALE 1	:50 FILE No. 17-	

Sheet 2 of 2

TEST HOLE NO. 87-5

	L	.00	OF TEST HOLE CO	RING			
LOCATION See Drawing No. 17-454-20				CLIENT .	DELEUW.CA RIVER VAL	THER WESTERN LID LEY ROAD UPGRADING	
RIG TYPE Mayhew 1500		.					
BIT CASING	S DIA.		5 mm Nom.	DATE DRILLI	ngen Gar	ritty & Baker	
CORE BARREL Christensen CORE C	-			INSPEC	•	Hogan	
5.00.00 CECT				1			
표절 ROCK DESCRIPTION	ROCK	IR.S	DISCONTINUTIES DESCRIPTION	Recovery (RQD)	Wn	TEST RESULTS	DEPTH INKTRES)
E	ROCK TYPE	¥£	joints, bedding, seams, faults, spacing, attitude, smoothness	(%)	(%)		
SANDSTONE, weak, silty, bento-		\prod					
nitic, grey SILTSTONE, moderately weak, clay-	巨到		-medium bedded		12.7		-
SILTSTONE, moderately weak, clay- ey, tr. fine gr. sand, gr. fresh							-
SANDSTONE, strong, silty, grey,]	6.6		11 —
- CLAYSTONE			Slope Indicator		- 1-		_
weak, silty, grey, fresh			Installation				_
	122			11.8			
- 12	1	l 					12 —
End of coring at II.8m		I					-
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	•			S	SCALE 1	:50 FILE No. 17	-454-20

501 2705B			 					
CITY OF EDMONTON	TES	T HOLE LOG & LAS	ORATO	RY TI	EST DA	TA		
MATERIALS TESTING DIV.	PROJECT	Slope Indicator Fortway Road ~	e 45 109 Sti	reet				
OWN. D.W.F. CKO.	JOB NO 4387	DATE 83-01-17	HOLE NO.	2	PLAT	E NO.	3	
Maist. Cont.		SOIL PROFILE	•	SAM	PLES			
	ОЕРТН	CLASSIFICATION		SYMBOL	QTHER	SAMPLE COND.	TYPE	314
MOISTURE CONTENT (%) STANDARD PENETRATION (N) 10 20 30 40 30 60 70 80	ELEV. GROUND SUR	HACE ELEV.		SYL	TESTS	7 S	<u>}</u>	SCALE
	Clay	Brown	Damp		u=kPa			. L
	-	-Silty -Cl		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	P=kPa			- 2
	1	-Stiff				$\geq \!\!\!\! \neq$		· [
		-Rust stains -Traces of clay sh	ale				Ľ	4_
		-Frost 1.1m						_
<u> </u>	 _						2	- 6
	2						K	
	Bedrock	Grey	Moist	K/ 14	u=*		\dashv	- 8
		-Clay shale -CH		P	P=+479	70		_
	3	-Hard	_	N	=15	X.	—. <u>3</u> s	10
	 	-Carbonaceous to 5 -Fractured	. 3m		-13		<u> </u>	- _
	 - 	-Rust stained frac	tures				ı	- 12
	4	-Sandstone lenses -Coal lense 8.7m t	a 9 0m		u=194.1		 [4	_
	 	-come cerme a. in a	.0).0///	P	P=+479	1		- 14
	 			N	=39	X	s -	- 16
	5						<u>-</u> 5	
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January 28, 2011 CAD: 931+36+16

TO: Engineering Services Library

FROM: Christina Tatarniuk, P.Eng., Research Engineer

Engineering Services, Transportation Operations

SUBJECT: Slope Inclinometer Installation

Fortway Drive near 109 Street East of the High Level Bridge

INTRODUCTION

A slope inclinometer (SI) was installed by Engineering Services at the above-noted monitoring site on September 16, 2010. The location of the slope inclinometer, denoted SI 10-01, is shown on Figure 1 in Appendix A. SI 10-01 was installed on Fortway Drive, approximately 50m east of the High Level Bridge. This inclinometer was installed to replace SI-110, which was no longer operational. SI 10-01 was installed in the roadway to facilitate monitoring of ground movements below this section of Fortway Drive.

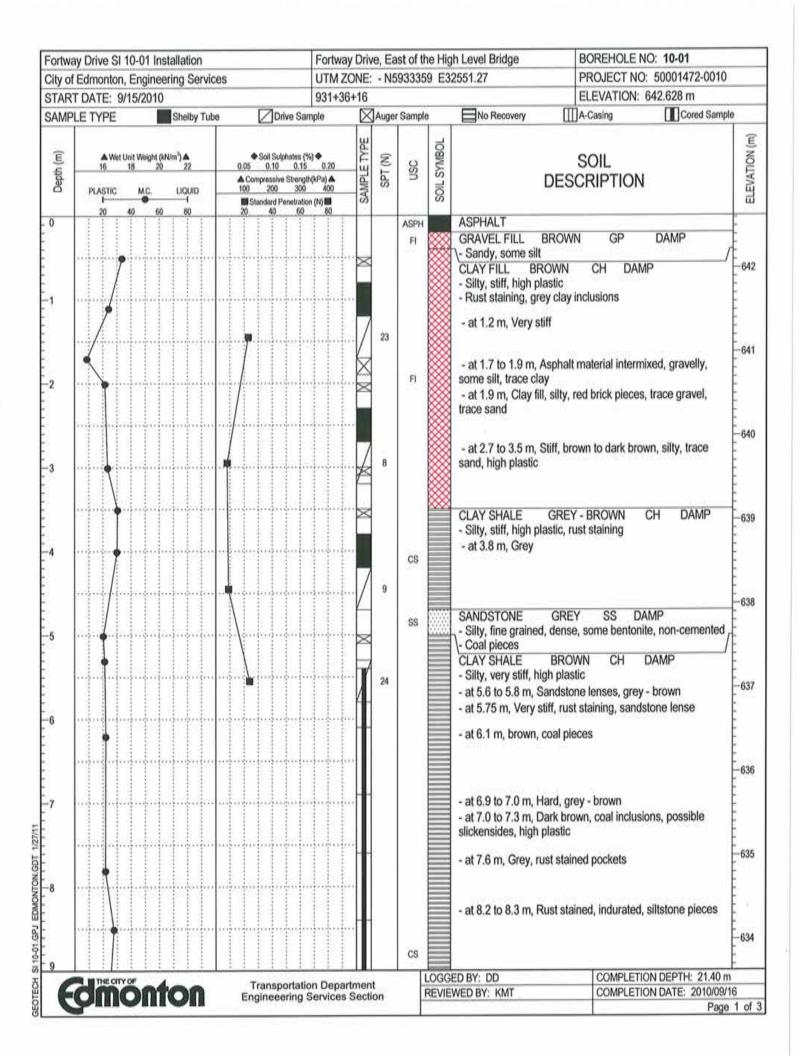
The surveyed coordinates of SI 10-01 were N 5933359.00 and E 32551.27, with a corresponding ground elevation of 642.628 m; the survey data sheet is included in Appendix A and shows the surveyed coordinate information for both SI 10-01 and the original SI-110.

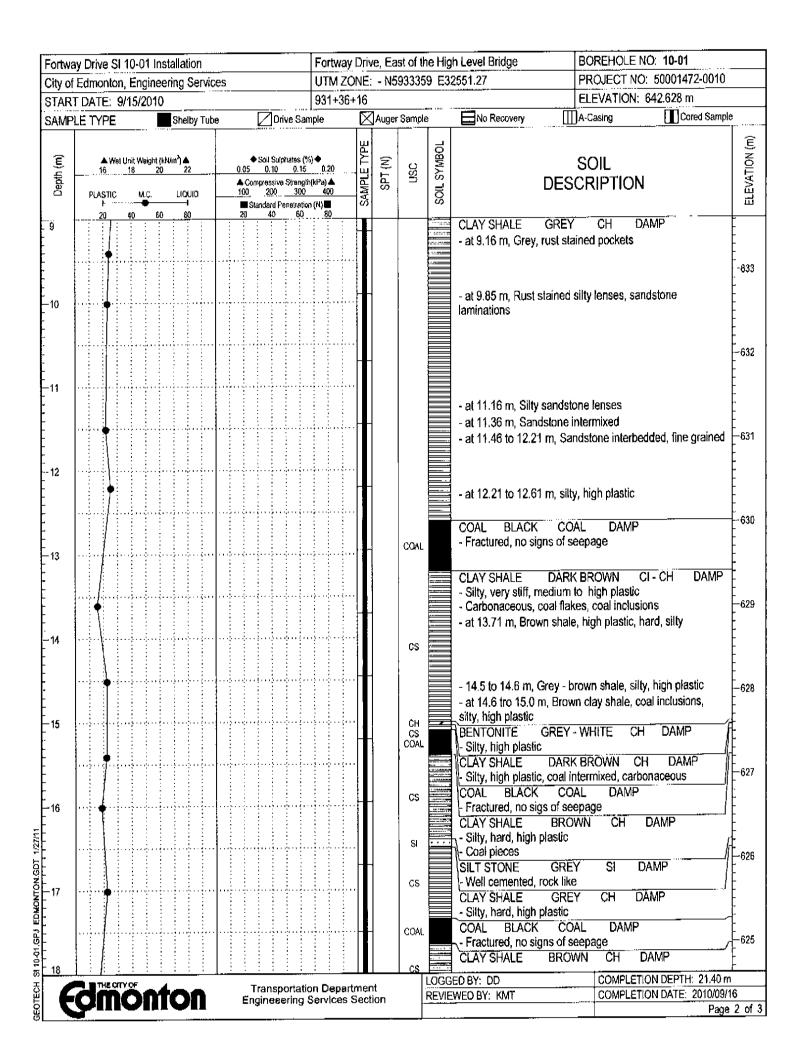
BACKGROUND

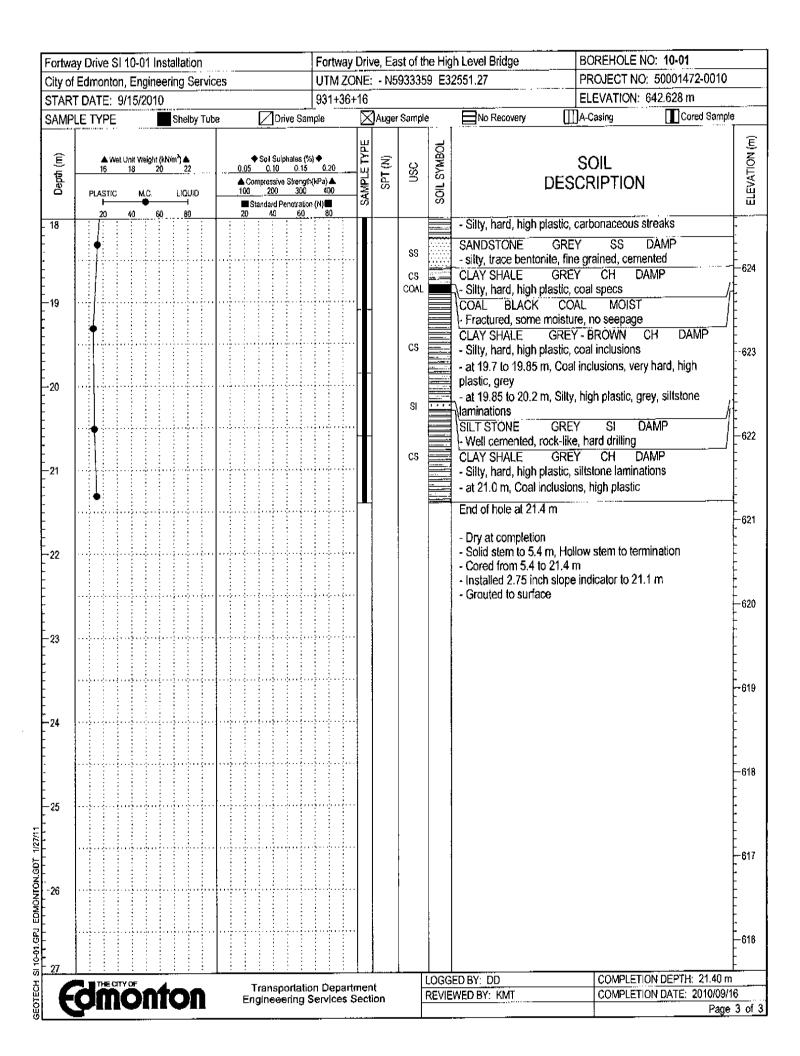
Fortway Drive is a low-volume road which connects River Valley Road to the Legislative Grounds to the north and 107 Street to the east. Fortway Drive traverses along the slopes and an upper terrace level of the North Saskatchewan River valley, upslope of River Valley Road. Records of borehole logs from the Engineering Services Library indicate that slope inclinometers were installed in the area between 1978 and 1985. A slope stability evaluation report for the site was prepared by Thurber Consultants Ltd., dated August 1986.

Engineering Services currently monitors 4 slope inclinometers at the Fortway Drive Site in addition to SI 10-01. These inclinometers were denoted SI-111, SI-113, SI-115, and SI-118. The locations of these remaining operational instruments at the site are also shown on Figure 1 in Appendix A.





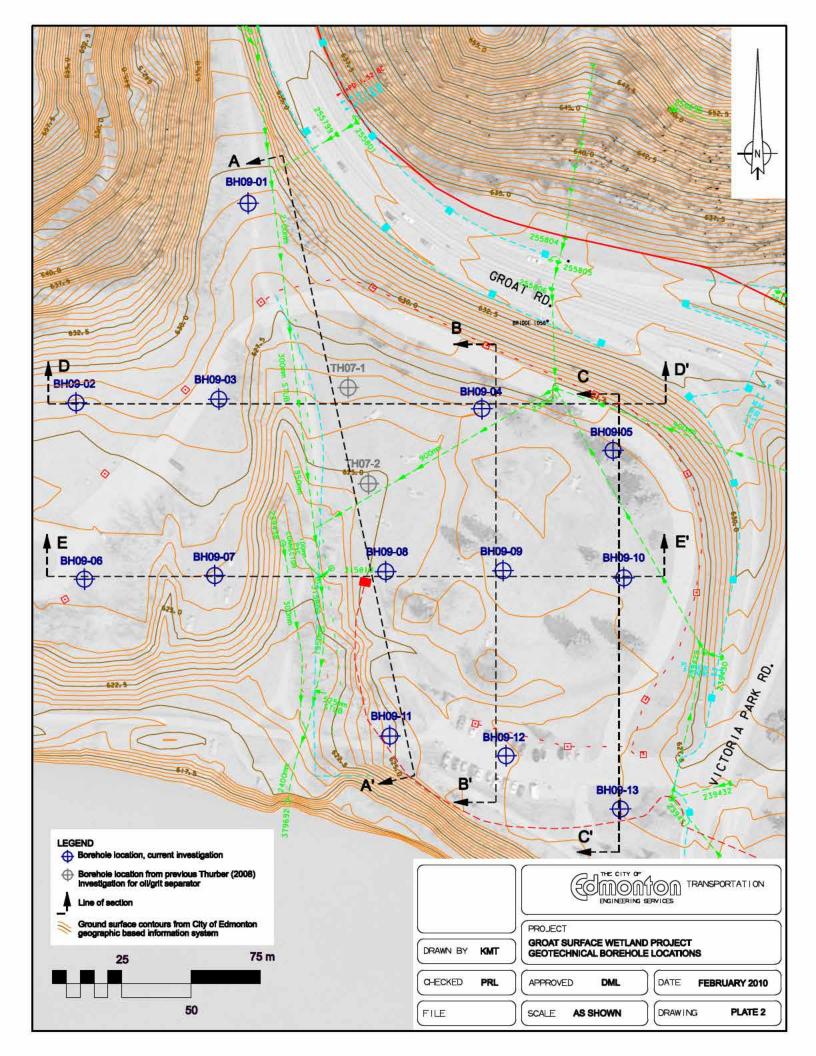


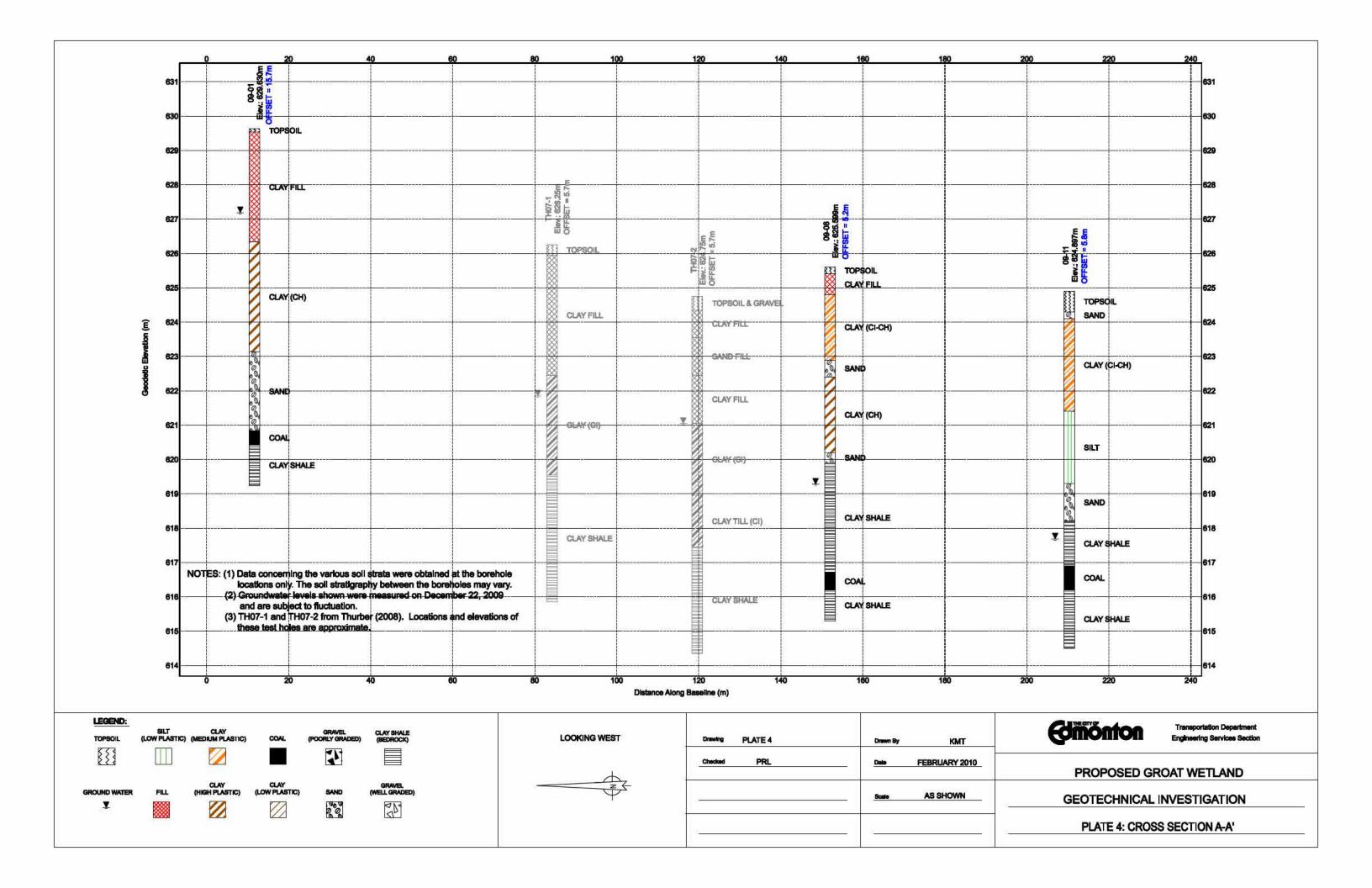


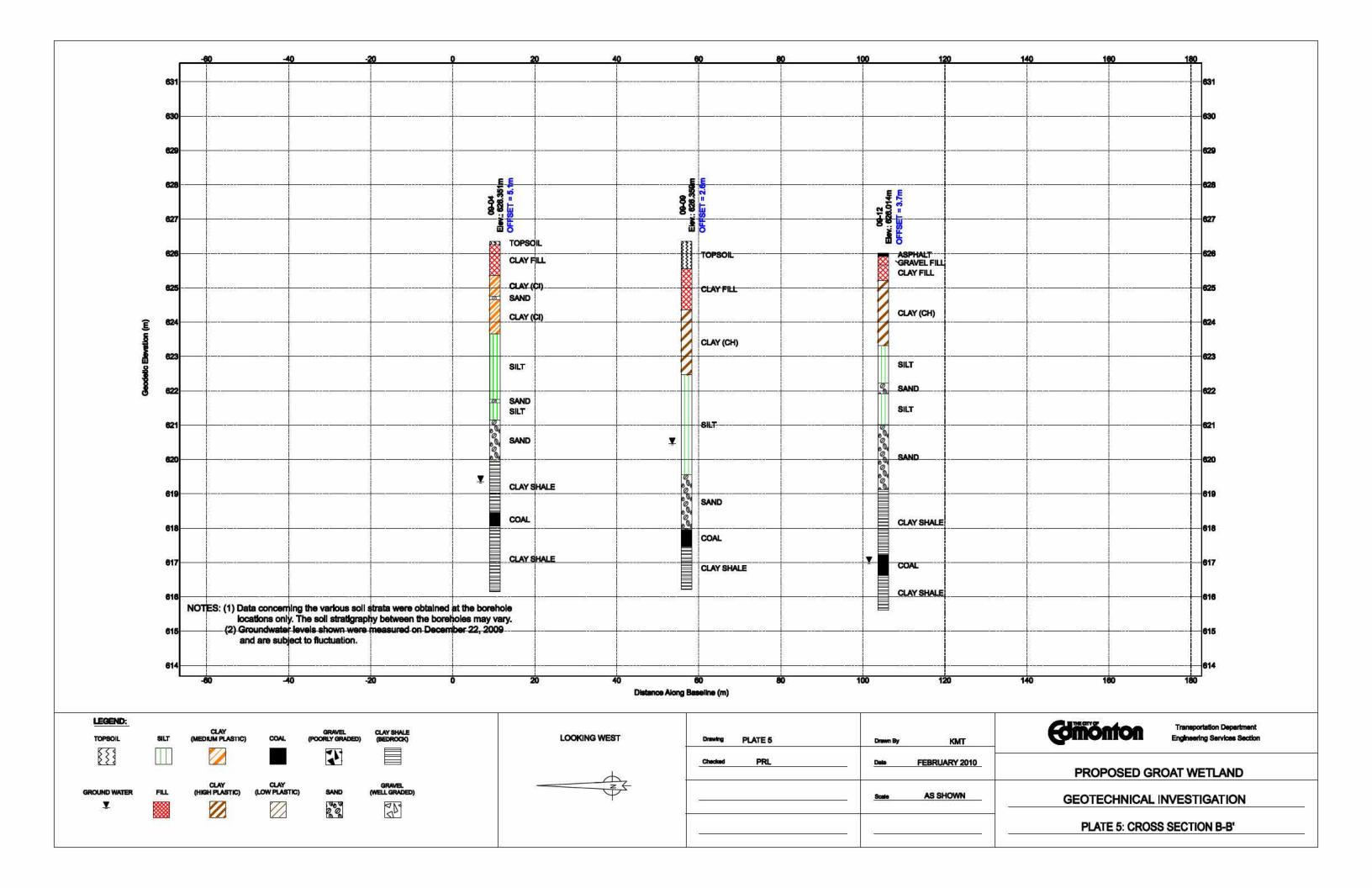
PROPOSED GROAT SURFACE WETLAND GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

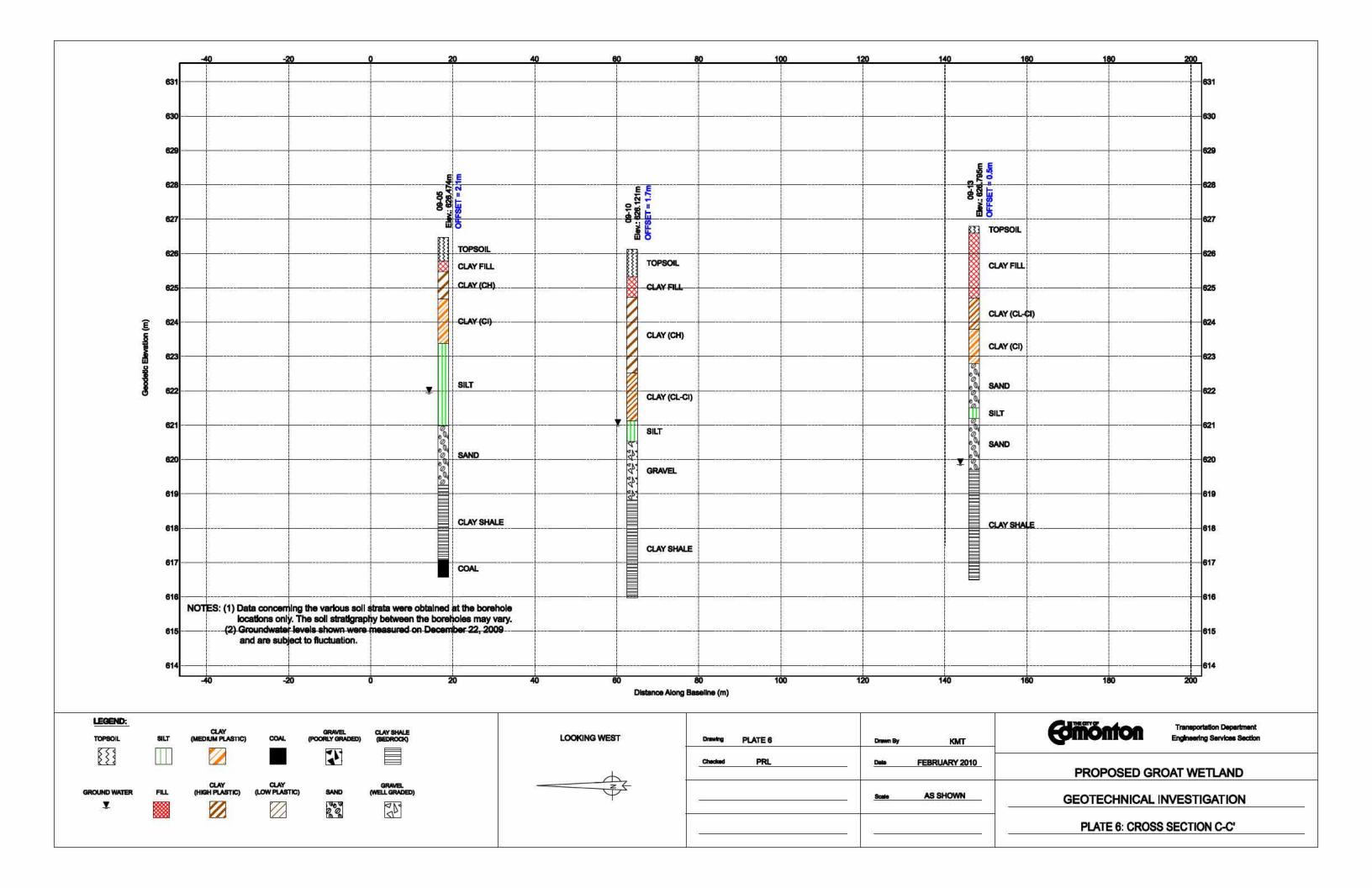
Government House Park Southwest of Groat Road at Victoria Park Road

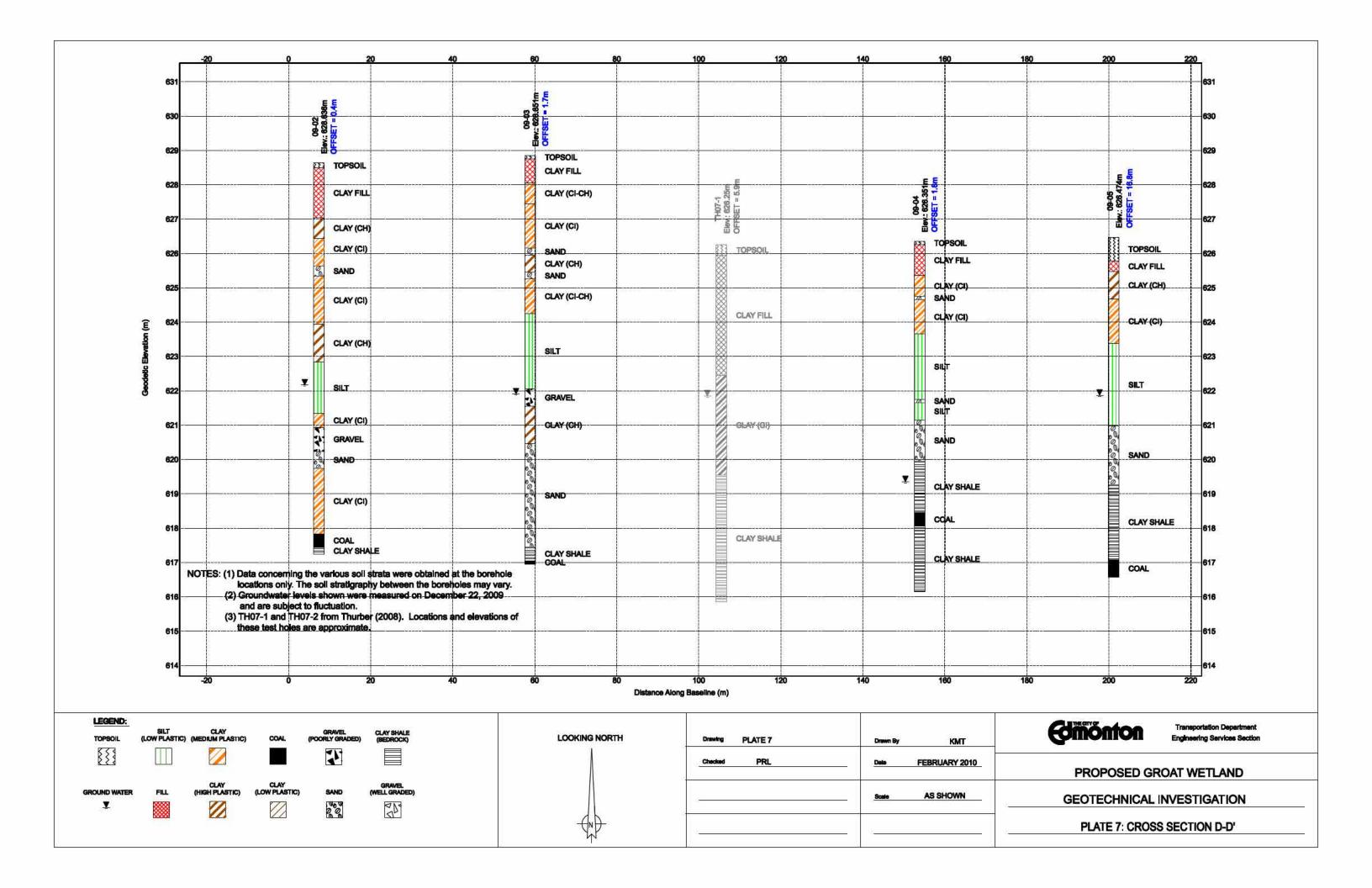
February 2010

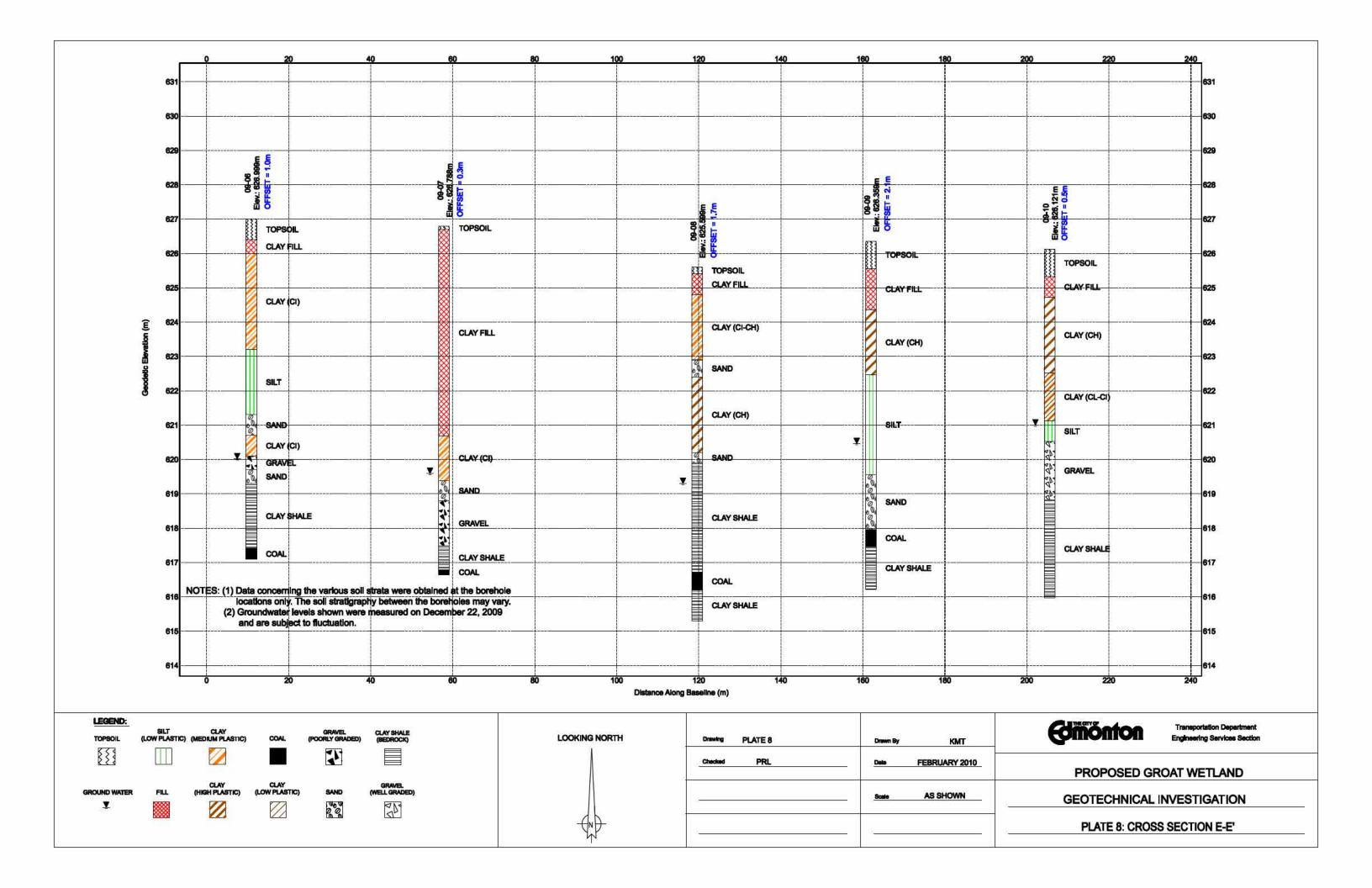


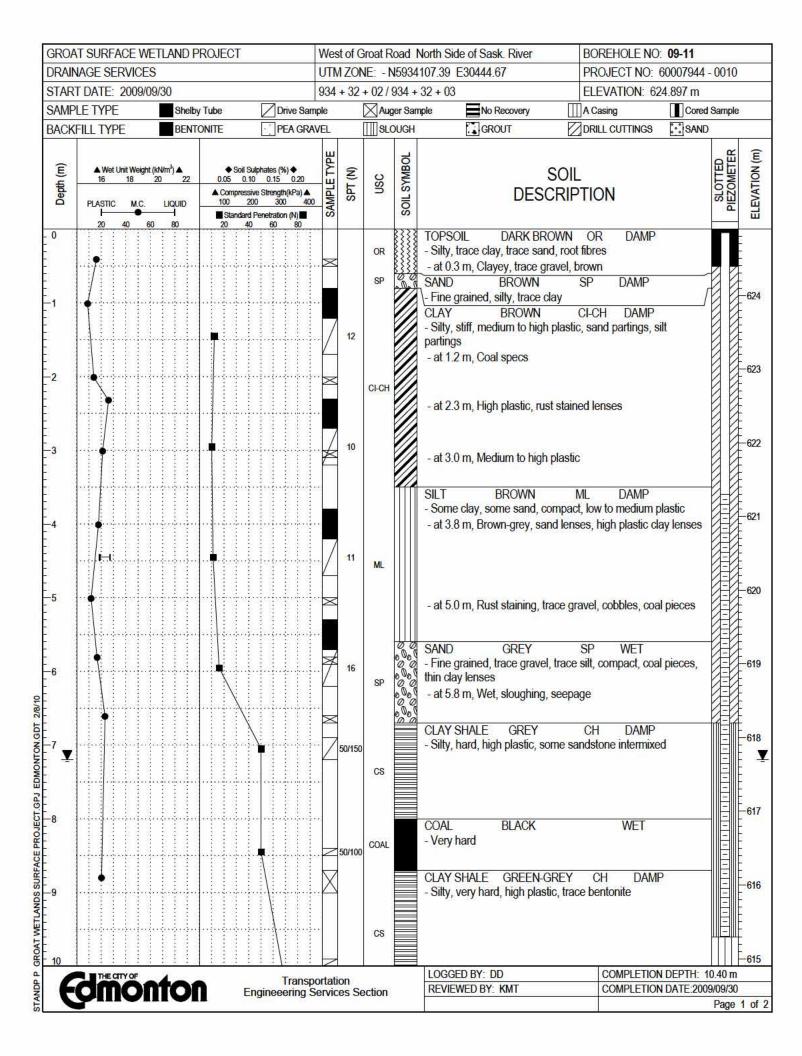




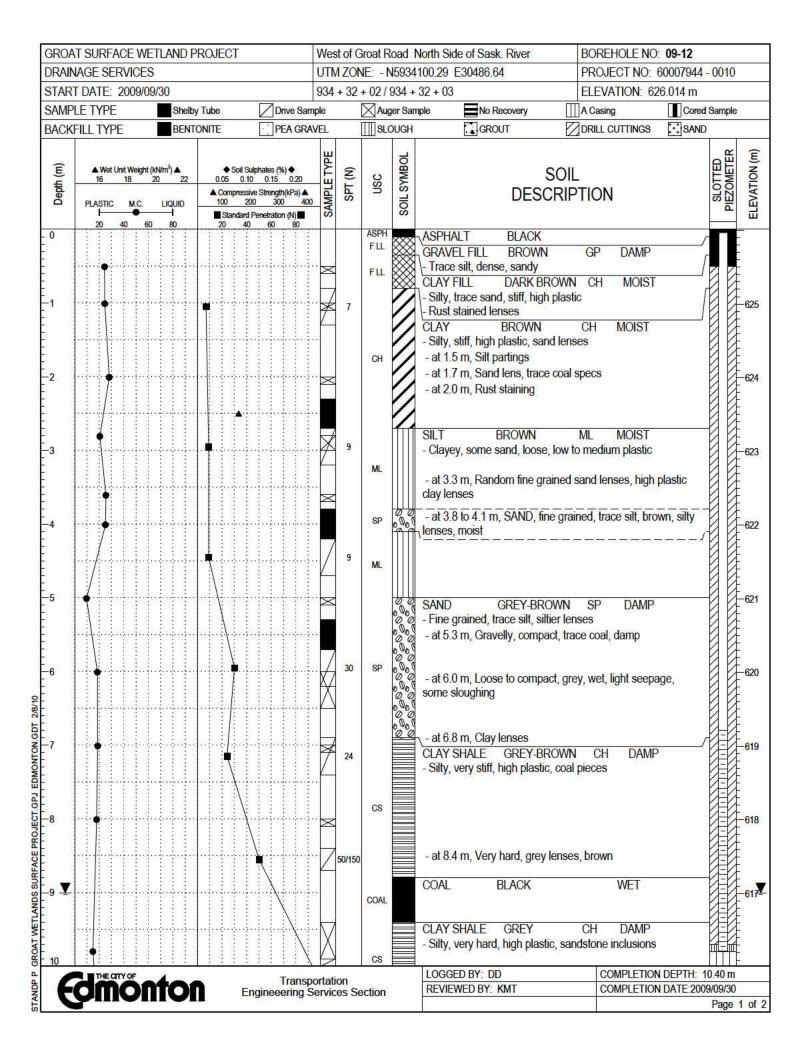




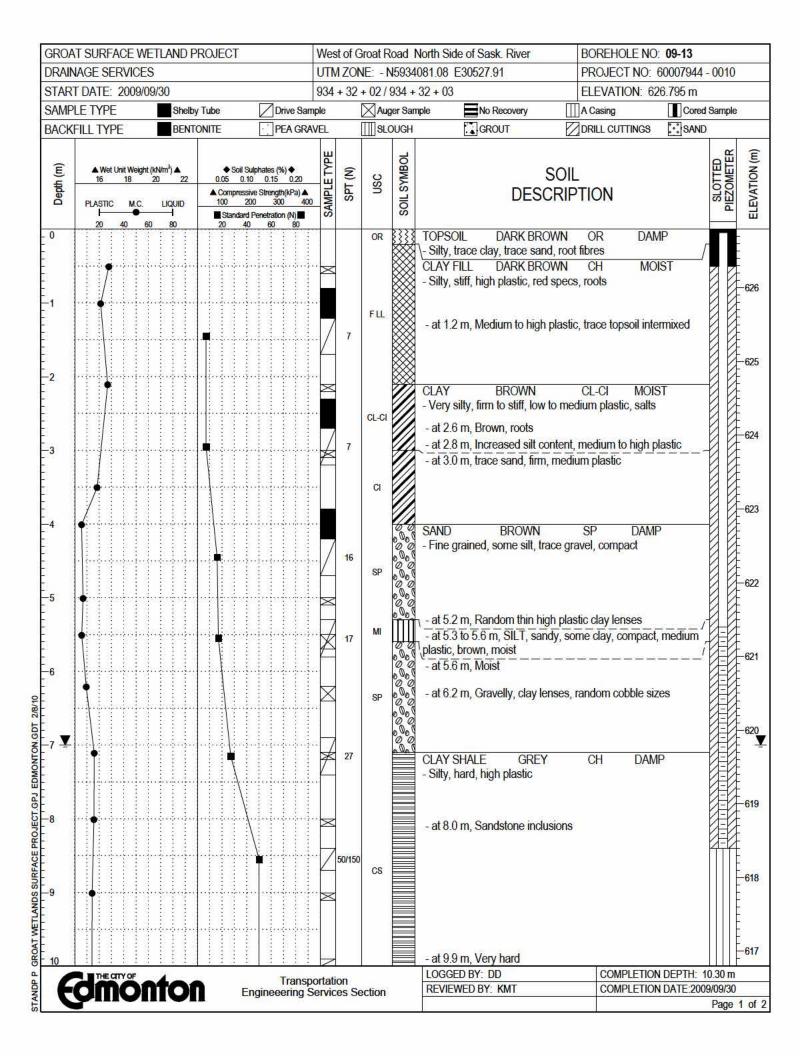




	T SURF			_	AND	PR	ROJI	EC	T				-					North Sid 4107.39	I statement and the fact that	11111	er		OREHO ROJEC				010	
-carcon sec	T DATE:		CONTRACTOR	15									-		Street, KASS	WW. W. W.	1. N. W. W. W. W. W. W.	+ 32 + 03		/SF			LEVATI	241-04-042-04	A COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY	1000	- TANK	
	LE TYPI				Shel	by 7	Tube					rive S	- 21				uger Sa		No F	Recover	ry		Casing			ored Sa	mple	ñ
BACK	FILL TY	PE		Ī	BEN						_	EA G	1.50	***			LOUGH		GRO	***********		سبب	RILL CUT	TINGS	:: S/		*	
Depth (m)	▲ Wet	Unit V	meta.			2	A (.05 Comp	0.1	0 ive St	trengti	0.20 h(kPa)	A	SAMPLE TYPE	SPT (N)	nsc	BOL				S(ESCF	OIL					PIEZOMETER	ELEVATION (m)
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-10 -11 -12 -13 -14 -15 -16 -17															69			WaterWaterInstall	Borehole level at level at ed 25 m lled with	e at 10 6.1 m 7.2 m m PV(, slough on Dec C stand;	at 6.7 ember	22, 200 9.6 m	9	on			-614 -613 -612 -610 -609 -609
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		-					0			3																Р	age	2 of



This process Section	GROAT SURFACE		ROJECT			The Section Co.		North Side of Sask. River	BOREHOLE NO: 09-12				
AMPLETYPE Shuby Tube		2-12-12-14-15			ACCOUNT COMMON	A1000000000000000000000000000000000000	- N. P. S. P. S. C	ATHERITY OF THE CONTROL OF SECURITY SEC.	1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	PROJECT NO: 60007944 - 0010			
ACKFILL TYPE BENTONTE PEAR GRAVEL DO COMPLETION S SAND ANALOSE WASHE DATA DO COMPLETION DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DO COMPLETION DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DO COMPLETION DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DO COMPLETION DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DO COMPLETION DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DATA DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DATA DATA DATA DE PEN OBS SOLD ANALOSE WASHE DATA DATA DATA DATA DATA DATA DATA DAT						10000000		21 20		12001001			
A new total recept (paths) A new total recept (p				- Indiana Company			-10 27 2 7 6 16		The second secon				
CLAY SHALE GREY CH DAMP End of Borehole at 10.4 m - Weller level at 9.9 m on October 5, 2009 - Installed 25 mm PVC standpipe to 9.8 m - Backfilled with drill cuttings, bentonite surface seal	BACKFILL TYPE	BENTO	ONITE	PEA GRA	WEL	∭ SL	OUGH	GROUT	DRILL CUTTINGS	SAND			
CLAY SHALE GREY CH DAMP End of Boxelole at 10.4 m - Welter level of 9 m, slough at 9.7 m on completion Welter level of 9 m on October 5, 2009 Installed 25 mm PVC standpipe to 9.8 m - Backfilled with drill cuttings, bentontle surface seal 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 10 11 11 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	F	M.C. LIQUID	0.05 0.10 ▲ Compressive 100 200 ■ Standard Pe	0.15 0.20 Strength(kPa) ▲ 300 400 enetration (N) ■	SAMPLE TYPE	USC USC	SOIL SYMBOL			SLOTTED PIEZOMETER ELEVATION (m)			
- Water level at 9.0 m on Cotcher 5, 2000 - Water level at 9.0 m on Cotcher 5, 2000 - Installed 25 mm PVC standpipe to 9.8 m - Backfilled with drill cuttings, bentonite surface seal	10	80 80	20 40	80 80	9	8		CLAY SHALE GREY	CH DAMP	THE T			
Transportation Engineeering Services Section Engineering Services	-11 -12 -13 -14 -15 -16 -17 -18 -19							End of Borehole at 10.4 m - Water level at 6.9 m, slough a - Water level at 9.0 m on Octob - Installed 25 mm PVC standpi	at 9.7 m on completio er 5, 2009 pe to 9.8 m	615			
CHICAL CHIRAL CHIRAL STATE OF THE CONTROL OF THE CO	20 THEORY	Sator		Transp	portation	Soutier							
Page 2	AIII		LIIL	Jinocoming C	OI VICES	CCUOII				Page 2 of			



	T SURFA	William Park Burn		ROJEC	T				and the second		North Side of Sask. River	BOREHOLE NO				
2-2-11 D1101-1	NAGE SER	Children Children					100000	Control Control	0.007	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	4081.08 E30527.91		PROJECT NO: 60007944 - 0010			
	T DATE: 2	2009/09					93	4 + 32			k	ELEVATION: 626.795 m				
SAMP	LE TYPE		Shelby	Tube		Drive S	CALCADA SA	imple Auge		-10,277,277,11		A Casing	Cored Sar	mple		
BACK	FILL TYPE	i i	BENTO	ONITE		PEA GI	RAVEL		SLO	OUGH	GROUT	DRILL CUTTINGS	SAND			
Depth (m)	PLASTIC	M.C. 60	tN/m³) ▲ 20 22 LIQUID ——1 80	0.05 ▲ Comp 100	oressive St 200	0.15 0.20 rength(kPa)	100 K	SPT (N)	osn	SOIL SYMBOL		DIL RIPTION	SLOTTED	PIEZOMETER		
_ 10	Į.				•		Ι,	50/125			CLAY SHALE GREY	CH DAM	IP			
—11 —12											End of Borehole at 10.3 m - Borehole dry, slough at 8.4 m - Water level at 7.0 m on Dece - Installed 25 mm PVC standp - Backfilled with drill cuttings, b	ember 22, 2009 ipe to 8.4 m	ı	-61(
														-61-		
-14 - - - - - -15														61:		
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_ 1 7														—610 —		
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Groat Road Bridges Rehabilitation Project: Roadworks at Groat Road Interchange Environmental Impact Assessment

Draft Report

Prepared for:

City of Edmonton Transportation Planning & Design and Transportation Infrastructure Delivery Edmonton, Alberta

Prepared by:

Spencer Environmental Management Services Ltd. Edmonton, Alberta

Under contract to:

DIALOG Edmonton, Alberta

Project Number EP 667

March 2017

LEGEND

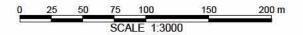
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APPROXIMATE TEST HOLE LOCATION (2016)



APPROXIMATE TEST HOLE LOCATION (2015)

PROPOSED WESTBOUND VICTORIA PARK ROAD TO NORTHBOUND GROAT ROAD RAMP



BASE PLAN PROVIDED BY CITY OF EDMONTON TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT



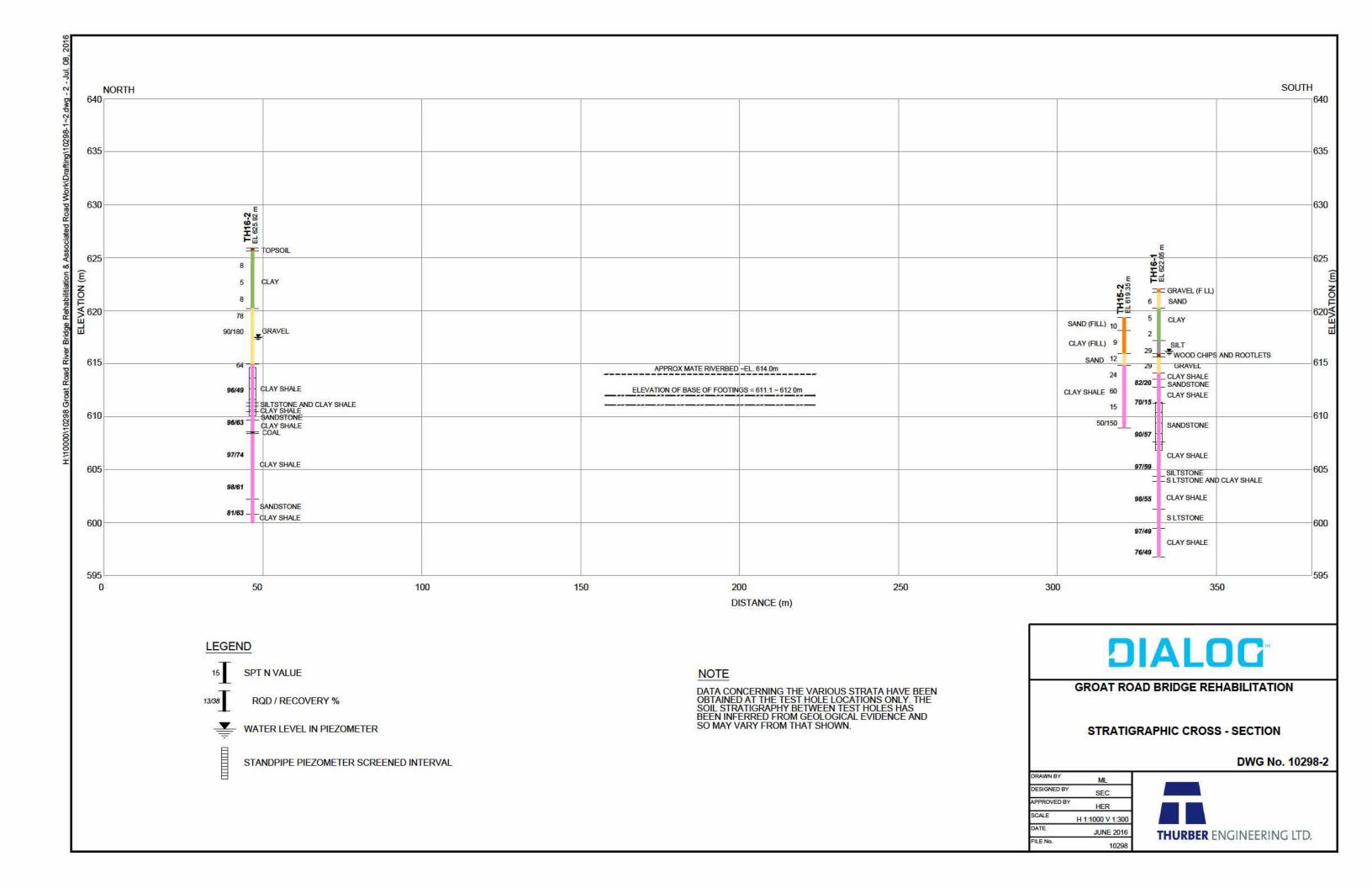
GROAT ROAD BRIDGE REHABILITATION

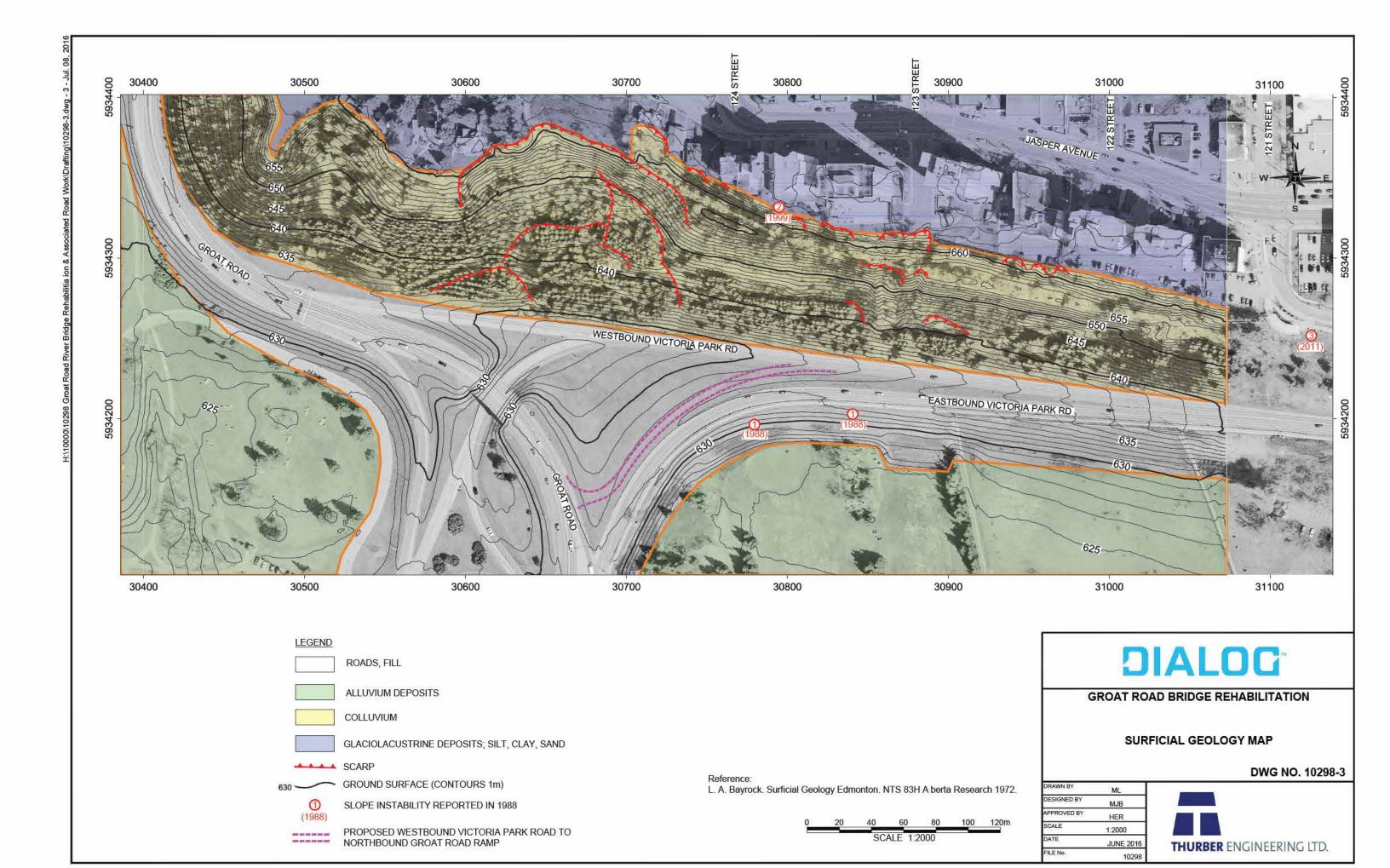
SITE PLAN SHOWING TEST HOLE LOCATIONS

DWG No. 10298-1

DRAWN BY	ML
DESIGNED BY	SEC
APPROVED BY	HER
SCALE	1:3000
DATE	JUNE 2016
FILE No.	10298







CLIEN	IT: E	OIALO	G		PROJECT: Groat Roa	d River	Bridge	Rehab	ilitiation & Associated Road V	Vork	BOREHOLE NO: TH16	5-2
DRILL	ING	COMF	PANY: Garritty & Baker		DATE DRILLED: April	19, 201	16				PROJECT NO: 10298	
DRILL	/ME	THOD:	Wet Rotary / Coring		LOCATION: N5933991	.67, E3	0656.4	2			ELEVATION: 625.92 (n	n)
SAME	LET	YPE	GRAB SAMPLE	SPT	SHE	LBY TUE	BE .		CORE			
BACK	FILL	TYPE	BENTONITE	SANE								
DEPTH (m)	SAMPLE TYPE	RQD/REC	20 40 60 80 RQD % 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID 10 20 30 40		CONTINUITIES ESCRIPTION	SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	OSO	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL DESC			ELEVATION (m)
0									TOPSOIL, black, organic	s and	rootlets	Ĭ
			67.7				CI		CLAY grey to brown, silty			-625
-1 - - - - - - - - - -	/			-CPEN = SPT N =			CI		-stiff, occasional silt lamin	nae		-624
(GLB							CI					- - - - - - -
ARY-ROCK - VW				-CPEN =	120kPa				-grey, sandy			- 623
LIBR				nato i m	ina pia s							<u>C</u>)
AB. GDT 7/21/16-REGULAR				-SO ₄ = 0 -CPEN = SPT N =	: 72kPa		CI		-firm, very silty			- - -622
BOREHOLE LOG 10298-ROCK.GPJ THRBR_AB.GDT 7/21/16- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK - VW.GLB	/			-SPT N =	= 8		CI		-stiff, occasional oxides, sand layer		S 8 8	- - - - - - - - -
HOLE HOLE									GED BY: NR		LETION DEPTH: 25.9 m	
ORE									BY: SEC BY: HER	COMP	LETION DATE: 4/19/16	e 1 of 6
0			THURBER ENGINEERING LT	W.:			INTAL	LITLU	or that		ı ay	. 01 0

CLIEN	IT: E	DIALO	G		PROJECT: Groat Roa	d River	Bridge	Rehat	ilitiation & Associated Road V	Vork	BOREHOLE NO: TH16	-2
			PANY: Garritty & Baker		DATE DRILLED: April	19, 20	16				PROJECT NO: 10298	
			: Wet Rotary / Coring	_	LOCATION: N5933991	A CONTRACTOR	10000	21			ELEVATION: 625.92 (n	n)
SAME			GRAB SAMPLE	SPT	SHE	LBY TU	BE		CORE			
BACK	FILL	TYPE	BENTONITE	SANE				,	·			-
DEPTH (m)	SAMPLE TYPE	RQD/REC	20 40 60 80 ■ RQD % ■ 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID 10 20 30 40		CONTINUITIES ESCRIPTION	SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	OSC	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL DESC			ELEVATION (m)
-6 -7				-SPT N =	= 78		GP		GRAVEL, grey, medium occasional coal specks -very dense, occasional s			-620
LIBRARY-ROOK - VW. GLB	7			-SPT N =	= 90 for 180mm	<u></u>	GP	さななら	50 27 1.			-618
BOREHOLE LOG 10299-ROCK GPJ THRBR AB GDT 7/21/16- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK - VW GLB 1				-Gravel = Fines =	= 54.9%, Sand = 34.0% 11.1%		GP	77				-617 -616
JOLE	ب	,				(0 1,12); ·	FIEL	D LOG	GED BY: NR	COMF	PLETION DEPTH: 25.9 m	
REH									BY: SEC	COMP	PLETION DATE: 4/19/16	50 19500
BO	THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.							EWED	BY: HER		Page	e 2 of 6

CLIENT: DIALOG	PROJECT: Groat Road River Brid	dge Rehab	ilitiation & Associated Road V	Vork	BOREHOLE NO: TH16-2	2
DRILLING COMPANY: Garritty & Baker	DATE DRILLED: April 19, 2016				PROJECT NO: 10298	
DRILL/METHOD: Wet Rotary / Coring	LOCATION: N5933991.67, E3065	66.47			ELEVATION: 625.92 (m))
SAMPLE TYPE GRAB SAMPLE SPT	SHELBY TUBE		CORE			
BACKFILL TYPE BENTONITE SAN	D	21-30				
	CONTINUITIES ESCRIPTION	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL DESC			ELEVATION (m)
-11 - SO ₄ = 0	0.02% > 215kPa C	H III	GRAVEL - CONTINUED CLAY SHALE very hard, grey, occasion		l specks	- - - - - 615
-12 -Rubble - Joint al planar,	oring at 11.88m		-extremely weak, fresh, to	race si	Itstone inclusions	- -614 - -
-Core b	reak at 12.61m 12.80m at 80° TCA, rough m: nit weight = 21.2KN/m³ 50kPa 12.96m at 85° TCA,		-bentonitic laminations frogreen, silty -light brown from 12.76 -			613
-14 Joint al	13.93m at 70° TCA 14.00m at 80° TCA ed / jointed from 14.11 - and 14.53 - 15.71m 14.44m at 80° TCA		SILTSTONE AND CLAY extremely weak, fresh	SHALI	E INTERBEDDED,	- -612 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
15 🔳 📗	NEG.	HELD LOCG	GED BY: NR	COMPI	LETION DEPTH: 25.9 m	011
		REPARED	ALCO MANAGEMENT AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF		LETION DATE: 4/19/16	
THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.	R	REVIEWED	BY: HER			3 of

CLIEN	T: C	IALOC)		PROJECT: Groat Roa	d River	Bridge	Rehat	oilitiation & Associated Road V	Vork	BOREHOLE NO: TH16-2	2
DRILL	ING	COMP	ANY: Garritty & Baker		DATE DRILLED: April	19, 201	6				PROJECT NO: 10298	
DRILL	/ME	THOD:	Wet Rotary / Coring		LOCATION: N5933991	.67, E3	0656.4	7			ELEVATION: 625.92 (m))
SAMP	LE T	YPE	GRAB SAMPLE	SPT	SHE	LBY TUE	Ε		CORE			
BACK	FILL	TYPE	BENTONITE	SAND	M <mark>C</mark>							
DEPTH (m)	(®) ARECOVERY % ▲ 20 40 60 80 ■ RQD % ■ 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID			CONTINUITIES ESCRIPTION	SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	OSC	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL DESC			ELEVATION (m)	
15				-Core bre 15.68m, 16.44m -At 15.8n	it weight = 21.4KN/m ³				CLAY SHALE, extremely siltstone / sandstone included and statement of sandstone included and sandstone included and sandstone included and sandstone sandstone included and sandstone sandstone included and s	usions ne grai	and siltstone clasts	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		63/96		-Joint at 16.58m at 80° TCA, planar, smooth -Joint at 16.78m at 70° TCA, curved, rough -Rubble from 16.92 - 16.98m -Joint at 17.06m at 70° TCA, curved, smooth -Joint at 17.17m at 80° TCA, planar, smooth -Core break at 17.29m -Joint at 17.35m at 70° TCA, curved, smooth -Rubble from 17.35 - 17.53m -Core break at 17.59m -Fractured from 17.70 - 17.85m					COAL extremely weak, fresh CLAY SHALE, very weak, fresh, highly carbonaceous, some coal trace bentonite lenses		n, highly	-609
BOREHOLE LOG 10298-ROCK GPJ THRBR_AB.GDT 7/21/16- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK - VW.GLB 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		74/97		18.50m, a TCA At 18.6n Bulk uni Cu = 160 Joint at irregular, Joint at curved, s Joint at a planar, si Core bre	it weight = 21.5KN/m³ 61kPa 18.91m at 70° TCA, rough 18.98m at 80° TCA, mooth 19.23m at 80° TCA, mooth eaks at 19.47m,				-brown, trace coal inclusion - Siltstone, very weak, free -grey, trace siltstone class	sh, cen	nented	-608 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
REHOLE LOG 10298-ROCK.		ामार्ग			19.89m, and 20.22m		PREF	PARED	19.47 - 20.50m GED BY: NR 0 BY: SEC	COMP	LETION DEPTH; 25.9 m LETION DATE; 4/19/16	-606
BO			THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.				REVI	EWED	BY: HER		Page	4 of 6

CLIEN	T: DIALO	OG		PROJECT: Groat Road	d River	Bridge	Rehat	oilitiation & Associated Road V	Vork	BOREHOLE NO: TH16-	2
DRILLI	NG COM	PANY: Garritty & Baker		DATE DRILLED: April	19, 201	6				PROJECT NO: 10298	
DRILL/	METHO): Wet Rotary / Coring		LOCATION: N5933991	.67, E3	0656.47				ELEVATION: 625.92 (m)
SAMPL	E TYPE	GRAB SAMPLE	SPT	SHE	LBY TUE	ΙE		CORE			N.
BACKF	ILL TYP	E BENTONITE	SANE), i							
DEPTH (m)	CEPTH (m) CEP		DISCONTINUITIES DESCRIPTION		nsc	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL DESC			ELEVATION (m)	
20			curved, r -Joint at a curved, s -Joint at a curved, s -Core bre -Joint at a curved, s -Joints at	20.47m at 50° TCA, smooth eak at 20.60m 20.84m at 80° TCA,			1	Siltstone, medium strong -trace siltstone and coal	ı, fresh		605
- - -22 - -	61/98		21.98m -Joint at 2 curved, s -Joint at 2 curved, s -Joints fn 10° TCA -Joint at 2 planar, ro	21.93m at 40° TCA, mooth om 21.98 - 22.15m at , irregular, rough 22.16m at 80° TCA,				-carbonaceous -highly carbonaceous fro	m 21.9	98 - 22.15m	-604
-23 -24 -25			15° TCA Joint at a curved, s Joints fre 25° TCA Core bre Joint at a undulating Joint at a planar, se Core bre Joint at a planar, se Joint at a planar, se	, closed 22.33m at 60° TCA, smooth om 22.37 - 22.52m at , curved, smooth eak at 22.60m 22.64m at 60° TCA, gg, smooth 23.20m at 80° TCA, mooth eak at 23.25m 23.52m at 80° TCA,				Sandstone very weak, fresh, fine gra inclusions and clay shale			-603
			-Joint at	ougn 23.89m at 80° TCA				SANDSTONE very weak, fresh, fine gra coal laminations -trace siltstone inclusions			- -602 -
			-Joint at	eak at 24.27m 24.63m at 85° TCA,				-calcareous from 24.27 -			5: 5: 2:
1050			planar, si -Joint at :	mootn 24.84m at 70° TCA,							-
25			curved, r								-601
2		<u></u>			9:		-	GED BY: NR		LETION DEPTH: 25.9 m	-20
S						-		BY: SEC BY: HER	COMP	LETION DATE: 4/19/16	E of
4		THURBER ENGINEERING LTD	l			KEVI	ANED	DI. TIEN		rage	5 of

		DIALO									Rehal	pilitiation & Associated Road W	/ork	BOREHOLE NO: TH16-	2
2.1111111111111111111111111111111111111			ANY: G			į		DATE DRILLED: April			2			PROJECT NO: 10298	•
			Wet Ro	10000	7			LOCATION: N593399	The state of the s	-	1	ALL GROUPS		ELEVATION: 625.92 (m	1)
		TYPE L TYPE			RAB SA			SPT SHE	LBY TUE	3E	Щ	CORE			
DEPTH (m)	SAMPLE TYPE	RQD/REC		▲ RECC 40 ■ R0 40		6 ▲ 80)	DISCONTINUITIES DESCRIPTION	SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	nsc	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL DESC			A MOEAN
25		63/81				6-44		-Joints from 24.99 - 25.12m at 5° TCA, closed -Fractured / jointed from 25.12 - 25.22m -Joint at 25.56m at 40° TCA, curved, smooth				-medium strong, cemente \25.12m CLAY SHALE, very weak -cemented siltstone clast	, fresl		
-26		3										END OF TEST HOLE AT UPON COMPLETION: Standpipe piezometer ins WATER LEVEL BELOW -May 3, 2016 = 7.9m -May 18, 2016 = 8.4m	stalled		- 60
-27															- 5
28															
29															
30	Щ	Ļ	3 1	4 3		1 8	4		Į.	FIFI) I OG	GED BY: NR	COMP	PLETION DEPTH: 25.9 m	- 1
												BY: SEC		PLETION DATE: 4/19/16	_
				THUR	BER ENC	INICEDIA	ie im	D.				BY: HER		Page	6



WALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT EDMONTON, ALBERTA GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

Report

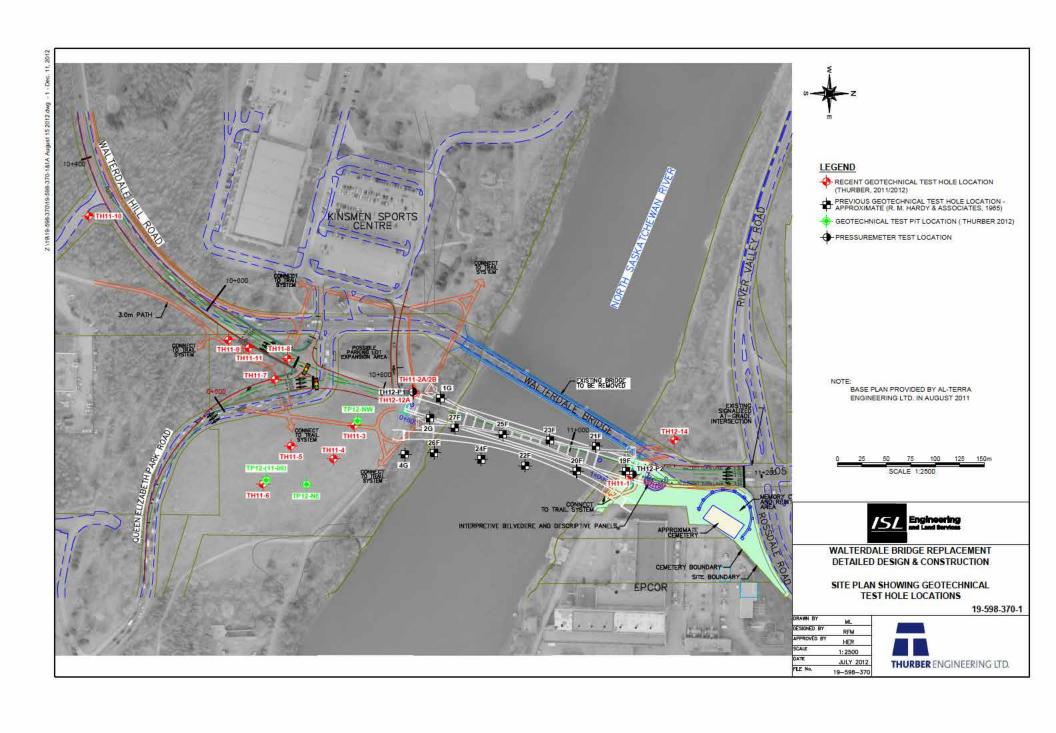
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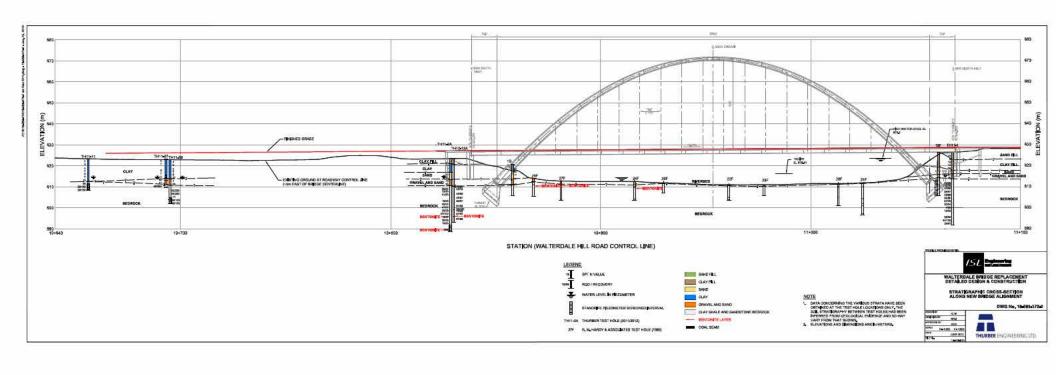
ISL Engineering and Land Services

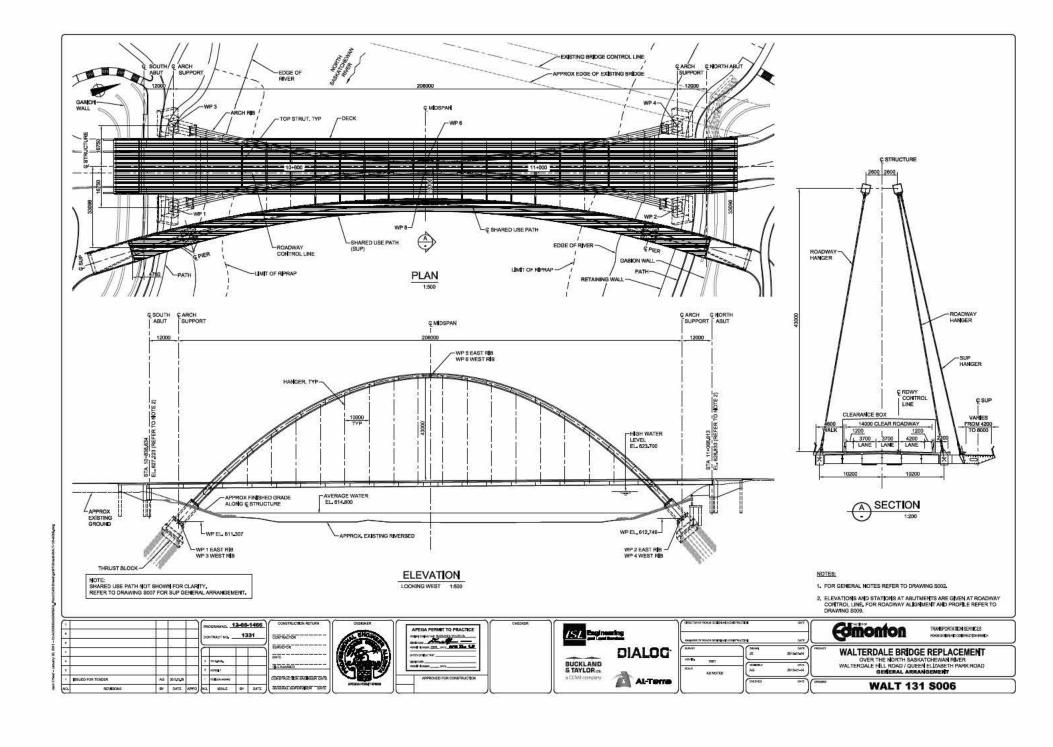
Xiaobo Wang, Ph.D., P.Eng. Senior Project Engineer

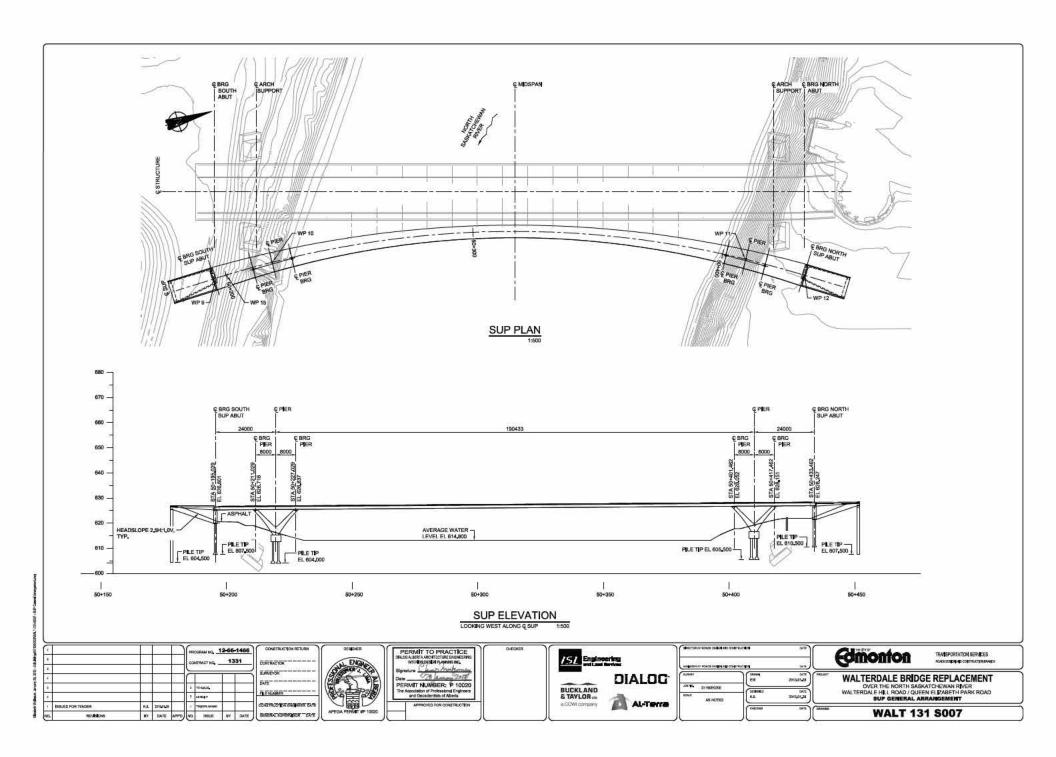
Hassan El-Ramly, P.Eng., Ph.D. Review Principal

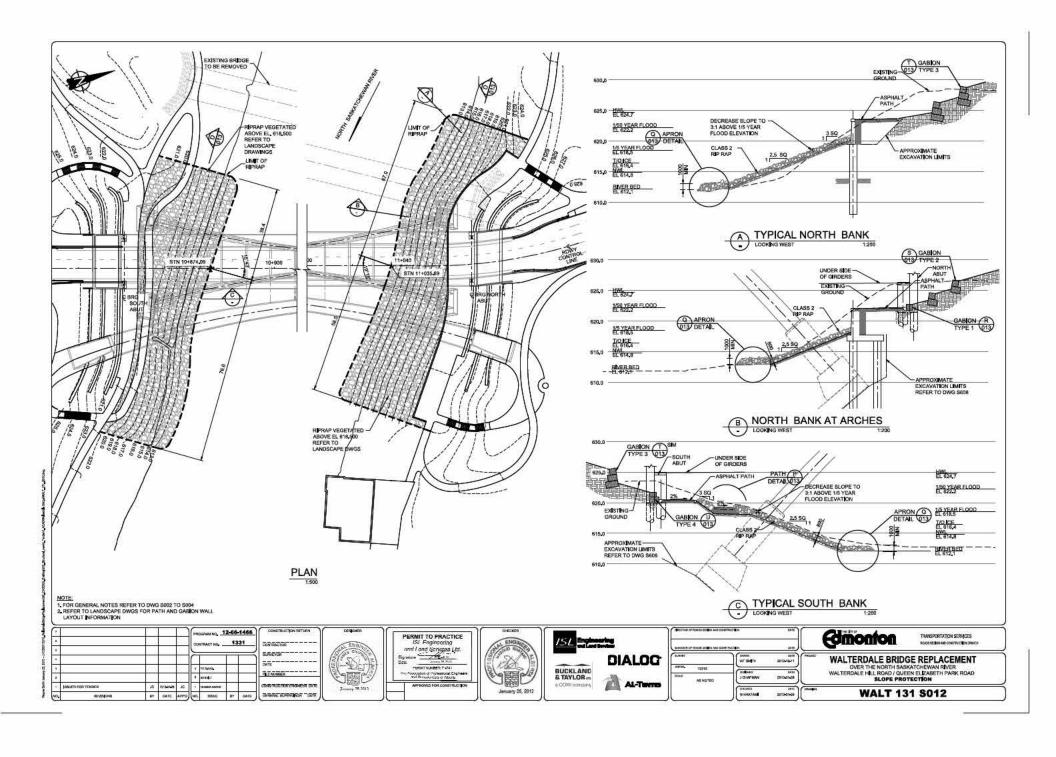
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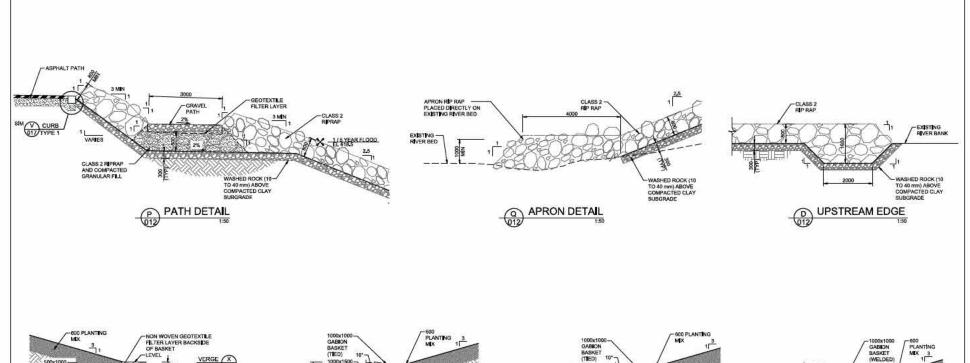


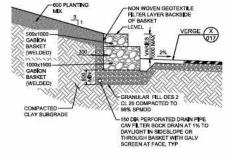




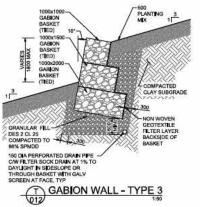


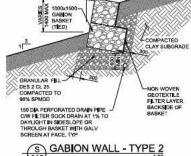




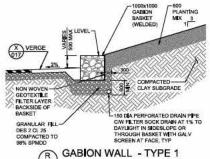








S GABION WALL - TYPE 2



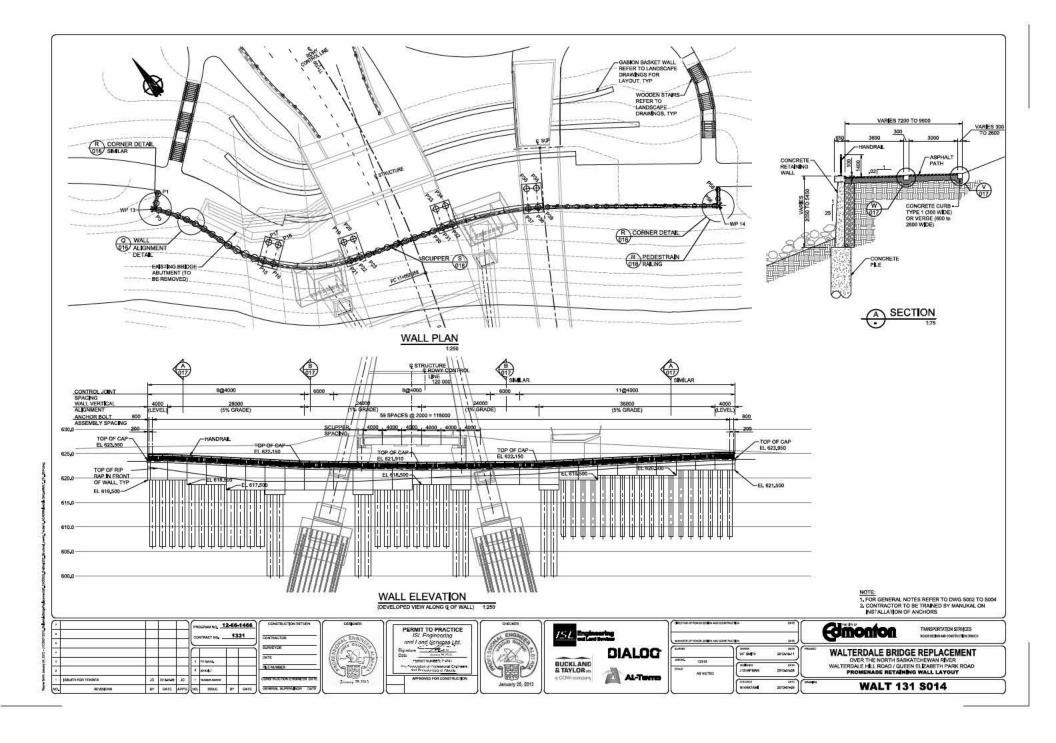
R 012

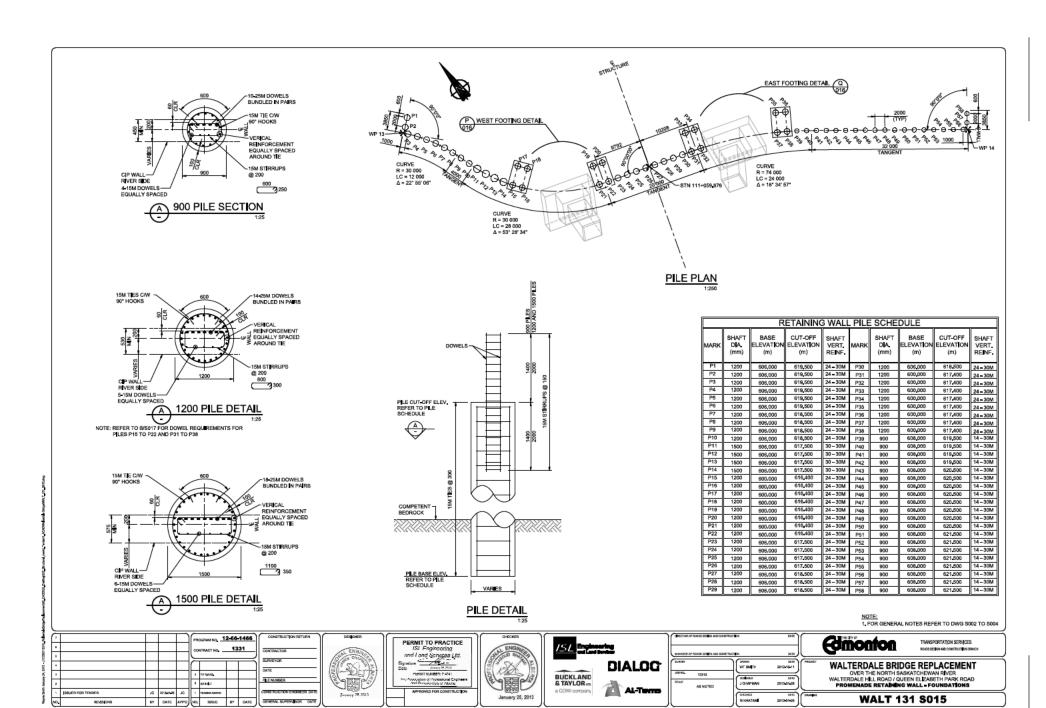
NOTE
1, FOR GENERAL NOTES REFER TO DWG 5002 TO 5004
2, REFER TO LANDSCAPE DWGS FOR INFORMATION ON GABION BASKET
ROCK FILL

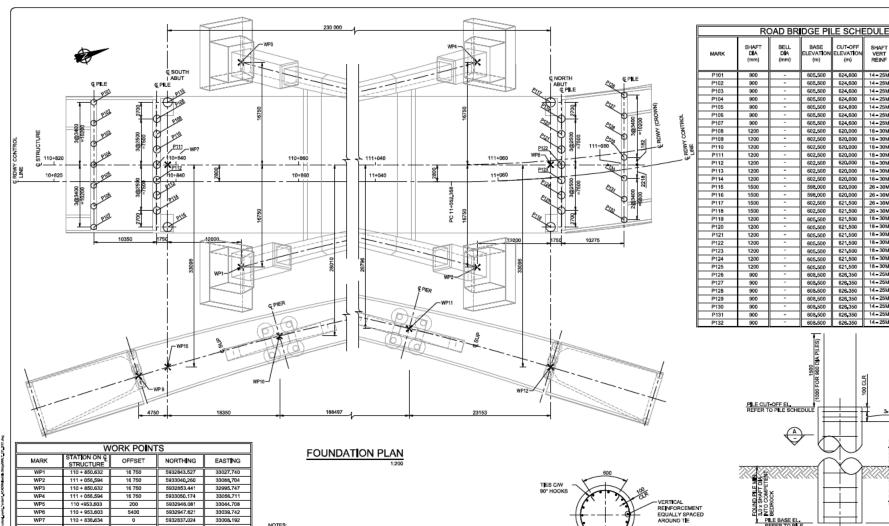
REFER TO	LANDSCAPE	DWGS	FOR	PLANTING	ME
FOR OROA	MC MIN BLC	I AV OI	non	ADE	165

									REFER TO LANDSCAPE DWGS FOR PLAN FOR ORGANIC MIX IN CLAY SUBGRADE		S
T T	PROGRAM NO. 12-66-1466	CONSTRUCTION RETURN	CESSONER	PERMIT TO PRACTICE	O-BOKER	Y	Sections of source souline was constituted fine	twit)	CHIERTON AND A	TOWNSDADASTATION SEDIMATES	_

	ONTRACT NO. 1331	CONTRACTOR	JAL ENGINE	PERMIT TO PRACTICE ISI Engineering and Land Services Ltd.	AND FOR THE	IST Engineering	WHEN COURS OF TICKOR DOMESTIC AND	овтыпри	эн.		TRANSPORTATION SERVICES MARIEMAN HOLDONITATION SERVICES
		SURVEYOR DATE	22.	Signature		DIALOG	SURVEY	WT SMETH	2012-10-11	PROMET	WALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT OVER THE NORTH SASKATCHEWAN RIVER
	1 armet	FLENUMER	心菌沙	The Posteration of Professional Engineers and Personalists of Attenta		S TAYLOR OF AL-TERTS	COAR AS NOTED	Tomban	2013-01-26		WALTERDALE HILL ROAD / QUEEN ELIZABETH PARK ROAD SLOPE PROTECTION DETAILS
NO SEMESONS BY DATE WAS INTERPRETABLES NO SAFETY NO.	D NO. BELL BY DATE	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER DATE ON THE PROPERTY OF	January 28, 2013	APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION	Jenuary 25, 2013	# COM CONDUM][WINHATAM	2213-01-28	Cumded	WALT 131 S013







	R	DAD BR	DGE PI	LE SCHI	DULE	
MARK	SHAFT DIA (mm)	BELL D I A (mm)	BASE ELEVATION (m)	CUT-OFF ELEVATION (m)	SHAFT VERT REINF	TIES
P101	900	-	605,500	624,600	14 - 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P102	900	-	605,500	624,600	14 - 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P103	900	-	605,500	624,600	14-25M	15M TIES @ 300
P104	900	-	605,500	624,600	14 = 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P105	900	-	605,500	624,600	14 = 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P106	900		605,500	624,600	14-25M	15M TIES @ 300
P107	900	-	605,500	624,600	14 - 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P108	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18-30M	15M TIES @ 300
P109	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18-30M	15M TIES @ 300
P110	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P111	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18-30M	15M TIES @ 300
P112	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18-30M	15M TIES @ 300
P113	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P114	1200	-	602,500	620,000	18 - 30M	15M TJES @ 300
P115	1500	-	598,000	620,000	26 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P116	1500	-	598,000	620,000	26 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P117	1500	-	602,500	621,500	26 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P118	1500	-	602,500	621,500	26 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P119	1200	-	605,500	621,500	18-30M	15M TIES @ 300
P120	1200	-	605,500	621,500	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P121	1200	-	605,500	621,500	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P122	1200	-	605,500	621,500	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P123	1200	-	605,500	621,500	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P124	1200	-	605,500	621,500	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P125	1200		605,500	621,500	18 - 30M	15M TIES @ 300
P126	900		608,500	626,350	14 = 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P127	900	-	608,500	626,350	14 - 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P128	900	-	608.500	626.350	14 = 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P129	900		608,500	626,350	14 - 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P130	900		608,500	626,350	14 = 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P131	900	-	608,500	626,350	14 = 25M	15M TIES @ 300
P132	900	-	608.500	626.350	14 - 25M	15M TIES @ 300

1500 FOR 900 DIA PILES) PILE CUT OFF EL. REFER TO PILE SCHEDULE PILE BASE EL. REFER TO PILE SCHEDULE SHAFT DIA REFER TO PILE SCHEDULE

ı	MARK	STRUCTURE	OFFSET	NORTH NG	EAST NG
ı	WP1	110 + 850.632	16 750	5932843.527	33027.740
ı	WP2	111 + 056,594	16 750	5933040,260	33088,704
ı	WP3	110 + 850.632	16 750	5932853.441	32995.747
ı	WP4	111 + 056,594	16 750	5933050.174	33056,711
ı	WP5	110 +953,603	200	5932946.081	33044.708
ı	WP6	110 + 953,603	5400	5932947.621	33039.742
ı	WP7	110 + 838,634	0	5932837.024	33008.192
ı	WP8	111 + 068,591	0	5933056.677	33076.259
ı	WP9	110 + 833,885	34 562	5932822.259	33039,794
ı	WP10	110 + 856,961	28 000	5932846.245	33040.349
ı	WP11	111 + 045-461	26 796	5933026,634	33094.997
ı	WP12	111 + 068,592	33 096	5933046.881	33107.868
П	WP13	111 + 083,399	45 039	5933084-142	33037-655

63 917

33 096

- NOTES:

 1. FOR GENERAL NOTES REFER TO DWG 5002 TO 5004

 1. FOR GENERAL NOTES REFER TO DWG 5002 TO 5004

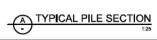
 2. OFFSETS ARE HORIZONTAL DIMENSIONS PERPENDICULAR TO Q STRUCTURE AND ARE REFERENCED TO GROUN,

 3. NORTHINGS AND EASTHOS ARE REFERENCED TO GRID AND SCALED ABOUT THE ORIGIN (0,0)

 3. NORTHINGS AND EASTHOS ARE REFERENCED TO GRID AND SCALED ABOUT THE ORIGIN (0,0)

 5. WP13 AND WP14 AVEL DCATED AT THE ENDS OF PROMENAGE RETAINING WALL (NOT SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING)

 6. REFER TO THE UTILITIES DWGS FOR EXISTING UTILITIES IN THE VICINITY OF THE NEW BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION



STRAIGHT SHAFT PILE DETAIL

,					PRI	OGRAM NO. 1	2-66-	1466
٠					000	NTRACT NO.	13	31
5					Ü			
•								
3					3	то одема,		
2					2	ке виф.т		
٦	ISSUED FOR TENDER	1G	201545-28	1C	1	TENDER ANAPID		
MO.	REVENOVS	BY	DATE	APPO,	NO.	ISSUE	BY	DATE

111 + 039,983 110 + 838,634

WP14

GENERAL SUPERVISOR DATE

5933015.214 33130.297

33039,799

5932827.230









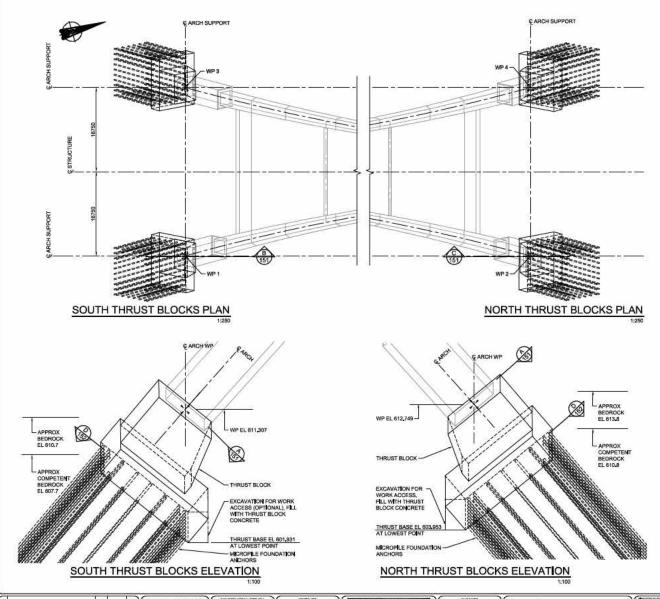
MANAGER OF ROADS DESIGN A		DKT
SURVEY .	STAN WT SMITH	2012-10-1
JOB NO. 13310	(TORNED	2012/1921
AS NOTED	J CHWPWWN	2013-01-20

TRANSPOR

ON AND CONSTRUCTION SHANCH

WALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT OVER THE NORTH SASKATCHEWAN RIVER
WALTERDALE HILL ROAD / QUEEN ELIZABETH PARK ROAD
FOUNDATION LAYOUT - ROAD BRIDGE

WALT 131 S101



CASE/LOAD	P [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]
SERVICE DEAD LOAD - NE	32 100	400	3 100
SERVICE DEAD LOAD -SW	29 400	-26 200	-14 200
SERVICE (SLS 1) - SW Mx MAX	34 100	-121 500	-38 900
SERVICE (SLS 1) - NE Mx MAX.	36 000	85 900	-17 100
SERVICE (SLS 1) - SW My MAX	37 400	-113 700	-53 800
ULTIMATE (ULS 3) - SW Mx MAX	44 900	-191 500	-66 300
ULT MATE (ULS 3) - SW My MAX	46 200	-117 900	-81 100
ULTMATE (ULS 3) - NE Mx MAX	47 900	159 200	-35 600
ULTIMATE (ULS 4) - NE P MAX	50 200	47.100	-29 600



LOOKING ALONG BRIDGE CENTRELINE

LOOKING AT BRIDGE IN ELEVATION

LOAD SIGN CONVENTION - ARROWS DENOTE POSITIVE LOAD AND BENDING DIRECTIONS

THRUST BLOCK CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- REFER TO DRAWINGS \$805 TO \$806 FOR THRUST BLOCK EXCAVATION CONCEPTUAL DESIGN.
- AS EXCAVATIONS PROCEEDS, PLACE SHOTCRETE MUD SLAB ON SLOPED SURFACE FOR THE ARCH SUPPORT LEG.
- PLACE SHOTCRETE WALL TO SUPPORT THE NEAR VERTICAL FACE OF THE THRUST BLOCK EXCAVATION AS BEDROCK IS REMOVED. SUPPORT EXCAVATION WITH GROUND ANCHORS WHERE REQUIRED.
- EXERCISE EXTREME CARE DURING EXCAVATION TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE OF BEDROCK AT THE THRUST BLOCK BASE, EXCAVATE ONLY UNDER SUPERVISION OF THE GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANT: SUB-EXCAVATE ANY MATERIAL DEFINED TO BE UNACCEPTABLE BY THE GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANT.
- PLACE SHOTCRETE MUD SLAB IMMEDIATELY AFTER COMPLETING THRUST BLOCK BASE EXCAVATION TO PROTECT EXPOSED BEDROCK FROM DEGRADATION AS A RESULT OF EXPOSURE TO THE ELEMENTS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, FILL ANY OVER-EXCAVATED AREAS WITH SHOTCRETE.
- EXCAVATE NO MORE THAN 1.5m VERTICALLY BELOW ANY ROW OF MICROPILE FOUNDATION ANCHORS BEFORE INSTALLING THE ANCHORS AT THAT LEVEL. ANCHOR GROUT SHALL HAVE A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 25 MPII BEFORE FURTHER EXCAVATION RESUMES.
- INSTALL MICROPILE FOUNDATION ANCHORS INCLUDING THREADED BAR, GROUT, CENTRALIZERS, ANCHOR PLATES, AND NUTS, MICROPILES SHALL BE PRESSURE POST-GROUTED, REFER TO MICROPILE FOUNDATION ANCHOR NOTES, LAYOUT, AND DETAILS ON SHEET \$152.
- PERFORM STATIC LOAD TESTING ON TWO ANCHORS (ONE ANCHOR AT THE NORTH BANK AND ONE AT THE SOUTH BANK) TO CONFIRM ANCHOR STRENGTH AND DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS.
- PRIOR TO CASTING THRUST BLOCK CONCRETE, SUBMIT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION JOINT LOCATIONS TO CONSULTANT FOR ACCEPTANCE.
- AFTER CASTING CONCRETE, BACKFILL VOIDS TO THE TOP OF THE THRUST BLOCK WITH GRANULAR MATERIAL OR LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTIC CLAY FILL COMPACT BACKFILL TO AT LEAST 1986 OF STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY, FILL SHALL BE FREE OF ORGANICS, ROCKS, ICE, SHOW, LARGE OR FROZEN LUMPS, AND OTHER UNSUITABLE WATERIAL.

10.CAST ARCH SUPPORT LEG ON SHOTCRETE MUD SLAB.

11 BACKER I ARCHIND THE ARCH SUPPORT LEG TO THE FINAL HEADSLOPE GRADE WITH LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTIC CLAY FILL COMPACT BACKFILL TO AT LEAST 98% OF STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY, FILL SHALL BE FREE OF ORGANICS, ROCKS, ICE, SNOW, LARGE OR FROZEN LUMPS, AND OTHER

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NO.	REVESIONS	tre	DATE	APPD,	40.	ISSUE	BY	DATE	CHARLES STREET, SOR TOATS

CONTRACTOR BURVEYOR CONSTRUCTION WASHING DATE









BUCKLAND & TAYLOR.



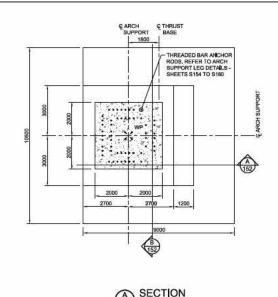
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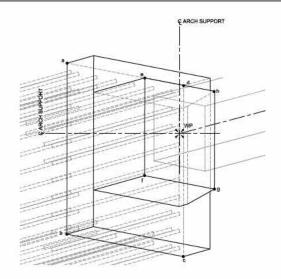
BRIDGE REPLACEMENT OVER THE NORTH SASKATCHEWAN RIVER
WALTERDALE HILL ROAD / QUEEN ELIZABETH PARK ROAD
THRUST BLOCK LAYOUT

WALT 131 S150

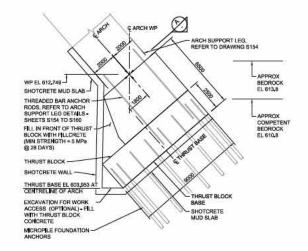


ARCH SUPPORT LEG, REFER -TO DRAWING \$154 & ARCH WP WP EL 611,307 BEDROCK EL 610.7 SHOTCRETE MUD SLAB THREADED BAR ANCHOR RODS, REFER TO ARCH SUPPORT LEG DETAILS APPROX COMPETENT BEDROCK EL 607.7 T SHEETS \$154 TO \$160 FILL IN FRONT OF THRUST BLOCK WITH FILLCRETE (MIN STRENGTH = 5 MPa @ THRUST BLOCK -THRUST BLOCK SHOTCRETE -SHOTCRETE WALL THRUST BASE EL 601,931 AT CENTRELINE OF ARCH EXCAVATION FOR WORK ACCESS (OPTIONAL) - FILL WITH THRUST BLOCK CONCRETE





TYPICAL THRUST BLOCK BASE LAYOUT PLAN



CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS - ELEVATIONS AND GLOBAL
COORDINATES

LEG	WORKPOINT	ELEVATION (m)	X (m)	Y (m)
	WP 1	611,307	0,000	-16,750
	- 4	608_710	6.712	-12,549
- 02	b	606,263	6.729	-22,760
SOUTHEAST	c	600,709	0.225	-24.103
뿔	d	603_156	0.242	-13,892
9	8	613,672	-2,081	-13.430
*/	14°	612,274	-2,091	-19,265
	9	608_942	2.081	-20.070
	h	610_340	2.091	-14-235
	WP2	612,749	206,000	16,750
	a	608_345	212,240	12.417
- 22	b	610,792	212, 223	-22,628
AST	c c	605_195	205,301	23,958
NORTHEAST	ď	602_748	205,318	-13,747
S.	e	613_729	208,081	-13,434
_	E46	615_127	208,072	-19,268
	g	611_769	203,919	-20,066
	h	610.371	203.928	-14.232
	WP3	611_307	0.000	16,750
	8	608.710	-6.712	12,549
- 50	b	606_263	-6.729	22,759
SOUTHWEST	c	600,709	0.225	24.103
ž	d	603,156	0.242	13,892
20	e	613,672	-2.081	13.430
w)	5 4 6	612_274	2,091	19,265
	g	608_942	2,081	20,070
	h:	610,340	2,091	14,235
9	WP4	812_749	206,000	16,750
		608_345	212,240	12.417
	b	610_792	212,223	22,628
NORTHWEST	c	605_195	205,301	23,958
ž	ď	602_748	205,318	13,747
8	0	e 613_729		13,434
z	745	615_127	208.072	19,268
	g	611.769	203.919	20.066
	h	610,371	203.928	14.232

REFER TO SHEET \$201 FOR GLOBAL COORDINATE SYSTEM.

© NORTH THRUST BLOCKS SECTION

150 VIEWED IN LOCAL PLANE OF ARCH BIRS

-			OGRAM NO1	2-66- 13	CONSTRUCTION RETURN CONTRACTOR SURVEYOR		
			1 2000014				DATE
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NO.	ISSUED FOR TENDER REVERONS			APPD	40.	ISSUE	TV.

CONFRACTOR SURVEYOR DATE FLENDARE COMERTICATION ENGINEER DATE

- MICROPILE FOUNDATION ANCHORS









BUCKLAND

& TAYLOR



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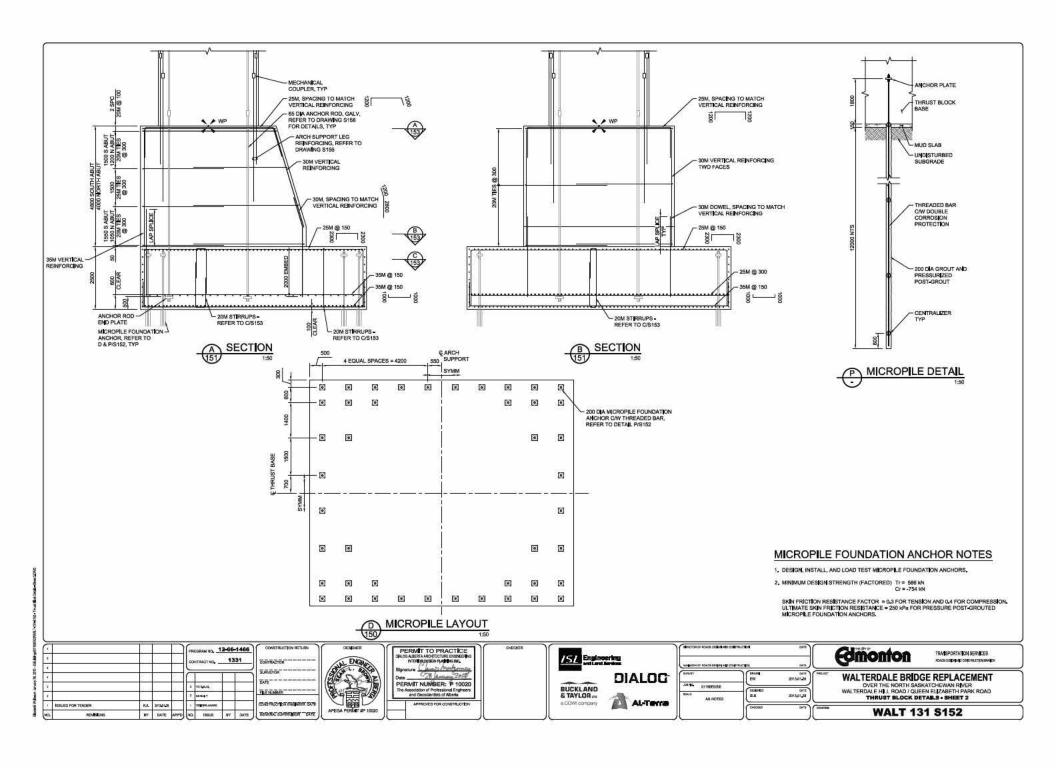
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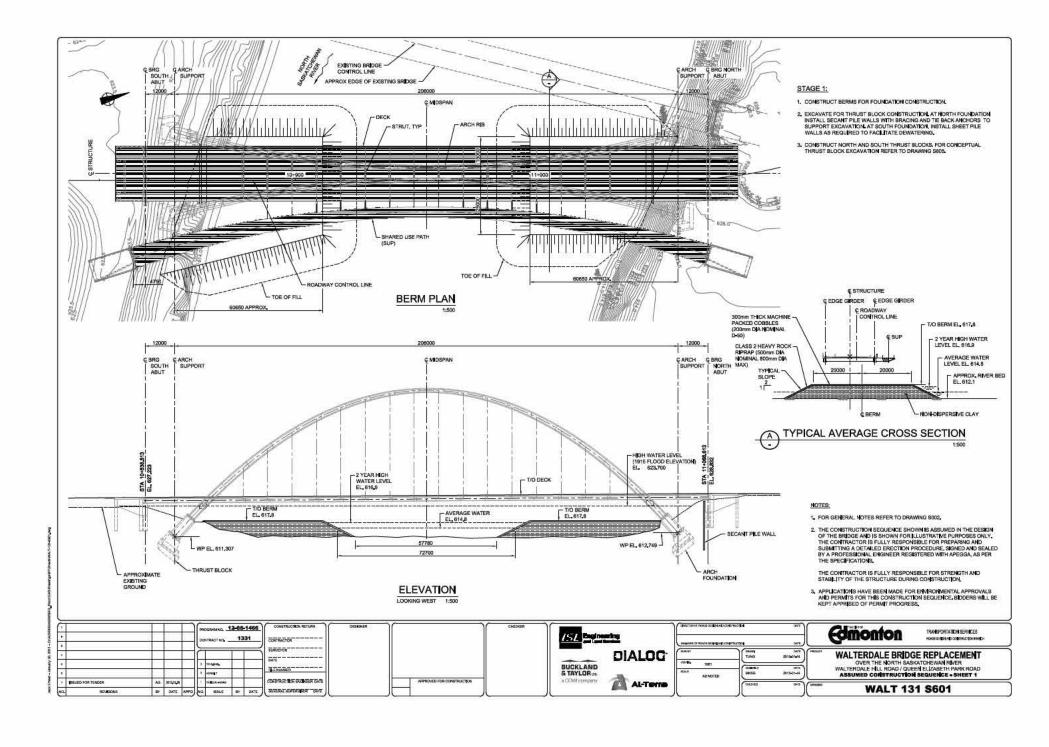
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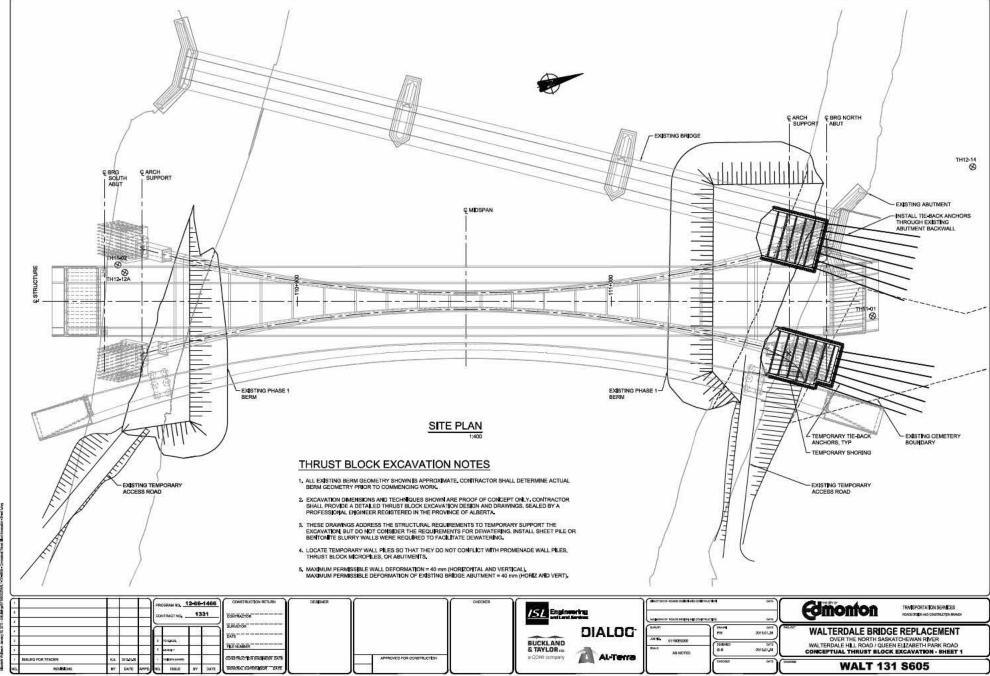
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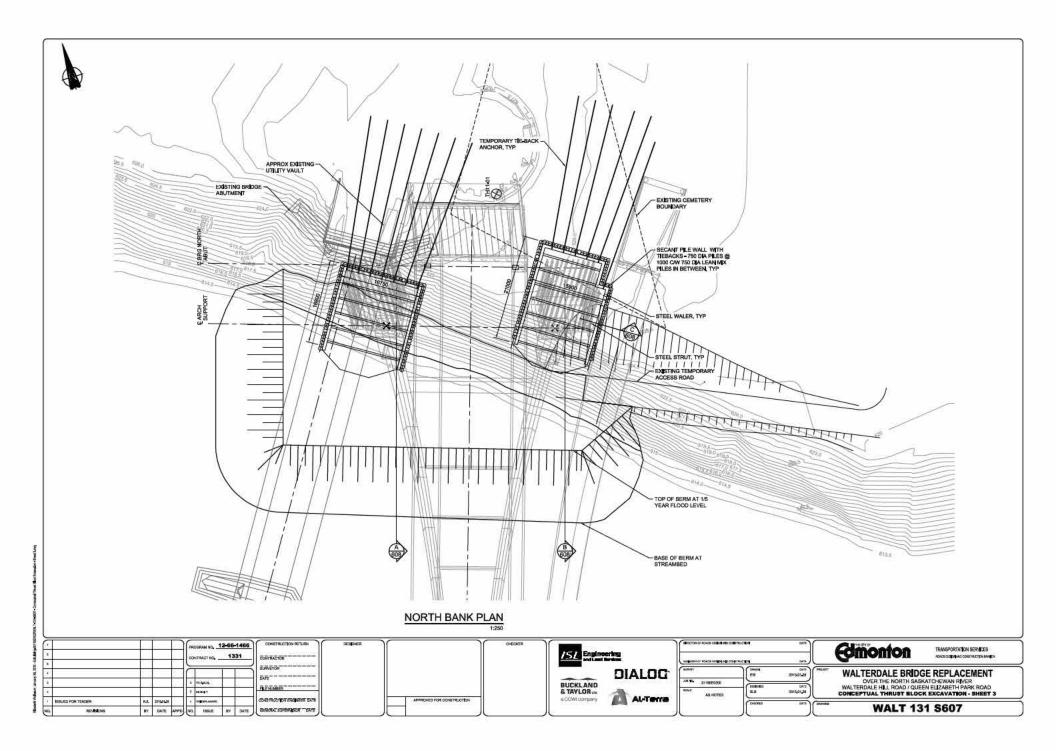
WALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT OVER THE NORTH SASKATCHEWAN RIVER WALTERDALE HILL ROAD / QUEEN ELIZABETH PARK ROAD THRUST BLOCK DETAILS - SHEET 1

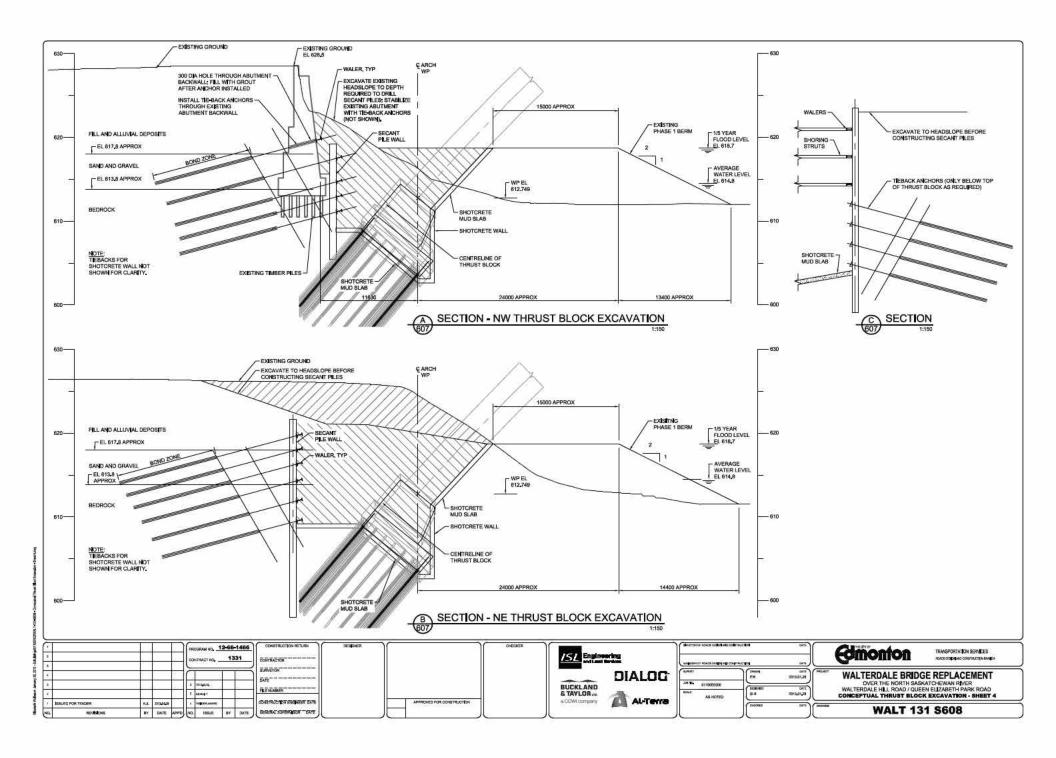
WALT 131 S151





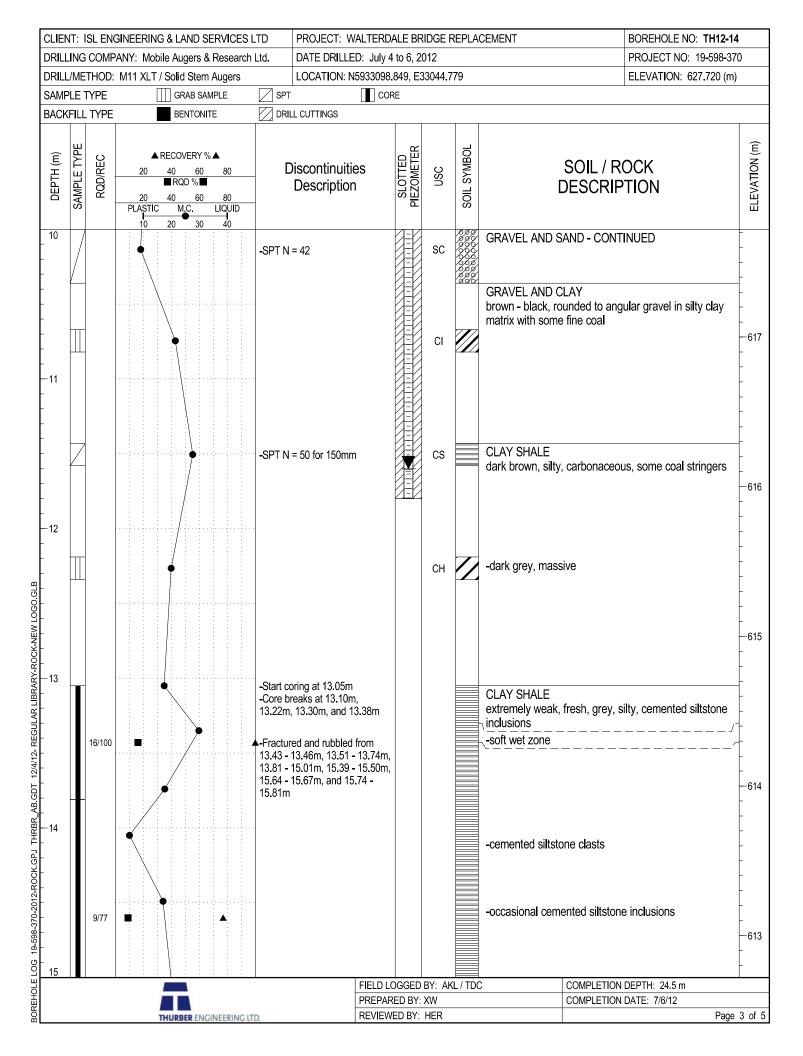






CLIE	NT: I	ISL EN	GINEERING & LAND SERVICES L	TD PRO	JECT: WALTER	RDALE BR	IDGE F	BOREHOLE NO: TH12	? - 14			
DRILI	LING	COMF	PANY: Mobile Augers & Research I	_td. DAT	E DRILLED: Jul	LED: July 4 to 6, 2012 PROJECT NO: 19-598-						
DRIL	L/ME	THOD:	M11 XLT / Solid Stem Augers	LOC	ATION: N593309	98.849, E3	3044.7	79		ELEVATION: 627.720	(m)	
SAME	PLE	TYPE	GRAB SAMPLE	SPT	T c	ORE						
BACK	(FILL	. TYPE	BENTONITE	DRILL CUT	TINGS							
DEPTH (m)	ARECOVERY % ▲ 20 40 60 80 D C C C C C C C			Discontinuities Description		11-		OSC	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL / DESCR	IPTION	ELEVATION (m)
-			•				CI		TOPSOIL AND CLAY (FILL dark brown - black, some s gravel, concrete chunks, as and wood fibers	ilt, trace rootlets, coal,	- - - - - - -	
- 1 - -			•				CI		-dark brown with light brow	n strips	-	
-2							CI		-light brown, silty, trace coa occasional oxides	arse sand and coal,	- - -626 - -	
CK-NEW LOGO.GLB				-SPT N = 13			CL		SILT (FILL) compact, brown, trace fine	sand	- - - - - - -625	
12- REGULAR LIBRARY-RO			•				CL		SILT compact, brown, fine sandy	/, some coal inclusions	-	
BOREHOLE LOG 19-598-370-2012-ROCK.GPJ THRBR_AB.GDT 12/4/12- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK-NEW			•	-SPT N = 14			CL				- -624 - - - - - -	
CG 19-598-370-2012-1			•				CL				- - -623	
- JOLE						LOGGED		L/TD0		ON DEPTH: 24.5 m		
쮜						ARED BY:			COMPLETI	ON DATE: 7/6/12		
8			THURBER ENGINEERING LTD).	REVIE	WED BY:	HER			Page 1 of 5		

CLIE									ALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BOREHOL					
DRII	LING	COMF	PANY: Mo	bile Augers & Research	Ltd.	DATE DRILLE	D: July 4	to 6, 20	PROJECT NO: 19-598-3	ROJECT NO: 19-598-370				
DRII	L/ME	THOD	M11 XLT	/ Solid Stem Augers		LOCATION: N	N5933098.849, E33044.779 ELEVATION: 627.720							
SAM	1PLE	TYPE		GRAB SAMPLE	SPT		COR	E						
BAC	KFILI	L TYPE		BENTONITE	DRII	LL CUTTINGS								
DEPTH (m)	ARECOVERY % ▲ 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID 10 20 30 40				Discontinuition Description	es 1	SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	OSC	SOIL SYMBOL	SOIL / ROCK DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)			
5		7	•		-SPT N	= 15			ML		-trace fine sand and iron stained inclusions -some gravel from 5.79 - 6.25m	-622		
-6 - - - -			•						CL			- - - -		
7 7 		7	•		-SPT N	= 19			ML			- -621 - - - -		
RY-ROCK-NEW LOG			•						ML			-620 -		
BOREHOLE LOG 19-598-370-2012-ROCK.GPJ THRBR_AB.GDT 12/4/12- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK-NEW LOGO.GLB C		/			-SPT N	= 23			SC	8880000 8880000 8880000 8880000	SAND, compact, brown - black, medium to fine grained, silty, occasional fine gravel	- - - - - - - -619		
112-ROCK.GPJ THRBR_AB									OL		SILT brown, some black fine coal and rounded gravel	- - - -		
E LOG 19-598-370-20		7								<u>888</u>	GRAVEL AND SAND dense, grey - brown, medium to fine rounded gravel, silty sand, trace coal flecks	- - -618 - -		
빌							FIELD LO			L / TDC				
ORE					TD.		PREPARE REVIEWE				COMPLETION DATE: 7/6/12	a 2 of E		
<u>س</u> ل				THURBER ENGINEERING L	D.		LCAICAR	ום ט.	HEK		Pag	e 2 of 5		



CLIE	NT:	ISL EN	GINEERIN	G & LAND SERVICE	SLTD	PROJECT: W	ECT: WALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BOREHOLE NO:						BOREHOLE NO: TH12-	-14
DRIL	LINC	G COMF	PANY: Mo	bile Augers & Resea	ch Ltd.	DATE DRILLE	ATE DRILLED: July 4 to 6, 2012 PROJECT NO: 19-598-3						370	
DRIL	L/ME	ETHOD:	M11 XLT	/ Solid Stem Augers		LOCATION: N	15933098.	849, E3	33044.7	79			ELEVATION: 627.720 (I	m)
SAMI	PLE	TYPE		GRAB SAMPLE	SP'	Г	COF	RE						
BAC	(FIL	L TYPE		BENTONITE	DR	ILL CUTTINGS								
DEPTH (m)	SAMPLE TYPE	RQD/REC	A RECOVERY % ▲ 20 40 60 80 ■ RQD % ■ 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID 10 20 30 40			Discontinuitie Description		SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	OSC	SOIL SYMBOL	Γ	SOIL / R DESCRIP		ELEVATION (m)
15										CLAY SHALE - (CONTINUED		-	
- - - - - - - - 16 - - - - -		65/89			undula -Rubbl -Core t 16.01n 16.42n -Fractu 16.52 -	at 15.85m at 50° ting, rough e from 15.85 - 19 n, 16.08m,16.29n n red and rubbled 16.57m oreak at 16.62m	5.92m n, m, and from		CS		-occasional coal	inclusions		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
SRARY-ROCK-NEW LOGO.GLB		38/88			-Joints 40° TC -Rubbl -Core t -Joint a undula	red and rubbled 17.64m from 17.64 - 17. A, irregular, rou e from 17.73 - 1 oreak at 17.90m at 17.96m at 80° ting, rough	.73m at gh 7.79m TCA,				-dark brown, carl -becomes black, inclusions		naceous, some coal	- - - - - - - -610
BOREHOLE LOG 19-598-370-2012-ROCK.GPJ THRBR_AB.GDT 12/4/12- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK-NEW					-Core to 18.07n -Fractu 18.10 - Joint a steppe -Fractu 18.21 - Joint a planar, -Clay in 18.64n -Core to 18.83n -Joint a planar, -Core to 19.19n -Core to 19.19n	oreaks at 18.04n red and rubbled 18.13m at 18.18m at 80° d, smooth red and rubbled 18.25m 18.25m rough filling from 18.5 oreaks at 18.73n	from TCA, from TCA, 8 - n and TCA, n, 9.27m		SI CS SS		18.25m	brown, carbo	entonitic from 18.21 - onaceous, occasional emented	
19-598-					19.44 -	19.49m oreaks at 19.55m			CS					-608
9 20		83/100			19.66n									-+
OF.							FIELD LO			L / TDO	0		DEPTH: 24.5 m	
Ä							PREPAR					COMPLETION		
<u> </u>				THURBER ENGINEERIN	G LTD.		REVIEWED BY: HER						Pag	ge 4 of 5

CLIEN	NT: IS	SL ENC	GINEERING & LAND SERVICES L'	TD	PROJECT: W	NALTERDALE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT BOREHOLE N					BOREHOLE NO: TH12-1	4			
DRIL	ING	COMP	'ANY: Mobile Augers & Research L	_td.	DATE DRILLE	ED: July 4	to 6, 20	012				PROJECT NO: 19-598-37	70		
DRILL	_/MET	HOD:	M11 XLT / Solid Stem Augers		LOCATION: N	15933098.	849, E3	33044.7	79			ELEVATION: 627.720 (m)		
SAME	PLE T	YPE	GRAB SAMPLE	SPT		COR	ιE								
BACK	FILL	TYPE	BENTONITE	DRIL	L CUTTINGS										
DEPTH (m)	SAMPLE TYPE	RQD/REC	A RECOVERY % ▲ 20 40 60 80 RQD % ■ 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID 10 20 30 40				SLOTTED PIEZOMETER	OSC	SOIL SYMBOL		SOIL / RO		ELEVATION (m)		
				19.79Joint at planar, I -Joint at undulati -Fractur 20.25Core bi 20.66m -Joint at irregular -Core bi	19.98m at 75° rough 20.15m at 80° ng, smooth ed and rubbled 20.43m eaks at 20.53m 20.97m at 80°	TCA, TCA, from and TCA,		SS		Sandstone, very CLAY SHALE - 0	CONTINUED	ons	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
SRARY-ROCK-NEW LOGO.GLB		59/97	59/97	59/97		-Joints from 21.64 - 21 50° TCA, undulating, s -Joint at 21.74m at 70° undulating, smooth -Joint at 21.79m at 80° planar, smooth -Core breaks at 21.85r 21.92m, 22.00m, and 2 -Fractured and rubblec 22.18 - 22.24m -Joint at 22.39m at 70° undulating, rough -Joint at 22.46m at 75° undulating, smooth -Core break at 22.51m -Fractured and rubblec 22.65 - 22.89m and 22 23.35m		mooth TCA, TCA, 1, 1,2.12m from TCA, TCA, TCA,		CS		-occasional siltstone -trace coal inclusion			- -606 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
BOREHOLE LOG 19-598-370-2012-ROCK.GPJ THRBR_AB.GDT 12/4/12- REGULAR LIBRARY-ROCK-NEW 7				-Joint at undulati -Core br -Joint at planar, s -Joint at undulati -Core br -Rubble -Joint at irregular -Joint at partially -Core br 24.45m -July 6, -August	23.72m at 80° ng, smooth reak at 23.75m from 23.89 - 20 24.05m at 80° r, rough 24.12m at 60°	TCA, TCA, 3.91m TCA, TCA, and		SS		END OF TEST HUPON COMPLE Standpipe piezor (drilled to 11.8m WATER LEVEL	e inclusions HOLE AT 24.5 TION: meter installed depth) BELOW GRO	d in adjacent test hole	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
JOLE						FIELD LC			L / TD0	0		DEPTH: 24.5 m			
						PREPAR					COMPLETION				
8			THURBER ENGINEERING LTD),		REVIEW	-n Rλ:	HEK				Page	5 of 5		

Location of Additional Retaining Wall West of Legislature Power Plant









